Statements of Financial Position as at 31 March 2023

		Group		Bank		
	Note	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	
Assets						
Cash and short-term funds	8	8,008,413	7,145,114	7,991,285	7,128,159	
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss ("FVTPL")	9	1,118,676	299,128	1,092,115	272,735	
Derivative financial assets	10	38,494	123,000	38,494	123,000	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive						
income ("FVOCI")	11	12,497,988	12,093,417	12,498,875	12,094,304	
Financial assets at amortised cost		1_,1,2,1,2,00	12,075,117	12,120,070	12,091,001	
("AC")	12	3,274,635	3,055,256	3,274,635	3,055,256	
Financing, advances and others	13	65,125,404	64,901,994	65,125,404	64,901,994	
Other assets	14	330,071	600,746	277,700	501,471	
Statutory deposits with Bank						
Negara Malaysia		1,038,213	950,508	1,038,213	950,508	
Current tax assets		7,273	7,203	6,662	6,662	
Deferred tax assets		172,846	212,349	171,874	211,377	
Right-of-use assets	15	179,859	184,383	179,562	183,959	
Investments in subsidiaries		-	-	100,905	100,905	
Property and equipment		233,714	223,995	231,572	221,835	
Intangible assets		48,864	54,578	48,864	54,578	
Total assets		92,074,450	89,851,671	92,076,160	89,806,743	
Liabilities and equity						
Deposits from customers	16	57,283,372	60,707,504	57,297,544	60,821,715	
Investment accounts of customers	17	20,505,899	14,461,439	20,623,318	14,564,962	
Deposits and placements of banks						
and other financial institutions		50,021	70,068	50,021	70,068	
Derivative financial liabilities	10	40,470	137,324	40,470	137,324	
Bills and acceptance payable		20,687	22,441	20,687	22,441	
Recourse obligations on financing sold to Cagamas	B8(a)	3,005,343	3,005,343	3,005,343	3,005,343	
Subordinated sukuk and capital	D 0(<i>a</i>)	3,003,343	5,005,545	3,003,343	3,003,343	
securities	B8(b)	2,224,723	2,222,092	2,224,723	2,222,092	
Other liabilities	18	1,460,000	2,070,964	1,430,450	1,910,462	
Lease liabilities	15	292,049	295,585	291,768	295,167	
Zakat and taxation		8,237	62,668	8,119	62,582	
Total liabilities		84,890,801	83,055,428	84,992,443	83,112,156	

Statements of Financial Position as at 31 March 2023 (continued)

		Group		Bank		
		31.03.2023	31.12.2022	31.03.2023	31.12.2022	
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Equity						
Share capital		3,845,586	3,645,043	3,845,586	3,645,043	
Reserves	<u>-</u>	3,338,063	3,151,200	3,238,131	3,049,544	
Total equity	-	7,183,649	6,796,243	7,083,717	6,694,587	
	-					
Total liabilities and equity	-	92,074,450	89,851,671	92,076,160	89,806,743	
Restricted investment accounts managed by the Bank	17	7	43	7	43	
Total Islamic banking asset owned and managed by the Bank		92,074,457	89,851,714	92,076,167	89,806,786	
Commitments and Contingencies	30	19,933,554	18,883,556	19,933,554	18,883,556	
Net assets per share attributable to equity holders of the Bank (RM)		3.20	3.15	3.16	3.11	

The Unaudited Interim Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Audited Financial Statements of the Group and of the Bank for the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

Statements of Profit or Loss for the three months ended 31 March 2023

		Group 3 months ended		Bank 3 months ended		
	Note	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000	
Income derived from investment of depositors' funds	19	802,129	587,634	802,129	587,634	
Income derived from investment account funds	20	174,410	103,051	174,410	103,051	
Income derived from investment of shareholders' funds Net allowance for impairment on	21	127,311	83,259	122,624	74,539	
financing and advances, net of recoveries Net allowance for impairment on	22	(61,970)	(43,309)	(61,970)	(43,309)	
other financial assets		142	(2,065)	142	(2,065)	
Direct expenses		(3,613)	(2,545)	(3,613)	(2,545)	
Total distributable income		1,038,409	726,025	1,033,722	717,305	
Wakalah fees from restricted investment accounts		11	28	11	28	
Income attributable to depositors Income attributable to investment	23	(417,855)	(223,819)	(417,915)	(223,870)	
account holders	24	(78,660)	(27,042)	(79,396)	(27,575)	
Total net income		541,905	475,192	536,422	465,888	
Personnel expenses	25	(212,338)	(178,544)	(201,753)	(171,454)	
Other overhead expenses	26	(140,802)	(112,567)	(144,290)	(109,680)	
		188,765	184,081	190,379	184,754	
Finance cost	27	(27,241)	(24,757)	(27,236)	(24,752)	
Profit before zakat and tax		161,524	159,324	163,143	160,002	
Zakat		(3,750)	(3,749)	(3,750)	(3,750)	
Tax expense	B5	(39,686)	(49,658)	(39,575)	(48,865)	
Profit for the period/year		118,088	105,917	119,818	107,387	
Earnings per share (sen)	B11	5.33	4.95			

Statements of Other Comprehensive Income for the three months ended 31 March 2023

	Group 3 months ended		Bank 3 months ended		
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000	
Profit for the period	118,088	105,917	119,818	107,387	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax: Items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Currency translation differences in					
respect of Labuan operations Movement in fair value reserve (debt instruments):	(478)	8,446	(484)	8,438	
Net change in fair value	119,657	(59,813)	119,657	(59,813)	
Changes in expected credit loss	142	(1,710)	142	(1,710)	
Net amount transferred to profit or loss Income tax effect relating to components of other comprehensive	(28,123)	(634)	(28,123)	(634)	
income	(22,002)	14,918	(22,002)	14,918	
	69,196	(38,793)	69,190	(38,801)	
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Movement in fair value reserve (equity instruments):					
Net change in fair value	(421)	(10,021)	(421)	(10,021)	
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	68,775	(48,814)	68,769	(48,822)	
Total comprehensive income for the period	186,863	57,103	188,587	58,565	

The Unaudited Interim Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Audited Financial Statements of the Group and of the Bank for the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the three months ended 31 March 2023

