

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
For the 3rd Quarter Ended 31 December 2018

	Note	Current Quarter		Year To-date	
		<u>31/12/18</u>	<u>31/12/17</u>	<u>31/12/18</u>	<u>31/12/17</u>
		3-month	3-month	9-month	9-month
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Revenue	9	9,282	6,121	25,860	19,102
Cost of sales		(7,426)	(4,619)	(19,977)	(14,208)
Gross profit		1,856	1,502	5,883	4,894
Other income		348	316	829	1,216
Other operating expenses		(4,319)	(2,943)	(10,412)	(8,002)
Administrative expenses		(95)	(148)	(334)	(333)
Profit/(loss) before tax	10	(2,210)	(1,273)	(4,034)	(2,225)
Income tax expense	20	(75)	(121)	(240)	(429)
Profit/(loss) for the period		(2,285)	(1,394)	(4,274)	(2,654)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period		(2,285)	(1,394)	(4,274)	(2,654)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to :					
Owners of the parent		(2,282)	(1,393)	(4,274)	(2,653)
Non-controlling Interest		(3)	(1)	-	(1)
		(2,285)	(1,394)	(4,274)	(2,654)
Earnings/(loss) per share attributable to owners of the parent					
Basic (sen)	25	(0.51)	(0.31)	(0.95)	(0.59)

The Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018 and the accompanying explanatory notes.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

		Unaudited	Audited
		As at	As at
		31/12/18	31/03/18
	Note	RM'000	RM'000
ASSETS			
<u>Non-current assets</u>			
Property, plant and equipment	11	14,852	14,695
Investment properties		4,397	4,442
Intangible asset		405	404
<u>Current assets</u>			
Property development cost		460	-
Inventories		19,518	17,779
Trade receivables		8,042	7,457
Non-trade receivables, deposits and prepayments		2,102	3,014
Tax recoverable		1,697	1,608
Investment securities		-	6,509
Deposits with licensed financial institutions		21,200	24,000
Cash and bank balances		6,303	5,618
		59,322	65,985
TOTAL ASSETS		78,976	85,526
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share Capital	7	44,955	44,955
Retained earnings		32,022	36,476
Attributable to Equity holders of the parent		76,977	81,431
Non-controlling Interest		-	(131)
TOTAL EQUITY		76,977	81,300
<u>Non-current liabilities</u>			
Deferred tax liabilities		46	46
<u>Current liabilities</u>			
Trade payables		217	2,309
Non-trade payables and accruals		1,680	1,736
Tax payable		56	135
		1,953	4,180
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,999	4,226
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		78,976	85,526
Net assets per share (RM)		0.17	0.18

The Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018 and the accompanying explanatory notes.



**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity
For the 3rd Quarter Ended 31 December 2018**

	Attributable to Owners of the Company			Non-Controlling Interest	Total Equity
	Share Capital	Distributable Retained Earnings	Total		
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		
<u>At 1 April 2017</u>	44,955	40,500	85,455	(129)	85,326
Profit / (loss) and other comprehensive income / (loss) for the	-	(2,653)	(2,653)	(1)	(2,654)
Dividend paid/payable	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 December 2017	44,955	37,847	82,802	(130)	82,672
<u>At 1 April 2018</u>	44,955	36,476	81,431	(131)	81,300
Profit / (loss) and other comprehensive income / (loss) for the	-	(4,274)	(4,274)	-	(4,274)
Dividend paid/payable	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in ownership interest in a subsidiary		(180)	(180)	131	(49)
At 31 December 2018	44,955	32,022	76,977	-	76,977

The Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018 and the accompanying explanatory notes.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	9-month 31/12/18 RM'000	9-month 31/12/17 RM'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
(Loss)/Profit before tax	(4,034)	(2,225)
Adjustments for:-		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	509	392
Depreciation of investment property	45	45
Depreciation of intangible asset	21	42
Fair value adjustment on investment securities	52	0
Bad debts written off	482	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(84)	-
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(46)	17
Distribution income from investment securities	(136)	(124)
Interest income	(445)	(634)
Operating loss before changes in working capital	(3,636)	(2,487)
Increase in Property development cost	(460)	-
Increase in Inventories	(1,739)	(1,039)
(Increase)/Decrease in Receivables	(155)	2,469
Decrease in Payables	(2,102)	(940)
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	(8,092)	(1,997)
Tax paid	(448)	(563)
Tax refund	39	-
Net cash (used in)/from operating activities	(8,501)	(2,560)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(581)	(632)
Purchase of intangible asset	(22)	-
Redemption of investment securities	6,593	5,512
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	1
Acquisition of non-controlling interest	(49)	-
Withdrawal of fixed deposits	-	-
Interest received	445	634
Net cash (used in)/from investing activities	6,386	5,515
Cash flows from financing activities		
Dividend paid	-	(4,495)
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(4,495)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(2,115)	(1,540)
Cash and cash equivalents as at 1 April	17,618	27,696
Cash and cash equivalents as at end of period	15,503	26,156
Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following amounts:		
Deposits with licensed banks	9,200	23,200
Cash and bank balances	6,303	2,956
	15,503	26,156

(The Condensed Consolidated Cash Flow Statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018 and the accompanying explanatory notes)

Part A - Explanatory Notes Pursuant to MFRS 134**1 Basis of Preparation**

The unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with MFRS 134 : Interim Financial Reporting issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") and Chapter 9, Part K of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities").

The interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2018. The explanatory notes attached to the interim financial statements provide an explanation of events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the financial position and performance of the Group since the financial year ended 31 March 2018.

2 Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies and computation methods are consistent with those of the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018, except for the adoption of the following Amendments to MFRS during the current financial period:

(A) Standards issued and effective

On 1 April 2017, the Group and the Company have also adopted the following new and amended MFRS which are mandatory for annual financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017

i) Effective for annual periods commencing on or after 1 January 2017

- Annual improvements to MFRSs 2014 - 2016 cycle

- Amendments to MFRS 12, Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities

- Amendments to MFRS 107, Statement of Cash Flow: Disclosure Initiative

- Amendments to MFRS 112, Income Taxes: Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses

Adoption of the above amended MFRS did not have any material effect on the financial performances or positions of the Group and of the Company.

(B) Standards issued and not yet effective

The Group and the Company have not adopted the following standards and interpretations that have been issued but not yet effective:

i) Effective for annual periods commencing on or after 1 January 2018

- Amendments to MFRS 2, Share-based Payment: Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions

- Amendments to MFRS 4, Insurance Contracts: Applying MFRS 9 Financial Instruments with MFRS 4 Insurance Contracts

- MFRS 9, Financial Instruments

- MFRS 15, Revenue from Contract with Customers

- Clarifications to MFRS 15, Revenue from Contract with Customer

- Amendments to MFRS 140, Investment Property: Transfer of Investment Property

- IC Interpretation 22, Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration



ii) Effective for annual periods commencing on or after 1 January 2019

- Annual improvements to MFRSs 2015 - 2017 cycle
 - Amendments to MFRS 3, Business Combinations
 - Amendments to MFRS 11, Joint Arrangements
 - Amendments to MFRS 112, Income Taxes
 - Amendments to MFRS 123, Borrowing Costs
- Amendments to MFRS 9, Financial Instruments: Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation
- Amendments to MFRS 119, Employee Benefits: Plan Amendment, Curtailment and Settlement
- MFRS 16, Leases
- Amendments to MFRS 9, Financial Instruments: Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation
- Amendments to MFRS 128, Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures: Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures
- IC Interpretation 23, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

iii) Effective for annual periods commencing on or after 1 January 2020

- Amendments to MFRS 2, Share-based Payment
- Amendments to MFRS 3, Business Combinations
- Amendments to MFRS 6, Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources
- Amendments to MFRS 14, Regulatory Deferral Accounts
- Amendments to MFRS 101, Presentation of Financial Statements
- Amendments to MFRS 108, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- Amendments to MFRS 134, Interim Financial Reporting
- Amendments to MFRS 137, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
- Amendments MFRS 138, Intangible Assets
- Amendments to IC Interpretation 12, Service Concession Arrangements
- Amendments to IC Interpretation 19, Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments
- Amendments to IC interpretation 20, Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine
- Amendments to IC Interpretation 22, Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration
- Amendments to IC Interpretation 132, Intangible Assets - Web Site Costs

iv) Effective for annual periods commencing on or after 1 January 2021

- MFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

v) Deferred

- Amendments to MFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements and MFRS 128 Investment in Associate and Joint Ventures: Sales or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The initial application of the abovementioned accounting standards, amendments or interpretations are not expected to have any material impact to the financial statements of the Group and of the Company except as mentioned below:

