

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT FOR QUARTER ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

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(Incorporated in Malaysia)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2010

(The figures have not been audited)	As At 30-Jun-10 RM'000	As At 31-Mar-10 RM'000 (Restated)
ASSETS		
Non-current assets	440.000	10007
Property, plant and equipment	110,399	108,853
Prepaid lease payments	15,790	15,874
Intangible assets	1,359	1,461
Current assets		
Receivables, deposits and prepayments, including derivatives	40,870	31,031
Inventories	53,243	23,101
Assets classified as held for sale	8,356	8,356
Tax recoverable	263	214
Cash and cash equivalents	14,184	31,580
	116,916	94,282
TOTAL ASSETS	244,464	220,470
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
Share capital	70,881	70,881
Reserves	85,875	83,173
Total equity	156,756	154,054
1		- ,
Non-current liabilities		
Deferred tax liabilities	4,683	4,323
Borrowings	11,854	15,406
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	55,442	34,907
Borrowings	13,938	10,236
Tax payable	1,791	1,544
•	71,171	46,687
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	244,464	220,470
Net assets per share (sen)	221	217

The Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the Audited Financial Report for the financial year ended 31 March 2010. The accompanying notes form an integral part of this interim report.

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

(The figures have not been audited)

		3 months	ended
		30-Jun-10	30-Jun-09
	Note	RM'000	RM'000
			(restated)
Revenue		44,744	45,943
Cost of support services and goods sold		(39,241)	(41,480)
Gross profit		5,503	4,463
Other operating incomes		2,812	1,940
Other operating expenses		(1,421)	(2,332)
Distribution and administrative expenses		(2,845)	(2,768)
Finance costs		(222)	(245)
Profit before taxation		3,827	1,058
Tax expense	_	(831)	(48)
Profit for the period		2,996	1,010
Other comprehensive income, net of tax			
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations		(294)	72
Realisation of profit on transfer of equipments		-	16
Total comprehensive income for the period		2,702	1,098
Profit attributable to:			
Owner of the Company		2,996	1,010
Profit for the period	_	2,996	1,010
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owner of the Company		2,702	1,098
Total comprehensive income for the period	_	2,702	1,098
Earnings per share			
Basic earnings per share (sen)	28_	4.23	1.42

The Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the Audited Financial Report for the year ended 31 March 2010.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this interim report.

LKT INDUSTRIAL BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

(The figures have not been audited)

			Non Distrik	Reserves outable		Distributable	
	Share Capital	Share Premium	Assets Revaluation Reserve	Translation Reserve	Share Option Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total Equity
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
As at 1.4.2009	70,881	6,850	3,282	243	-	41,353	122,609
Total comprehensive income for the period	=	-	-	72	-	1,026	1,098
As at 30.06.2009	70,881	6,850	3,282	315	-	42,379	123,707
As at 1.4.2010, as previously stated - effect of adopting FRS 139	70,881 -	6,850 -	8,238	315	-	67,337 433	153,621 433
As at 1.4.2010, as restated	70,881	6,850	8,238	315	-	67,770	154,054
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-	(294)	-	2,996	2,702
As at 30.06.2010	70,881	6,850	8,238	21	-	70,766	156,756

The Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the Audited Financial Report for the financial year ended 31 March 2010.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this interim report.

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

(The figures have not been audited)

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before taxation 30-Jun-10 RM'000 RM'0 4,260	1,058 2,010
	2,010
Profit hafara tayatian	2,010
Front before taxation 4,200	
Adjustments for:-	
Non-cash items 2,960	
Non-operating items 205	224
Operating profit before working capital changes 7,425	3,292
Net change in current assets (40,779)	(5,988)
Net change in current liabilities 20,780	4,470
Cash generated from operations (12,574)	1,774
Tax paid (264)	(71)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities (12,838)	1,703
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Other investments (4,371)	(7,000)
Net cash used in investing activities (4,371)	(7,000)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Bank borrowings, net of repayment 150	(3,042)
Interest paid (222)	(245)
Net cash used in financing activities (72)	(3,287)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents (17,281)	(8,584)
Effect of foreign exchange fluctuations (115)	17
Cash and cash equivalents brought forward 31,580	24,760
Cash and cash equivalents carried forward 14,184	16,193
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial period comprise the following:	
Cash and bank balances 12,326	9,609
Deposits with licensed banks 1,858	6,584
14,184	16,193

The Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the Audited Financial Report for the year ended 31 March 2010.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this interim report.