	←──	Attributable to	o equity holders	>
	Mon-distr	ibutable →	Distributable	
	Share	Other	Retained	Total
Group	capital	Reserves	earnings	Equity
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2023	3,645,043	54,596	3,096,604	6,796,243
Profit for the period	-	-	118,088	118,088
Currency translation difference in respect of Labuan operations	-	(478)	-	(478)
Fair value reserve (debt instruments):				
Net change in fair value	-	119,657	-	119,657
Changes in expected credit loss	-	142	-	142
Net amount transferred to profit or loss	-	(28,123)	-	(28,123)
Income tax effect relating to components of other comprehensive income	-	(22,002)	-	(22,002)
Fair value reserve (equity instruments):				
Net change in fair value	-	(421)	-	(421)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	68,775	118,088	186,863
Transfer to regulatory reserve	-	24,300	(24,300)	-
Issue of shares pursuant to Dividend Reinvestment Plan	200,543	-	-	200,543
At 31 March 2023	3,845,586	147,671	3,190,392	7,183,649

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the three months ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

	< ← Non-distri		o <i>equity holders</i> Distributable	>
Group	Share capital RM'000	Other Reserves RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total Equity RM'000
At 1 January 2022	3,445,757	(10,899)	2,965,080	6,399,938
Profit for the period	-	-	105,917	105,917
Currency translation difference in respect of Labuan operations	-	8,446	-	8,446
Fair value reserve (debt instruments):				
Net change in fair value	-	(59,813)	-	(59,813)
Changes in expected credit loss	-	(1,710)	-	(1,710)
Net amount transferred to profit or loss	-	(634)	-	(634)
Income tax effect relating to components of other comprehensive income	-	14,918	-	14,918
Fair value reserve (equity instruments):				
Net change in fair value	-	(10,021)	-	(10,021)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	(48,814)	105,917	57,103
Issue of shares pursuant to Dividend Reinvestment Plan	199,286	-	-	199,286
At 31 March 2022	3,645,043	(59,713)	3,070,997	6,656,327

The Unaudited Interim Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Audited Financial Statements of the Group and of the Bank for the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

Statement of Changes in Equity for the three months ended 31 March 2023

	Attributable to equity holders			>
Bank	← Non-distri Share capital	ibutable —> Other Reserves	Distributable Retained earnings	Total Equity
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2023	3,645,043	(56,368)	3,105,912	6,694,587
Profit for the period	-	-	119,818	119,818
Currency translation difference in respect of Labuan operations	-	(484)	-	(484)
Fair value reserve (debt instruments):				
Net change in fair value	-	119,657	-	119,657
Changes in expected credit loss	-	142	-	142
Net amount transferred to profit or loss	-	(28,123)	-	(28,123)
Income tax effect relating to components of other comprehensive income	-	(22,002)	-	(22,002)
Fair value reserve (equity instruments):				
Net change in fair value	-	(421)	-	(421)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	68,769	119,818	188,587
Transfer to regulatory reserve	-	24,300	(24,300)	-
Issue of shares pursuant to Dividend Reinvestment Plan	200,543	-	-	200,543
At 31 March 2023	3,845,586	36,701	3,201,430	7,083,717

Statement of Changes in Equity for the three months ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

		<i>Attributable to</i> ibutable →	o <i>equity holders</i> Distributable	>
Bank	Share capital RM'000	Other Reserves RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total Equity RM'000
At 1 January 2022	3,445,757	(121,843)	2,965,659	6,289,573
Profit for the period	-	-	107,387	107,387
Currency translation difference in respect of Labuan operations	-	8,438	-	8,438
Fair value reserve (debt instruments):				
Net change in fair value	-	(59,813)	-	(59,813)
Changes in expected credit loss	-	(1,710)	-	(1,710)
Net amount transferred to profit or loss	-	(634)	-	(634)
Income tax effect relating to components of other comprehensive income	-	14,918	-	14,918
Fair value reserve (equity instruments):				
Net change in fair value	-	(10,021)	-	(10,021)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	(48,822)	107,387	58,565
Issue of shares pursuant to Dividend Reinvestment Plan	199,286	-	-	199,286
At 31 March 2022	3,645,043	(170,665)	3,073,046	6,547,424

The Unaudited Interim Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Audited Financial Statements of the Group and of the Bank for the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

Condensed Statements of Cash Flow for the three months ended 31 March 2023

	Group		Bank		
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000	
Profit before zakat and tax	161,524	159,324	163,143	160,002	
Adjustment for non-cash items	97,302	118,113	97,130	117,730	
Operating profit before working capital changes	258,826	277,437	260,273	277,732	
Changes in working capital: Net changes in operating assets	(98,392)	(656,811)	(145,295)	(669.250)	
Net changes in operating liabilities	2,134,911	83,503	(143,293) 2,179,721	(668,259) 95,464	
Net cash generated from/ (used in) operations Zakat and tax paid	2,295,345 (80,444)	(295,871) (45,818)	2,294,699 (80,297)	(295,063) (45,551)	
Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities Net cash (used in)/ generated from	2,214,900	(341,689)	2,214,402	(340,614)	
investing activities Net cash (used in)/ generated from	(1,299,373)	199,855	(1,299,184)	200,031	
financing activities	(51,751)	184,583	(51,609)	184,725	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	863,777	42,749	863,609	44,142	
of the year	7,145,114	5,222,848	7,128,159	5,204,364	
Exchange difference on translation	(478)	8,445	(483)	8,439	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	8,008,413	5,274,042	7,991,285	5,256,945	

The Unaudited Interim Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Audited Financial Statements of the Group and of the Bank for the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

Notes to the unaudited interim financial statements for the three months ended 31 March 2023

1. Basis of preparation

The unaudited interim financial statements of the Group and of the Bank for the three months ended 31 March 2023 have been prepared in accordance with the applicable requirements of MFRS 134: *Interim Financial Reporting* in Malaysia issued by Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"), paragraph 9.22 of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's Listing Requirements, Financial Reporting for Islamic Banking Institution policy document issued by Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM"), the provisions of the Companies Act 2016 and Shariah requirements.

The unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for derivative financial instruments, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets through other comprehensive income, which have been measured at fair value.

The unaudited interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Bank for the financial year ended 31 December 2022. The explanatory notes attached to the unaudited interim financial statements provide an explanation of events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the financial position and performance of the Bank since the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

The significant accounting policies and methods of computation applied in the unaudited interim financial statements are consistent with those adopted in the recent audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022, except for the adoption of the following amendments to Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS"):

- Amendments to MFRS 101, Classification of liabilities as current or non-current
- Amendments to MFRS 101, Disclosure of accounting policies
- Amendments to MFRS 108, Definition of Accounting Estimates
- Amendments to MFRS 112, Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The adoption of the above amendments to MFRSs do not have any significant impact to the financial results of the Group and the Bank.

2. Auditors' report on preceding financial statements

The auditors' report on the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 was not qualified.

3. Seasonal or cyclical factors

The operations of the Group and the Bank were not materially affected by any seasonal or cyclical factors in the three months ended 31 March 2023.

4. Unusual items

There were no unusual items in the three months ended 31 March 2023.