MFRS 9 Financial Instruments

MFRS 9 (IFRS 9 issued by IASB in July 2014) replaces earlier versions of MFRS 9 and introduces a package of improvements which includes a classification and measurement model, a single forward looking 'expected loss' impairment model and a substantially reformed approach to hedge accounting. MFRS 9 when effective will replace MFRS 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

MFRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model and establishes three primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. Investments in equity instruments are required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss with the irrevocable option at inception to present changes in fair value in other comprehensive income not recycling. There is now a new expected credit losses model that replaces the incurred loss impairment model used in MFRS 139. For financial liabilities there were no changes to classification and measurement except for the recognition of changes in own credit risk in other comprehensive income, for liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss. MFRS 9 relaxes the requirements for hedge effectiveness by replacing the bright line hedge effectiveness tests. It requires an economic relationship between the hedged item and hedging instrument and for the 'hedged ratio' to be the same as the one management actually uses for risk management purposes. Contemporaneous documentation is still required but is different to that currently prepared under MFRS 139.

Based on the analysis of the Group's and of the Company's financial assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2018 on the basis of facts and circumstances that existed at that date, the Directors of the Group and of the Company have assessed the impact of MFRS 9 to the Group's and the Company's consolidated financial statements as follows:

(i) Classification and measurement

Based on its assessment, the Group and the Company believe that the new classification requirements will have no material impact on the Group's and the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities.

(ii) Impairment

The Group and the Company have chosen to apply the simplified approach prescribed by MFRS 9, which requires a lifetime expected credit loss to be recognised from initial recognition of the trade and other receivables, including financial assets. Due to the strong creditworthiness of the Group's and of the Company's receivables, the Group and the Company believe that the new impairment model will not have any significant impact on the Group's and the Company's financial statements.

(iii) Hedge accounting

As the Group and the Company do not apply hedge accounting, applying the hedging requirements of MFRS 9 will not have a significant impact on the Group's and the Company's consolidated financial statements.

The assessment is based on currently available information and may be subject to changes arising from further reasonable and supportable information being made available to the Group and the Company in the financial year ending 31 March 2019 when the Group and the Company adopt MFRS 9.

MFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

MFRS 15 replaces MFRS 118 Revenue, MFRS 111 Construction Contracts and related IC Interpretations. The Standard deals with revenue recognition and establishes principles for reporting useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers.

MFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (continued)

Revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of a good or service and thus has the ability to direct the use and obtain the benefits from the good or service. The core principle in MFRS 15 is that an entity recognises revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to the customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

An entity recognises revenue in accordance with the core principle by applying the following steps:

- (1) Identify the contracts with a customer;
- (2) Identify the performance obligation in the contract;
- (3) Determine the transaction price;
- (4) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
- (5) Recognise revenue when the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

The Group and the Company intend to adopt the standard using modified retrospective approach which means that the cumulative impact of the adoption will be recognised in retained earnings as of 1 April 2018 and that comparatives will not be restated.

MFRS 15 also includes new disclosures that would result in an entity providing users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows from contracts with customers.

Based on the assessment, the Group and the Company do not expect the application of MFRS 15 to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

The assessment is based on currently available information and may be subject to changes arising from further reasonable and supportable information being made available to the Group and the Company in financial year ending 31 March 2019 when the Group and the Company adopt MFRS 15.

MFRS 16 Leases

MFRS 16, which upon the effective date will supersede MFRS 117 Leases, introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Specifically, under MFRS 16, a lessee is required to recognise a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. Accordingly, a lessee should recognise depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability, and also classifies cash repayments of the lease liability into a principal portion and an interest portion and presents them in the statement of cash flows. Also, the right-of-use asset and the lease liability are initially measured on a present value basis. The measurement includes non-cancellable lease payments and also includes payments to be made in optional periods if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend the lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate the lease. This accounting treatment is significantly different from the lessee accounting for leases that are classified as operating leases under the predecessor standard, MFRS 117.