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Unaudited Interim Financial Report 30 June 2010

Company No: 298188 A

LKT INDUSTRIAL BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

(The figures have not been audited)

1. Basis of preparation

The condensed consolidated interim financial report is unaudited and has been prepared in accordance with FRS 134, Interim Financial Reporting and applicable disclosure provisions of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The interim financial report should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2010. These explanatory notes attached to the condensed consolidated interim financial report provide an explanation of the events and transactions that are significant to the understanding of the changes in the financial position and performance of the Group since the financial year ended 31 March 2010.

2. Significant accounting policies

Except as described below, the accounting policies applied by the Group in these condensed consolidated interim financial report are the same as those applied by the Group in its consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 March 2010.

(i) FRS 139, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement

The adoption of FRS 139 has resulted in changes to accounting policies relating to recognition and measurement of financial instruments and the new accounting policies are as follows:

I) Initial recognition and measurement

A financial instrument is recognised in the financial statements when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial instrument is recognised initially, at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial instrument not a fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instrument.

II) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement

The Group categories financial instruments as follows:

Financial assets

a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial assets that are held for trading, including derivatives (except for a derivative that is a designated and effective hedging instrument) or financial assets that are specifically designated into this category upon initial recognition.

Derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of unquoted equity instruments whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost.

Other financial assets categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair values with the gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

b) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments category comprises debt instruments that are quoted in an active market and the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity.

Financial assets categorised as held-to-maturity investments are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

c) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables category comprises debt instruments that are not quoted in an active market, trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

Financial assets categorised as loan and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

d) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale category comprises investment in equity and debt securities instruments that are not held for trading.

Investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost. Other financial assets categorised as available-for-sale are subsequently measured at their fair values with the gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses arising from monetary items and gains and losses of hedged items attributable to hedge risks of fair value hedges which are recognised in profit or loss. On derecognition, the cumulative gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity into profit or loss. Interest calculated for a debt instrument using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss.

All financial assets, except for those measured at fair value through profit or loss, are subject to review for impairment.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost other than those categorised as fair value through profit or loss.

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial liabilities that are held for trading, derivatives (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument) or financial liabilities that are specifically designated into this category upon initial recognition.

Derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of unquoted equity instruments whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost.

Other financial liabilities categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair values with the gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

III) Hedge accounting

Fair value hedge

A fair value hedge is a hedge of the exposure to changes in fair value of a recognised asset or liability or an unrecognised firm commitment, or an identified portion of such an asset, liability or firm commitment, that is attributable to a particular risk and could affect the profit or loss.

In a fair value hedge, the gain or loss from remeasuring the hedging instrument at fair value or the foreign currency component of its carrying amount translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the end of the reporting period is recognised in profit and loss. The gain or loss on the hedged item, except for hedge item categorised as available-for-sale, attributable to the hedged risk is adjusted to the carrying amount of the hedged item and recognised in profit or loss. For a hedge item categorised as available-for-sale, the fair value gain or loss attributable to the hedge risk is recognised in profit or loss.

Fair value hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, the hedge is no longer highly effective or the hedge designation is revoked.

Cash flow hedge

A cash flow hedge is a hedge of the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction and could affect the profit or loss. In a cash flow hedge, the portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument that is determined to be an effective hedge is recognised in other comprehensive income and the ineffective portion is recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequently, the cumulative gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity into profit or loss in the same period or periods during which the hedged forecast cash flows affect profit or loss. If the hedge item is a non-financial asset or liability, the associated gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income is removed from equity and included in the initial amount of the asset or liability. However, loss recognised in other comprehensive income that will not be recovered in one or more future periods is reclassified from equity into profit or loss.