5. Changes in accounting estimates

There were no material changes in estimates of amounts reported in the prior financial year that have a material effect in the three months ended 31 March 2023.

6. Changes in debt and equity securities

On 31 January 2023, the Group and the Bank increased its issued and paid-up capital from 2,155,269,114 to 2,244,005,114 via the issuance of 88,736,000 new ordinary shares for a consideration of RM2.26 each arising from Dividend Reinvestment Plan.

There was no share buy-back during the three months ended 31 March 2023.

7. Subsequent events after the three months ended 31 March 2023

On 15 May 2023, the Group and the Bank increased its issued and paid-up capital from 2,244,005,114 to 2,266,473,214 via the issuance of 22,468,100 new ordinary shares for a consideration of RM1.92 each arising from Dividend Reinvestment Plan.

8. Cash and short-term funds

	Group		Ba	nk
	31.03.2023	31.12.2022	31.03.2023	31.12.2022
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cash and balances with banks and other financial institutions Money at call and interbank placements with remaining maturity not exceeding three	798,748	817,436	797,499	816,234
months	7,209,665	6,327,678	7,193,786	6,311,925
	8,008,413	7,145,114	7,991,285	7,128,159

9. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL")

	Gro	up	Bank		
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	
Malaysian Government Investment Issues	410,879	-	410,879	-	
Unit trust	246,847	244,260	220,295	217,877	
Malaysian Islamic Treasury Bills	450,642	49,847	450,642	49,847	
Corporate Sukuk	10,308	5,021	10,299	5,011	
	1,118,676	299,128	1,092,115	272,735	

10. Derivative financial assets/ liabilities

The following tables summarise the contractual or underlying principal amounts of derivative financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss. The principal or contractual amounts of these instruments reflect the volume of transactions outstanding at financial position date, and do not represent amounts at risk.

Trading derivative financial instruments are revalued on a gross position and the unrealised gains or losses are reflected as derivative financial assets and liabilities respectively.

	31.03.2023			31.12.2022			
	Notional	Fair value		Notional	Fair	value	
Group and Bank	amount	Assets	Liabilities	amount	Assets	Liabilities	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Forward contracts	7,808,934	38,371	(40,390)	7,713,420	122,827	(137,223)	
Profit rate swaps	32,749	123	(80)	42,286	173	(101)	
	7,841,683	38,494	(40,470)	7,755,706	123,000	(137,324)	

11. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")

	Group		Bank	
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000
Financial assets at FVOCI:				
(a) Debt instruments	12,422,370	12,017,378	12,422,370	12,017,378
(b) Equity instruments	75,618	76,039	76,505	76,926
	12,497,988	12,093,417	12,498,875	12,094,304

(a) Debt instrument at FVOCI

	Group and Bank		
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	
Corporate Sukuk	7,884,753	7,357,640	
Malaysian Government Investment Issues	4,340,173	4,344,171	
Malaysian Islamic Treasury Bills	197,444	315,567	
	12,422,370	12.017.378	

11. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") (continued)

(a) Debt instrument at FVOCI (continued)

Movement of allowance for impairment on financial assets at FVOCI:

Group and Bank	Stage 1 RM'000	Stage 2 RM'000	Stage 3 RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 January 2022	237	-	7,000	7,237
Transfer to Stage 2	(21)	21	-	-
Changes in credit risk	6	460	3,500	3,966
Purchases and origination	46	-	-	46
Derecognition and disposal	(37)	-	-	(37)
At 31 December 2022/1 January 2023	231	481	10,500	11,212
Transfer to Stage 1	40	(40)	-	-
Changes in credit risk	(96)	(74)	-	(170)
Purchases and origination	36	-	-	36
Derecognition and disposal	(8)	-	-	(8)
At 31 March 2023	203	367	10,500	11,070

(b) Equity instrument at FVOCI

	Grou	սթ	Bank		
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	
Quoted Shares - outside Malaysia	6,579	7,000	6,579	7,000	
Unquoted Shares - in Malaysia - outside Malaysia	69,023 <u>16</u> 69,039	69,023 16 69,039	69,910 <u>16</u> 69,926	69,910 <u>16</u> 69,926	
	75,618	76,039	76,505	76,926	

12. Financial assets at amortised cost ("AC")

	Group and Bank		
	31.03.2023	31.12.2022	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Debt instrument at amortised cost:			
Malaysian Government Investment Issues	2,349,065	2,288,813	
Corporate sukuk	826,980	668,595	
Malaysian Islamic Treasury Bills	98,590	97,848	
	3,274,635	3,055,256	
Less: Allowance for impairment	-	-	
_	3,274,635	3,055,256	

13. Financing, advances and others

(a) By type and Shariah contract

Group and Bank 31.03.2023	Bai' Bithaman Ajil RM'000	Murabahah RM'000	Bai' Al-Dayn RM'000	Bai' Al-Inah RM'000	At- Tawarruq RM'000	^Ijarah Muntahiah Bit-Tamleek RM'000	Istisna' RM'000	Total RM'000
At amortised cost								
Cash line	-	-	-	280	1,181,110	-	-	1,181,390
Term financing								
House financing	2,636,049	-	-	-	23,572,605	-	37,487	26,246,142
Syndicated financing	-	-	-	-	1,533,379	-	-	1,533,379
Leasing financing	-	-	-	-	-	83,016	-	83,016
Bridging financing	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,128	31,128
Personal financing	-	-	-	2,103	20,116,109	-	-	20,118,212
Other term financing	167,978	1,478,124	-	-	13,487,465	-	866	15,134,433
Staff financing	33,774	21,938	-	-	504,508	-	5,402	565,622
Credit cards	-	-	-	-	513,922	-	-	513,922
Trade bills discounted	-	484,883	105,774	-	34,208	-	-	624,864
Trust receipts	-	5,421	-	-	-	-	-	5,421
Pawn broking	-	-	-	-	157,526	-	-	157,526
	2,837,801	1,990,366	105,774	2,383	61,100,832	83,016	74,883	66,195,055

Allowance for impairment on financing, advances and others

- Stage 1	(346,145)
- Stage 2	(232,882)
- Stage 3	(490,624)
Net financing, advances and others	65,125,404

^ Assets funded under *Ijarah* financing are owned by the Bank throughout the tenure of the *Ijarah* financing and ownership of the assets will be transferred to customer at the end of financing tenure for a token consideration or other amount as specified in the *Ijarah* financing contract.