In respect of the lessor accounting, MFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in MFRS 117. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently.

The Group and the Company are currently assessing the financial impact that may arise from the adoption of MFRS 16.

3 Auditors' Report

The auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018 was not subject to any qualification.

4 Seasonality or Cyclical Factors

There were no material factors of a seasonal or cyclical nature which affected the operations of the Group during the current financial quarter and financial year-to-date.

5 Unusual Items

There were no items in the current quarter affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income, or cash flows of the Group that are unusual because of their nature, size or incidence.

6 Changes in Estimates

There were no other changes in estimates of amounts reported previously, that would have had a material effect on the figures reported in the current financial year-to-date.

7 Debt and Equity Securities

There were no issuances, cancellations, repurchases, resale and repayments of debt and equity securities during the quarter under review and financial year-to-date.

8 Dividend Payment

There was no dividend payment made in the current quarter.

9 Segment Information

	<u>31/12/18</u> 3-month	<u>31/12/17</u> 3-month	<u>31/12/18</u> 9-month	<u>31/12/17</u> 9-month
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
<u>Segment Revenue</u>				
Investment holding	-	-	-	-
Distribution and trading	8,449	5,232	23,334	16,087
Logistics related services	717	969	2,179	2,885
Others	247	236	741	709
Total including inter-segment sales	9,413	6,437	26,254	19,681
Elimination of inter-segment sales	(131)	(316)	(394)	(579)
Total	9,282	6,121	25,860	19,102
<u>Segment Results - Profit/(loss) before tax</u>				
Investment holding	118	40	203	318
Distribution and trading	(2,581)	(1,767)	(4,922)	(3,705)
Logistics related services	(7)	265	67	599
Others	124	103	303	305
	(2,346)	(1,359)	(4,349)	(2,483)
Eliminations	136	86	315	258
Total	(2,210)	(1,273)	(4,034)	(2,225)

10 Profit before tax

There are no items applicable pursuant to Appendix 9B of the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad other than the following :

	<u>31/12/18</u> 3-month	<u>31/12/17</u> 3-month	<u>31/12/18</u> 9-month	<u>31/12/17</u> 9-month
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
(a) Interest income	200	117	445	634
(b) Depreciation and amortization	(198)	(163)	(575)	(479)
(c) Bad debts written off	482	-	482	-
(d) Foreign exchange gain/(loss)	47	79	155	113
(e) Fair value gain/(loss) on investment securities	(52)	-	(52)	-

11 Valuation of Assets

There has been no revaluation of property, plant and equipment as the Group does not adopt a revaluation policy on the said assets.

12 Subsequent Events

There were no material events subsequent to the end of the financial period that have not been reflected in the financial statements for the reporting quarter.



13 Changes in Group Composition

On 5th October 2018, the Group ("JKB") via its subsidiary, Jasa Kita Trading Sdn Bhd ("JKT") has completed the acquisition of the remaining 49,000 ordinary shares of Jasahalco (INT.) Sdn Bhd ("JHI"), representing the remaining 49% of the equity interest in JHI for a total cash consideration of RM49,000. Following the acquisition, JHI has become a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group and ceased to be an associate company.

14 Capital Commitments

There were no material capital commitments not provided for as at the end of the reporting quarter.

15 Contingent Liabilities and Assets

Corporate guarantees given to a licensed financial institution in respect of facilities utilised by a subsidiary company as at the end of the current financial quarter amounted to RM2.503 million.

Part B - Explanatory Notes

(Appendix 9B of Listing Requirements of BMSB)

16 Review of Performance

Quarter 3, FYE 2019 vs Quarter 3, FYE 2018

For the quarter under review, group's turnover increased 52.5% from RM6.1 million to RM9.3 million and gross profit increased by 26.7% from RM1.5 million to RM1.9 million

Distribution and trading

Turnover increased 63.5% from RM5.2 million to RM8.5 million and losses before tax increased by 45.8% from RM1.77 million to RM2.58 million. The increased in turnover is largely attributable to higher sales of automotive batteries and its related products, sales of handtools and one of the electric power tools brand.

Logistics related services

Turnover decreased by 26% from RM969,000 to RM717,000. The decline in turnover has resulted in losses before tax of RM7,000 as compared to profit before tax of RM265,000 for the comparative period. The declined in performance is due to certain major customers initiating their own storage facilities and stiffer competition.