Cash flow hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively when the hedging instrument expired or is sold, terminated or exercised, the hedge is no longer highly effective, the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur or the hedge designation is revoked. If the hedge is for a forecast transaction, the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument remains in other comprehensive income until the forecast transaction occurs. When the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, any related cumulative gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income on the hedging instrument is reclassified from equity into profit or loss.

Derivatives

Prior to the adoption of FRS 139, derivative contracts were recognised in the financial statements on settlement date. With the adoption of FRS 139, derivative contracts are now categorised as fair value through profit or loss and measured at their fair values with the gain or loss recognised in the profit or loss other than derivatives designated as hedging instrument which are accounted for in accordance with the hedge accounting requirements as described in the hedge accounting policy as detailed above.

Impairment of trade and other receivables

Prior to the adoption of FRS 139, an allowance for doubtful debts was made when a receivable is considered irrecoverable by the management. With the adoption of FRS 139, an impairment loss is recognised for trade and other receivables and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate.

In accordance with the provisions of FRS 139, the above changes are applied prospectively and the comparatives as at 31 March 2010 are not restated. Instead, the changes have been accounted for by making the following FRS139 adjustments to opening balances in the balance sheet as at 1 April 2010.

As at 1 April 2010 RM'000

Derivative Financial Assets

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(ii) FRS 123, Borrowing Costs

Before 1 January 2010, borrowing costs were all expensed to profit or loss as and when they were incurred. With the adoption of FRS 123, the Group capitalises borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction and production of a qualifying asset as part of the cost of the asset for which the commencement date of capitalisation is on or after 1 January 2010.

The change in accounting policy has been applied prospectively in accordance with the transitional provisions of FRS 123.

Hence, the adoption of FRS 123 does not affect the basic and diluted earnings per ordinary share for prior periods and has no material impact to current period's basic and diluted earnings per ordinary share.

(iii) FRS 8, Operating Segments

As of 1 January 2010, the Group determines and presents operating segments based on the information that internally is provided to the Chief Executive Officer, who is the Group's chief operating decision maker. This change in accounting policy is due to the adoption of FRS 8. Previously operating segments were determined and presented in accordance with FRS 114₂₀₀₄, Segment Reporting.

Comparative segment information has been re-presented. Since the change in accounting policy only impacts presentation and disclosure aspects, there is no impact on earnings per ordinary share.

(iv) FRS 101 (revised), Presentation of Financial Statements

The Group applies revised FRS 101 (revised) which became effective as of 1 January 2010. As a result, the Group presents all non-owner changes in equity in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Comparative information has been re-presented so that it is in conformity with the revised standard. Since the change only affects presentation aspects, there is no impact on earnings per ordinary share.

The Group has not applied the following accounting standards (including its consequential amendments) and Interpretations that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (MASB) but are not yet effective:

		Effective Date	
FRS 1	First-time Adoption of Financial Reporting Standards	1 July 2010	#
FRS 3	Business Combinations	1 July 2010	
FRS 127	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements	1 July 2010	
Amendments to FRS 1	Limited Exemption from Comparative FRS 7	1 January 2011	#
	Disclosures for First-time Adopters		
Amendments to FRS 2	Share-based Payment	1 July 2010	#
Amendments to FRS 5	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued	1 July 2010	#
	Operations		
Amendments to FRS 7	Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments	1 January 2011	
Amendments to FRS 138	Intangible Assets	1 July 2010	#
IC Interpretation 12	Service Concession Arrangements	1 July 2010	#
IC Interpretation 15	Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate	1 July 2010	#
IC Interpretation 16	Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation	1 July 2010	#
IC Interpretation 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners	1 July 2010	#
Amendments to IC	Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives	1 July 2010	
Interpretation 9			

FRSs, Amendments to FRSs and IC Interpretations marked "#" are not applicable to the Group. Hence, no further disclosure is necessary.

The initial application of the other FRSs, Amendments to FRSs and Interpretations is not expected to have any material impact on the financial statements of the Group.

3. Audit opinion

The audit report for the audited financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2010 was not subject to any qualification.

4. Seasonality or cyclical of interim operations

The Group's operation is dependent on the cyclical trend of the electronics and semiconductors industries.