13. Financing, advances and others (continued)

(a) By type and Shariah contract (continued)

Group and Bank 31.12.2022	Bai' Bithaman Ajil RM'000	Murabahah RM'000	Bai' Al-Dayn RM'000	Bai' Al-Inah RM'000	At- Tawarruq RM'000	^Ijarah Muntahiah Bit-Tamleek RM'000	Istisna' RM'000	Total RM'000
At amortised cost								
Cash line	-	-	-	280	1,436,808	-	-	1,437,088
Term financing								
House financing	2,710,203	-	-	-	23,123,198	-	38,521	25,871,922
Syndicated financing	-	-	-	-	1,565,789	-	-	1,565,789
Leasing financing	-	-	-	-	-	81,238	-	81,238
Bridging financing	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,031	33,031
Personal financing	-	-	-	2,188	19,834,524	-	-	19,836,712
Other term financing	181,798	1,402,239	-	-	13,675,552	-	884	15,260,473
Staff financing	35,137	20,709	-	-	482,389	-	5,577	543,812
Credit cards	-	-	-	-	508,104	-	-	508,104
Trade bills discounted	-	539,190	89,410	-	20,388	-	-	648,988
Trust receipts	-	4,565	-	-	-	-	-	4,565
Pawn broking	-	-	-	-	150,135	-	-	150,135
-	2,927,138	1,966,703	89,410	2,468	60,796,887	81,238	78,013	65,941,857

Allowance for impairment on financing, advances and others

- Stage 1	(366,051)
- Stage 2	(224,397)
- Stage 3	(449,415)
Net financing, advances and others	64,901,994

^ Assets funded under *Ijarah* financing are owned by the Bank throughout the tenure of the *Ijarah* financing and ownership of the assets will be transferred to customer at the end of financing tenure for a token consideration or other amount as specified in the *Ijarah* financing contract.

13. Financing, advances and others (continued)

(a) By type of and Shariah contract (continued)

Included in financing, advances and others are house financing and personal financing that are used for the underlying assets of Unrestricted Investment Accounts ("URIA") and financing sold to Cagamas with recourse to the Group and the Bank. The details are as follows:

		Group		Bank		
	Note	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	
House financing Unrestricted						
Investment Accounts Sold to Cagamas with	17	17,120,664	10,887,549	17,179,374	10,939,310	
recourse	B8(a)	3,005,343	3,005,343	3,005,343	3,005,343	
		20,126,007	13,892,892	20,184,717	13,944,653	
Personal financing Unrestricted						
Investment Accounts	17	3,385,235	3,573,890	3,443,944	3,625,652	

(b) By type of customer

	Group and Bank		
	31.03.2023	31.12.2022	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Domestic banking institutions	16	200,741	
Domestic non-bank financial institutions	1,075,670	1,134,114	
Domestic business enterprise	11,108,558	11,388,424	
Small and medium industries	2,556,098	2,515,004	
Government and statutory bodies	1,921,182	1,895,508	
Individuals	49,383,187	48,636,547	
Other domestic entities	14,905	15,991	
Foreign entities	135,439	155,528	
-	66,195,055	65,941,857	

(c) By profit rate sensitivity

	Group and Bank		
	31.03.2023	31.12.2022	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Fixed rate			
House financing	954,476	960,743	
Others	4,823,834	4,578,040	
Floating rate			
House financing	25,931,471	25,607,476	
Others	34,485,274	34,795,598	
	66,195,055	65,941,857	

13. Financing, advances and others (continued)

(d) By remaining contractual maturity

	Group and Bank	
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000
Maturity within one year	5,611,679	5,683,188
More than one year to three years	2,066,377	2,353,259
More than three years to five years	3,971,786	3,886,072
More than five years	54,545,213	54,019,338
	66,195,055	65,941,857

(e) By geographical distribution

	Group and Bank	
	31.03.2023	31.12.2022
	RM'000	RM'000
Central Region	31,074,371	30,904,086
Eastern Region	10,105,499	9,980,174
Northern Region	8,860,222	8,825,148
Southern Region	11,172,272	11,281,525
East Malaysia Region	4,982,691	4,950,924
	66,195,055	65,941,857

(f) By sector

	Group and Bank	
	31.03.2023 31.12.	
	RM'000	RM'000
Primary agriculture	859,602	876,964
Mining and quarrying	377,461	371,447
Manufacturing (including agro-based)	518,802	615,475
Electricity, gas and water	2,218,201	2,226,137
Wholesale & retail trade, and hotels & restaurants	1,200,421	1,208,104
Construction	1,750,730	1,967,534
Transport, storage and communications	2,829,288	2,829,640
Finance, insurance, real estate and business activities	4,414,094	4,724,887
Education, health and others	2,637,798	2,479,672
Household sectors	49,388,658	48,641,997
	66,195,055	65,941,857

13. Financing, advances and others (continued)

(g) Movement in impaired financing and advances ("impaired financing") are as follows:

	Group and Bank	
	31.03.2023	31.12.2022
	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2023/ 2022	835,232	568,383
Classified as impaired during the period/ year	236,639	916,357
Reclassified as not impaired during the period/ year	(91,898)	(290,419)
Amount repaid	(23,007)	(107,468)
Amount written-off	(48,496)	(251,621)
At 31 March 2023/ 31 December 2022	908,470	835,232
Gross impaired financing as a percentage of gross financing,		
advances and others	1.37%	1.27%

The contractual amount outstanding on financing and advances that were written-off during the year are still subject to enforcement activity.

(h) Impaired financing by geographical distribution

	Group a	nd Bank
	31.03.2023	31.12.2022
	RM'000	RM'000
Central Region	551,033	510,998
Eastern Region	98,391	95,756
Northern Region	154,724	146,491
Southern Region	69,644	55,567
East Malaysia Region	34,678	26,420
	908,470	835,232

(i) Impaired financing by sector

	Group and Bank	
	31.03.2023	31.12.2022
	RM'000	RM'000
Mining and quarrying	260,618	257,925
Manufacturing (including agro-based)	37,546	37,452
Electricity, gas and water	2,419	467
Wholesale & retail trade, and hotels & restaurants	74,121	75,788
Construction	36,585	32,449
Transport, storage and communications	19,158	20,222
Finance, insurance, real estate and business activities	38,581	37,872
Education, health and others	2,677	2,158
Household sectors	436,765	370,899
	908,470	835,232