Year-to-date 31 December 2018 vs Year-to-date 31 December 2017

Group's turnover increased 35.6% from RM19.1 million to RM25.9 million. Despite the increased in turnover, losses before tax has increased from RM2.23 million to RM4.03 million due to lower contribution from all market segment especially distribution and trading segment coupled with the incremental operating expenses in the newly incorporated automotive batteries division ("JKA") in July 2017 and operational rationalisation expenditure.

Distribution and trading

Turnover was 44.7% higher at RM23.3 million whereas losses before tax is at RM4.92 million as compared RM3.71 million a year ago. This segment's profitability has been affected by the rather slow pickup in the electric power tools replacement product range and the insufficient contribution from the automotive batteries and its related products and their incremental operating expenses in the newly incorporated automotive batteries division ("JKA").

Logistics related services

Turnover reduced by 24.6% from RM2.89 million to RM2.18 million for the reporting period. Profit before tax reduced from RM599,000 to RM67,000 due to certain major customers initiating their own storage facilities, lower profitability from the remaining customer portfolio and stiffer competition.

17 Current vs Preceding Quarter Results

Group's turnover was marginally lower at RM9.28 million for the current quarter as compared to RM9.29 million for the preceding quarter. Losses before tax has widened from RM0.78 million to RM2.21 million for the comparative quarters. Whilst turnover have remained at the same level across all product segments, additional operating expenditure from the automotive batteries division and other divisions' operational rationalisation expenditure nevertheless have contributed to the incremental losses.

18 Commentary on Prospects

The Group have embarked on cost and operational rationalisation programmes and will continuously evaluate its planned strategies for all its divisions to ensure better adaptation to the current challenging market conditions. The rationalisation programmes may result in impairments which will impact on its next quarter's financial results.

19 Profit Forecast and Guarantee

The Group has not provided any profit forecast or profit guarantee in any public document.

20 Taxation

	<u>31/12/18</u> 3-month	<u>31/12/17</u> 3-month	<u>31/12/18</u> 9-month	<u>31/12/17</u> 9-month
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Income tax - current year	75	128	244	442
(Over)/under-provided in prev. years	-	(7)	(4)	(2)
Deferred tax - originating & reversal	(4)	(56)	(4)	(67)
Change in tax rates	-	-	-	-
(Over)/under-provided in prev. years	4	56	4	56
Tax expense	75	121	240	429
Profit/(loss) before taxation	(2,210)	(1,273)	(4,034)	(2,225)
Tax at 24% (previous year - 24%)	(530)	(305)	(968)	(534)
Income tax (over)/under-provided in prior year	-	(7)	(4)	(2)
Change in tax rates	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax under/(over) prov. in prior year	4	56	4	56
Unrecognized losses brought forward (utilized)	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax asset not recognized	586	374	1,103	786
Effects of transactions :-				
Non-deductible expenses	35	23	138	153
Income not taxable	(20)	(20)	(33)	(30)
Tax expense	75	121	240	429

The effective tax rates for the current financial quarter and period to-date were higher than the statutory rate due to certain non-deductible expenses for income tax purposes and non-recognition of deferred tax asset due to uncertainty of its recoverability.

21 Corporate Proposals

There were no corporate proposals announced but not completed at the latest practicable date, which is not earlier than seven days from the date of issue of this quarterly report.

22 Group Borrowings

There were no borrowings as at the end of the current financial quarter.

23 Material Litigation

No new material litigation has arisen nor were there any material changes to any case which had been pending since the last annual balance sheet date.

24 Dividends

The Company did not declare any dividend during the current financial quarter.

25 Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing profit for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

	<u>31/12/18</u> 3-month	<u>31/12/17</u> 3-month	<u>31/12/18</u> 9-month	<u>31/12/17</u> 9-month
Profit/(loss) attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent (RM'000)	(2,282)	(1,393)	(4,274)	(2,653)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	449,550	449,550	449,550	449,550
Basic earnings/(loss) per share (sen)	(0.51)	(0.31)	(0.95)	(0.59)

By order of the Board

Ong Bing Yap
Executive Director

Kuala Lumpur
Date : 22 February 2019