5. Unusual items due to their nature, size or incidence

There were no unusual items affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income, or cash flows during the current quarter and financial period-to-date.

6. Changes in estimates

There were no changes in estimates that have material effect in the current quarter and financial period-to-date.

7. Debt and equity securities

There were no issuances, cancellations, repurchases, resale and repayment of debt and equity securities for the financial period ended 30 June 2010.

8. Dividends paid

No dividend is paid during the current financial period.

9. Operating segments

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's business segments, which is based on the Company's management and internal reporting structure. Inter-segment pricing is determined based on negotiated terms.

	Contract Manufacturing	Precision Engineering	Others	Eliminations	Consolidated
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Revenue					
External sales	32,990	11,017	737	-	44,744
Inter segment sales	484	2,161	-	(2,645)	-
	33,474	13,178	737	(2,645)	44,744
Results Segment result (external)	2,775	2,766	(1,518)	9	4,032
Interest income					17
Finance costs					(222)
Profit before taxation					3,827
Tax expense					(831)
Profit for the period					2,996

10. Property, plant and equipment

The valuations of the property, plant and equipment have been brought forward without any amendments from the previous audited financial statements

Property, plant and equipment amounting to RM4.4 million were acquired during the current period to date (three months ended 30 June 2009: RM9.3 million).

There was no significant disposal of property, plant and equipment during the current period to date (three months ended 30 June 2009: RM Nil).

11. Subsequent events

There were no material events subsequent to the end of the current quarter.

12. Changes in the composition of the Group

There were no changes in the composition of the Group during the current quarter.

13. Contingent liabilities

There is no contingent liability since the last annual balance sheet date.

14. Capital commitments

	30 June 2010	30 June 2009
	RM'000	RM'000
Contracted but not provided for	1,241	16,228

15. Significant related party transaction

Significant transaction with related parties is as follows:

Significant transaction with related parties is as follows:	
	3 months ended
	30 June 2010
	RM'000
Singapore Aerospace Manufacturing Pte Ltd ("SAM"), the Penultimate	
Holding Company	
- Sales of aerospace parts	737

16. Review of performance

The Group's revenue for the quarter was RM44.7 million compared to RM77.2 million in the preceding quarter with a profit before tax of RM3.8 million for the quarter compared to RM12.4 million in the preceding quarter. This was mainly due to a reduction in revenue of 42.1% for the quarter.

17. Variation of results against immediate preceding year's corresponding quarter

The Group's revenue for the quarter was RM44.7 million compared to RM45.9 million in the corresponding quarter of the previous year. The Group achieved a higher profit before tax of RM3.8 million for the quarter which includes one off credits of RM2.4 million. Excluding these one off credits, the profit for the quarter is comparable to the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

18. Current year prospects

Based on the information currently known, the Board of Directors expects the Group's performance to be satisfactory for the financial year ending 31 March 2011.

19. Profit forecast and profit guarantee

No profit forecast or profit guarantee has been issued by the Group.

20. Taxation

	3 months ended		
	30 June 2010 RM'000	30 June 2009 RM'000	
Current period			
- provision for taxation	521	3	
- deferred taxation	359	9	
	880	12	
Prior period			
- (over)/under provision for taxation	(49)	40	
- deferred taxation	-	(4)	
	831	48	

The effective tax rate is lower than the statutory tax rate mainly due to tax incentives enjoyed by certain subsidiaries under the Promotion of Investment Act, 1986 (as amended) and Section 127 of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

21. Unquoted investments and properties

There were no sales of unquoted investments and/or properties for the current quarter and current financial period-to-date.

22. Quoted investments

There were no purchases or disposal of quoted securities for the current quarter and current financial period-to-date.