13. Financing, advances and others (continued)

(j) Movement of allowance for impairment on financing, advances and others

Group and Bank	Stage 1 RM'000	Stage 2 RM'000	Stage 3 RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 January 2022	487,308	303,998	272,660	1,063,966
Transfer to Stage 1	1,336	(1,194)	(142)	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(12,582)	13,174	(592)	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(1,753)	(16,769)	18,522	-
Net allowance made during the year	(149,026)	(56,960)	443,813	237,827
New financial assets originated or purchased	87,852	8,033	1,572	97,457
Financial assets that have been derecognised	(42,124)	(25,885)	(34,797)	(102,806)
Write-offs	-	-	(251,621)	(251,621)
Exchange differences	(4,960)	-	-	(4,960)
At 31 December 2022/1 January 2023	366,051	224,397	449,415	1,039,863
Transfer to Stage 1	570	(505)	(65)	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(9,887)	14,525	(4,638)	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(137)	(24,040)	24,177	-
Net allowance made during the period	(21,521)	18,501	71,583	68,563
New financial assets originated or purchased	22,642	2,156	312	25,110
Financial assets that have been derecognised	(9,910)	(2,152)	(1,664)	(13,726)
Write-offs	-	-	(48,496)	(48,496)
Exchange differences	(1,663)	-	-	(1,663)
At 31 March 2023	346,145	232,882	490,624	1,069,651

14. Other assets

	Group		Bai	nk
	31.03.2023	31.12.2022	31.03.2023	31.12.2022
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Other receivables	267,506	550,417	222,695	458,443
Deposit and prepayments	65,466	53,241	57,846	45,939
Related companies*	1,185	1,174	1,245	1,175
	334,157	604,832	281,786	505,557
Less: Allowance for impairment				
Stage 3				
- Other receivables	(4,086)	(4,086)	(4,086)	(4,086)
	330,071	600,746	277,700	501,471

* This relates to amounts due from holding and related companies that are unsecured, not subject to compensation charges for late payment and repayment is neither fixed nor expected.

15. Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities

The statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

	Group		Bai	nk
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000
Right-of-use assets (Buildings)				
As at 1 January 2023/ 2022	184,383	196,000	183,959	195,614
Addition	-	5,569	-	5,059
Depreciation	(4,524)	(17,198)	(4,397)	(16,726)
Effects of movement in exchange rates	-	12	-	12
As at 31 March 2023/ 31 December				
2022	179,859	184,383	179,562	183,959
Lease liabilities				
As at 1 January 2023/ 2022	295,585	303,448	295,167	302,984
Addition	-	5,569	-	5,059
Payment of lease liabilities	(7,661)	(30,240)	(7,519)	(29,669)
Finance cost	4,125	16,796	4,120	16,781
Effects of movement in exchange rates	-	12		12
As at 31 March 2023/ 31 December				
2022	292,049	295,585	291,768	295,167

16. Deposits from customers

a) By type and Shariah contract

	Gro	oup	Bank	
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000
Saving Deposit				
Qard	6,774,656	6,646,714	6,774,656	6,646,714
Demand Deposit				
Qard	12,527,916	13,724,699	12,533,642	13,830,033
Term Deposit	37,872,187	40,220,734	37,880,633	40,229,611
General Investment Deposit				
Mudharabah	104,771	118,094	104,771	118,094
Term Deposit – i				
Tawarruq	36,951,523	39,982,616	36,959,969	39,991,493
Negotiable Islamic Debt				
Certificates (NIDC)	815,893	120,024	815,893	120,024
Others	108,613	115,357	108,613	115,357
Total Deposits	57,283,372	60,707,504	57,297,544	60,821,715

16. Deposits from customers (continued)

b) Maturity structure of term deposits are as follows:

	Group		Bank	
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000
Due within six months	25,501,992	27,734,736	25,502,625	27,736,556
More than six months to one year	7,604,172	7,680,524	7,610,806	7,685,806
More than one year to three years	2,099,055	2,074,887	2,100,234	2,076,662
More than three years to five years	2,666,968	2,730,587	2,666,968	2,730,587
	37,872,187	40,220,734	37,880,633	40,229,611

c) By type of customers

	Group		Bai	nk
	31.03.2023	31.12.2022	31.03.2023	31.12.2022
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Domestic non-bank financial				
institutions	6,368,184	6,590,672	6,382,356	6,704,883
Business enterprises	16,268,505	21,229,580	16,268,505	21,229,580
Government and statutory bodies	21,862,557	20,848,877	21,862,557	20,848,877
Individuals	8,894,632	8,748,143	8,894,632	8,748,143
Domestic banking institutions	697,503	349,296	697,503	349,296
Others	3,191,991	2,940,936	3,191,991	2,940,936
	57,283,372	60,707,504	57,297,544	60,821,715

17. Investment accounts of customers

(a) By type and Shariah contract

	Group		Bar	ık
	31.03.2023	31.12.2022	31.03.2023	31.12.2022
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Unrestricted investment account	nts			
Without maturity				
Mudharabah	13,735,429	7,313,658	13,735,429	7,313,658
- Saving	5,126,836	5,086,821	5,126,836	5,086,821
- Demand	8,608,593	2,226,837	8,608,593	2,226,837
With maturity				
Wakalah	6,770,470	7,147,781	6,887,889	7,251,304
	20,505,899	14,461,439	20,623,318	14,564,962
Investment portfolio:				
- House financing	17,120,664	10,887,549	17,179,374	10,939,310
- Personal financing	3,385,235	3,573,890	3,443,944	3,625,652
	20,505,899	14,461,439	20,623,318	14,564,962

17. Investment accounts of customers (continued)

(a) By type and Shariah contract (continued)

	Gr	oup	Bank	
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000
Restricted investment acco With maturity	unts ("RIA") manaş	ged by the Bank^		
Wakalah	7	43	7	43
Investment portfolio: - Other term financing	7	43	7	43

^ The Bank has an arrangement with Lembaga Tabung Haji where the Bank acts as an investment agent to manage and administer the RIA.

(b) By type of customers

	Group		Bank	
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000
Individuals Government and statutory	5,411,571	5,390,121	5,411,571	5,390,121
bodies	12,466,788	5,359,249	12,466,788	5,359,249
Business enterprises	1,942,694	2,561,251	1,942,694	2,561,251
Non-bank financial institutions	511,871	971,742	629,289	1,075,265
International Islamic Bank	38,340	11,005	38,340	11,005
Others	134,635	168,071	134,635	168,071
	20,505,899	14,461,439	20,623,318	14,564,962

18. Other liabilities

	Gre	oup	Bai	nk
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000
Other payables	759,439	1,126,596	732,794	968,098
Dividend payable	76,296	224,148	76,296	224,148
Advance payment	559,043	580,612	558,884	580,433
Accruals	65,222	139,608	62,476	137,783
	1,460,000	2,070,964	1,430,450	1,910,462

19. Income derived from investment of depositors' funds

Group and Bank	3 mont	3 months ended		
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000		
Income derived from investment of:				
(i) Saving and demand deposits	262,563	205,481		
(ii) General investment deposits	1,854	1,762		
(iii) Term deposit-i	533,840	369,699		
(iv) Other deposits	3,872	10,692		
-	802,129	587,634		

(i) Income derived from investment of saving and demand deposits

Group and Bank	3 months en	
-	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	RM'000	RM'000
Finance income and hibah		
Financing, advances and others	216,551	180,616
Financial assets:		
- at FVTPL	1,501	195
- at FVOCI	16,205	15,316
- at AC	7,682	2,636
Money at call and deposit with financial institutions	11,394	4,786
	253,333	203,549
Other dealing income		
Net gain from sale of financial assets at FVTPL	307	727
Net (loss)/gain on revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL	(318)	984
	(11)	1,711
Other operating income		
Net gain from sale of financial assets at FVOCI	9,241	221
	262,563	205,481
of which		
Financing income earned on impaired financing	4,424	2,859
Unwinding of net modification loss	2,225	3,435

19. Income derived from investment of depositors' funds (continued)

(ii) Income derived from investment of general investment deposits

Money at call and deposits with financial institutions

Group and Bank	3 mont	hs ended
-	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000
Finance income and hibah		
Financing, advances and others	1,588	1,579
Financial assets:		
- at FVTPL	8	1
- at FVOCI	94	112
- at AC	45	19
Money at call and deposits with financial institutions	66	36
	1,801	1,747
Other dealing income		
Net gain from sale of financial assets at FVTPL	1	5
Net (loss)/gain on revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL	(2)	8
	(1)	13
Other operating income		
Net gain from sale of financial assets at FVOCI	54	2
	1,854	1,762
of which		
Financing income earned on impaired financing	26	21
Unwinding of net modification loss	13	25
i) Income derived from investment of term deposit-i		
Group and Bank	3 mont	hs ended
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	RM'000	RM'000
Finance income and hibah		
Financing, advances and others	440,334	324,967
Financial assets:	·	
- at FVTPL	3,091	350
- at FVOCI	32,950	27,557
- at AC	15,626	4,742
	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

23,205

515,206

8,607

366,223

19. Income derived from investment of depositors' funds (continued)

(iii) Income derived from investment of term deposits (continued)

Group and Bank 3 mor		ths ended	
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Other dealing income			
Net gain from sale of financial assets at FVTPL	564	1,320	
Net (loss)/gain on revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL	(631)	1,758	
	(67)	3,078	
Other operating income			
Net gain from sale of financial assets at FVOCI	18,701	398	
	533,840	369,699	
of which			
Financing income earned on impaired financing	9,017	5,154	
Unwinding of net modification loss	4,534	6,177	

(iv) Income derived from investment of other deposits

Group and Bank	3 mon	3 months ended		
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000		
Finance income and hibah				
Financing, advances and others	3,196	9,403		
Financial assets:				
- at FVTPL	27	10		
- at FVOCI	239	798		
- at AC	114	136		
Money at call and deposits with financial institutions	174	244		
	3,750	10,591		

19. Income derived from investment of depositors' funds (continued)

(iv) Income derived from investment of other deposits (continued)

Group and Bank	3 months ended		
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Other dealing income			
Net (loss)/ gain from sale of financial assets at FVTPL	(2)	42	
Net (loss)/ gain on revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL	(3)	46	
	(5)	88	
Other operating income			
Net gain from sale of financial assets at FVOCI	127	13	
	3,872	10,692	
of which			
Financing income earned on impaired financing	68	143	
Unwinding of net modification loss	33	166	

20. Income derived from investment account funds

Group and Bank	3 months ended		
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000	
Finance income			
Unrestricted investment accounts			
- Mudharabah	88,091	58,002	
- Wakalah	84,112	43,183	
Unwinding of net modification loss	2,207	1,866	
	174,410	103,051	

21. Income derived from investment of shareholders' funds

		oup ths ended	Ba 3 mont	nk hs ended
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000
Finance income and hibah				
Financing, advances and others	3,377	2,992	3,377	2,992
Financial assets at FVOCI	46,532	40,416	46,532	40,416
Money at call and deposits with				
financial institutions	106	69	1	1
	50,015	43,477	49,910	43,409
Other dealing income				
Net gain/ (loss) from foreign exchange				
transactions	17,262	(3,625)	17,262	(3,625)
Net gain/ (loss) on revaluation of	2 412	(22, 575)	2 417	(22, (42))
financial assets at FVTPL	2,413 1	(23,575)	2,417	(23,642)
Net derivatives gain		(27, 100)	10 (90	
	19,676	(27,199)	19,680	(27,266)
Other operating income				
Gross dividend income from:				
- Quoted in Malaysia	-	6	-	-
- Unit trust in Malaysia	502	7,793	329	7,732
- Income from rebate on investment in				
unit trust	313	561	313	561
	815	8,360	642	8,293
Fees and commission				
Fees	43,094	45,697	39,852	37,864
Commission	7,938	5,886	8,570	7,572
Others	5,553	6,773	3,656	4,095
	56,585	58,356	52,078	49,531
Other income				
Rental income	181	200	280	553
Other income	39	65	34	19
	220	265	314	572
	127,311	83,259	122,624	74,539
	7-	- 7	7 -	7

22. Net allowance for impairment on financing and advances

Group and Bank	3 months ended		
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Net allowance for impairment on financing, advances and others			
- Stage 1	(8,789)	(28,451)	
- Stage 2	18,505	58,237	
- Stage 3	70,231	32,887	
	79,947	62,673	
Bad debts and financing recovered	(17,977)	(19,364)	
-	61,970	43,309	

23. Income attributable to depositors

	Gr	oup	Bank		
	3 mont	ths ended	3 months ended		
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Deposits from customers					
- Mudharabah fund	226	355	226	355	
- Non-Mudharabah fund	383,657	202,090	383,717	202,141	
Deposits and placements of banks and other financial institutions					
- Mudharabah fund	2	-	2	-	
- Non-Mudharabah fund	641	21	641	21	
Recourse obligation on financing sold					
to Cagamas	33,329	21,353	33,329	21,353	
	417,855	223,819	417,915	223,870	

24. Income attributable to investment account holders

	Gro 3 montl	up 1s ended	Bank 3 months ended		
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000	
Unrestricted investment accounts - Mudharabah	18,540	5,032	18,540	5,032	
- Wakalah	60,120	22,010	60,856	22,543	
	78,660	27,042	79,396	27,575	

25. Personnel expenses

	Group 3 months ended		Bank 3 months ended	
	3 mont 31.03.2023 RM'000	ns ended 31.03.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000
Salaries, allowances and bonuses	160,066	134,238	151,736	128,564
Employees' Provident Fund	23,470	22,097	22,308	21,256
Other staff related costs	28,802	22,209	27,709	21,634
	212,338	178,544	201,753	171,454