23. Corporate proposal

There were no corporate proposals that have been announced by the Group but not completed as at the date of this announcement except on 22 August 2008, CIMB Investment Bank Berhad ("CIMB") announced on behalf of the Company the following proposed restructuring to comply with the public shareholding spread requirement, involving the:

• Proposed bonus issue of 53,161,017 new ordinary shares of RM1.00 each in LKT ("LKT Shares"), to be credited as fully paid-up, on the basis of three (3) new LKT Shares for every four (4) existing LKT Shares held on an entitlement date to be determined and announced later ("Proposed Bonus Issue");

- Proposed selective capital repayment exercise under Section 64 of the Companies Act, 1965 for 64,042,374 LKT Shares held by Singapore Precision Engineering Limited ("SPE") after the Proposed Bonus Issue ("Proposed SCR");
- Proposed issuance to SPE of 64,042,374 irredeemable convertible preference shares of RM1.00 each in LKT at an issue price of RM1.00 each, to be credited as fully paid-up by applying the credit arising from the Proposed SCR ("Proposed ICPS Issuance");
- Proposed amendments to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of LKT; and
- Proposed increase in the authorised share capital of LKT.

(Collectively, the "Proposals")

However, on 14 November 2008, the Company announced that the Proposals have been deferred due to the prevailing adverse market conditions. On 4 March 2010, Bursa has granted the Company a further extension of time of up to the date of the delisting of LKT from the Official List of Bursa Securities, to resolve the non-compliance with the public shareholding spread requirement under Paragraph 8.02(1) of the Listing Requirements ("LR"). On the same day, trading in LKT shares has been suspended with effect from 9.00 a.m., Thursday, 4 March 2010 pursuant to Paragraph 16.02(3) of the Main Market LR.

On 9 March 2010, the Company has, on the even date, received a notification of approval from Bursa Securities pursuant to the Company's Withdrawal Application. The de-listing of the Company will take place after Bursa Securities' receipt of the following documents: -

- 1. Confirmation from the Company that all conditions, including conditions imposed by the relevant authorities which are required to be met prior to the de-listing have been met;
- 2. Confirmation from the Company that there are no circumstances or facts which have the effect of preventing or prohibiting the de-listing including any order, injunction or any other directive issued by any court of law; and
- 3. Confirmation from the Company that the exit offer in conjunction with LKT's voluntary Withdrawal Application including the settlement of the consideration of the exit offer to the accepting holders has been completed.

Bursa Securities will notify the Securities Commission the effective date of the de-listing of the Company in due course.

On 15 April 2010, the Company received the press release from HwangDBS Investment Bank ("HwangDBS") on behalf of SPE, stating that pursuant to Section 34A of the SCA / Section 223(2) of the Capital Markets and Services Act, 2007 ("CMSA"), SPE is required to serve a notice to the shareholders of LKT who have not accepted the Offer ("Notice to Shareholders") prescribing the rights exercisable by the shareholders of LKT under Section 34A of the SCA / Section 223(1) of the CMSA within one month from the Closing Date. The Securities Commission has vide its letter dated 23 April 2010 (which was received on 27 April 2010) approved SPE's application for an extension of time for the posting of the Notice to Shareholders.

The completion of the Proposed Delisting exercise is still pending.

24. Borrowings and debt securities

	As At	As At
	30 June 2010	31 March 2010
	RM'000	RM'000
Short term borrowings		
Secured	9,551	10,236
Unsecured	4.387	-
Long term borrowings		
Secured	11,854	15,406
TOTAL	25,792	25,642

Included in the above are borrowings denominated in foreign currency as follows:

USD'000	RM'000 Equivalent
1,444	4,619
3,361	10,752
4,805	15,371
	1,444 3,361

25. Financial instruments

Forward foreign exchange contracts	Fair Value RM'000
(within 1 year) 17,554	17,771

26. Material litigation

There were no pending material litigation as at the date of this report.

27. Proposed dividend

No dividend has been recommended for the current quarter.

28. Earnings per share

Basic earning per share

The basic earning per share for the financial period has been calculated based on the Group's net profit attributable to shareholders of RM3.0 million for the 3 months ended 30 June 2010 over the number of ordinary shares in issue during the period of 70,881,357.

29. Authorisation for issue

The Board of Directors authorised the issue of this unaudited interim financial report on 22 July 2010.

By Order of the Board LKT Industrial Berhad (298188 A)

Lam Voon Kean (MIA 4793) Company Secretary

Penang 22 July 2010