26. Other overhead expenses

		Group 3 months ended		nk
	3 mont 31.03.2023	hs ended 31.03.2022	3 month 31.03.2023	hs ended 31.03.2022
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Promotion	1= 110	10 504	1= 110	10 50 6
Credit and debit card expenses	17,113	12,786	17,113	12,786
Advertisement and publicity	4,838	1,836	4,824	1,793
Others	2,847	4,492	2,045	1,715
	24,798	19,114	23,982	16,294
Establishment				
Office rental	7,580	7,737	7,550	7,699
Depreciation of property and equipment	12,263	14,327	12,054	14,112
Amortisation of intangible assets	5,715	256	5,715	256
Depreciation right-of-use assets	4,524	4,161	4,397	4,046
Information technology expenses	25,740	20,752	25,740	20,752
Security services	2,537	2,397	2,537	2,397
Utilities	2,432	3,128	2,383	3,060
Office maintenance	3,080	2,198	2,956	2,122
Rental of equipment	1,461	1,601	1,389	1,525
Takaful	3,148	1,996	3,136	1,981
Others	283	284	283	283
	68,763	58,837	68,140	58,233
General expenses				
Outsourcing fees and management fees	3,674	3,615	10,654	7,877
Office supplies	2,303	1,708	2,293	1,682
Subscription fees	3,004	3,515	3,001	3,515
SMS service charges	6,227	4,492	6,227	4,492
Security services – cash in transit	1,207	570	1,207	570
Professional fees	3,977	1,934	3,883	1,770
Others	26,849	18,782	24,903	15,247
	47,241	34,616	52,168	35,153
	140,802	112,567	144,290	109,680

27. Finance cost

		Gro		Bank 3 months ended		
	Note	3 mont 31.03.2023 RM'000	hs ended 31.03.2022 RM'000	3 month 31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000	
Finance cost: - Subordinated sukuk and capital						
securities		23,116	20,513	23,116	20,513	
- Profit expense on leases	15	4,125	4,244	4,120	4,239	
-	•	27,241	24,757	27,236	24,752	

28. Segmental Reporting on Revenue, Profit and Assets

Group	Consumer Banking RM'000	Corporate and Commercial Banking RM'000	Treasury RM'000	Shareholders unit RM'000	Elimination RM'000	Total RM'000
3 months ended 31 March 2023						
Total Revenue	664,935	226,450	204,282	17,050	(8,856)	1,103,861
Net fund based income	263,029	138,419	14,617	85,935	-	502,000
Non-fund based income	42,186	9,743	45,328	16,149	(8,060)	105,346
Net income	305,215	148,162	59,945	102,084	(8,060)	607,346
Net allowance for impairment	(51,783)	(10,187)	142	-	-	(61,828)
Profit before overheads, zakat & tax	253,432	137,975	60,087	102,084	(8,060)	545,518
Operating expenses						(383,994)
Profit before zakat & tax					-	161,524
3 months ended 31 March 2022						
Total Revenue	520,414	151,587	84,261	24,005	(6,295)	773,972
Net fund based income	296,838	113,354	18,488	49,096	-	477,776
Non-fund based income	41,447	7,946	(21,700)	23,353	(5,711)	45,335
Net income	338,285	121,300	(3,212)	72,449	(5,711)	523,111
Net allowance for impairment	(21,405)	(21,905)	(1,711)	(353)	-	(45,374)
Profit before overheads, zakat & tax	316,880	99,395	(4,923)	72,096	(5,711)	477,737
-						
Operating expenses						(318,413)

28. Segmental Reporting on Revenue, Profit and Assets (continued)

	Consumer Banking RM'000	Corporate and Commercial Banking RM'000	Treasury RM'000	Shareholders unit RM'000	Elimination RM'000	Total RM'000
At 31 March 2023 Segment assets Unallocated assets Total assets	48,897,702	16,227,702	24,097,904	371,138	(271,943)	89,322,503 2,751,947 92,074,450
<u>At 31 March 2022</u> Segment assets Unallocated assets Total assets	45,111,529	13,582,420	19,784,885	375,020	(278,221)	78,575,633 1,925,291 80,500,924

29. Fair value of Financial Instruments

Fair value hierarchy

MFRS 13 specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources and unobservable inputs reflect the Group's market assumptions. The fair value hierarchy is as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted price (unadjusted) in active markets for the identical assets or liabilities. This level includes quoted equity securities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). This level includes debt instruments, profit rates swap and structured debt. The sources of input parameters include Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) indicative yields or counterparty credit risk.
- Level 3 Inputs for asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). This level includes equity instruments and debt instruments with significant unobservable components.

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value and those not carried at fair value for which fair value is disclosed, together with their fair values and carrying amounts shown in the statement of financial position. The table does not include those short-term/on demand financial assets and financial liabilities where the carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of their fair values.

29. Fair value of Financial Instruments (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Group 31 March 2023 RM'000	Fa Level 1	ir value of fina carried at Level 2	nncial instrum t fair value Level 3	nents Total	Fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value Level 3	Total fair value	Carrying amount
<i>Financial assets</i> Financial assets at FVTPL		1 110 (8)		1 110 (8)		1 110 (8)	1 110 /8/
Derivative financial assets	-	1,118,676	-	1,118,676	-	1,118,676	1,118,676
Financial assets at FVOCI	-	38,494	-	38,494	-	38,494	38,494
Financial assets at AC	6,579	12,422,370	69,039	12,497,988	-	12,497,988	12,497,988
	-	-	-	-	3,234,676	3,234,676	3,274,635
Financing, advances and others	-	-	-	-	68,412,345	68,412,345	65,125,404
Financial liabilities							
Derivative financial liabilities	_	40,470		40,470		40,470	40,470
Recourse obligations on financing sold		40,470		40,470	_	40,470	40,470
to Cagamas	-	-	-	-	3,020,255	3,020,255	3,005,343
Subordinated sukuk and capital securities	-	-	-	-	2,191,324	2,191,324	2,224,723
	_						
31 December 2022 RM'000 <i>Financial assets</i>							
Financial assets at FVTPL	_	299,128	_	299,128	_	299,128	299,128
Derivative financial assets	_	123,000	_	123,000	_	123,000	123,000
Financial assets at FVOCI	7.000	12,017,378	69,039	12,093,417		12,093,417	12,093,417
Financial assets at AC	7,000	12,017,570	07,057		3,008,360	3,008,360	3,055,256
Financing, advances and others	-	-	-	-	68,151,645	68,151,645	64,901,994
Financial liabilities							
Derivative financial liabilities	_	137,324	_	137,324	_	137,324	137,324
Recourse obligations on financing sold		107,024		107,024		101,024	107,024
to Cagamas Subordinated sukuk and capital	-	-	-	-	3,011,090	3,011,090	3,005,343
securities	-	-	-	-	2,181,013	2,181,013	2,222,092

29. Fair value of Financial Instruments (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Bank 31 March 2023 RM'000	Level 1	Fair value of fir carried : Level 2	nancial instrur at fair value Level 3	nents Total	Fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value Level 3	Total fair value	Carrying amount	
	Lever	Lever	Levers	Tour	Levero	iun vuiue	uniouni	
Financial assets								
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	1,092,115	-	1,092,115	-	1,092,115	1,092,115	
Derivative financial assets	-	38,494	-	38,494	-	38,494	38,494	
Financial assets at FVOCI	6,579	12,422,370	69,926	12,498,875	-	12,498,875	12,498,875	
Financial assets at AC	-	-	-	-	3,234,676	3,234,676	3,274,635	
Financing, advances and others	-	-	-	-	68,412,345	68,412,345	65,125,404	
Financial liabilities								
Derivative financial liabilities	-	40,470	-	40,470	-	40,470	40,470	
Recourse obligations on financing						-		
sold to Cagamas Subordinated sukuk and capital	-	-	-	-	3,020,255	3,020,255	3,005,343	
securities	-	-	-	-	2,191,324	2,191,324	2,224,723	
31 December 2022 RM'000								
Financial assets								
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	272,735	-	272,735	-	272,735	272,735	
Derivative financial assets	-	123,000	-	123,000	-	123,000	123,000	
Financial assets at FVOCI	7,000	12,017,378	69,926	12,094,304	-	12,094,304	12,094,304	
Financial assets at AC	-	-	-	-	3,008,360	3,008,360	3,055,256	
Financing, advances and others	-	-	-	-	68,151,645	68,151,645	64,901,994	
Financial liabilities								
Derivative financial liabilities	_	137,324	_	137,324	-	137,324	137,324	
Recourse obligations on financing		107,024		157,524		101,021	107,024	
sold to Cagamas Subordinated sukuk and capital	-	-	-	-	3,011,090	3,011,090	3,005,343	
securities	-	-	-	-	2,181,013	2,181,013	2,222,092	

29. Fair value of Financial Instruments (continued)

Unobservable inputs used in measuring fair value

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in the determination of fair values within Level 3, as well as the key unobservable inputs used in the valuation models.

(a) Financial instruments carried at fair value

Туре	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Financial assets measured at FVOCI	Net tangible assets	Net tangible assets	Higher net tangible assets results in higher fair value

(b) Financial instruments not carried at fair value

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair values of the following classes of financial instruments:

(i) Other financial assets at amortised cost

The fair values of securities that are actively traded is determined by quoted mid prices. For non-actively traded securities, the fair values are estimated using valuation techniques such as discounted cash flows analysis. Where discounted cash flows technique is used, the estimated future cash flows are discounted using applicable prevailing market or indicative rates of similar instruments at the reporting date.

(ii) Financing, advances and others

The fair values of variable rate financing are estimated to approximate their carrying values. For fixed rate financing, the fair values are estimated based on expected future cash flows of contractual instalment payments, discounted at applicable and prevailing rates at reporting date offered for similar facilities to new borrowers with similar credit profiles. In respect of impaired financing, the fair values are deemed to approximate the carrying values which are net of impairment allowances.

(iii) Borrowings, subordinated sukuk and capital securities

The fair values of are estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using the applicable prevailing profit rates for borrowings with similar risk profiles.

30. Commitment and Contingencies

a) The commitment and contingencies and their related counterparty credit risk for the Group and Bank are as follows:

As at 31 March 2023	Principal Amount RM'000		Credit Equivalent Amount RM'000	Risk Weighted Asset RM'000
Credit related exposures				
Direct credit substitutes	555,054		555,054	601,594
Transaction related contingent items Short-term self-liquidating trade related	1,098,766		549,383	563,045
contingencies Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines, with an original maturity of:	334,339		66,868	66,264
- exceeding one year Any commitments that are unconditionally cancelled at any time by the bank without prior notice or that effectively provide for automatic cancellation due to deterioration in a borrower's creditworthiness	1,526,735 8 576 977		763,367	641,780
borrower's creativortimess	<u>8,576,977</u> 12,091,871	-		1,872,683
Derivative Financial Instruments	Principal Amount RM'000	Positive Fair Value of Derivative Contracts RM'000	Credit Equivalent Amount RM'000	Risk Weighted Asset RM'000
Foreign exchange related contracts				
- less than one year	7,808,934	38,371	122,396	83,041
Profit rate related contracts	. ,	00,012	,0 > 0	
- less than one year	32,749	123	132	99
-	7,841,683	38,494	122,528	83,140
Total	19,933,554	38,494	2,057,200	1,955,823

30. Commitment and Contingencies (continued)

a) The commitment and contingencies and their related counterparty credit risk for the Group and Bank are as follows (continued):

As at 31 December 2022	Principal Amount RM'000		Credit Equivalent Amount RM'000	Risk Weighted Asset RM'000
Credit related exposures				
Direct credit substitutes	533,884		533,884	578,339
Transaction related contingent items Short-term self-liquidating trade related	985,002		492,501	483,516
contingencies Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines, with an original maturity of:	407,370		81,474	80,143
 exceeding one year Any commitments that are unconditionally cancelled at any time by the bank without prior notice or that effectively provide for automatic cancellation due to deterioration in a 	1,392,315		696,158	575,432
borrower's creditworthiness	7,809,279	. –	-	-
	11,127,850		1,804,017	1,717,430
	Principal Amount RM'000	Positive Fair Value of Derivative Contracts RM'000	Credit Equivalent Amount RM'000	Risk Weighted Asset RM'000
Derivative Financial Instruments				
Foreign exchange related contracts				
- less than one year	7,713,420	122,827	212,579	78,664
Profit rate related contracts				
- one year to less than five years	42,286	173	501	325
	7,755,706	123,000	213,080	78,989
Total	18,883,556	123,000	2,017,097	1,796,419

b) Contingent liabilities

The Group and the Bank has no disclosure on contingent liabilities other than as disclosed in Note B9(c). The possible obligation to settle the litigation claim are subject to decision by the court and as the case are still preliminary, the settlement to the litigation claim may not be probable at this juncture and therefore no provision is recognised in the interim financial statements.

31. Capital adequacy

Total capital and capital adequacy ratios of the Bank have been computed based on BNM's Capital Adequacy Framework for Islamic Banks (Capital Components and Risk-Weighted Assets). The Bank has adopted the Standardised Approach for Credit Risk and Market Risk and the Basic Indicator Approach for Operational Risk.

The capital adequacy ratios of the Group and the Bank are set out below:

	Gro	Group		nk
	31.03.2023	31.12.2022	31.03.2023	31.12.2022
CET I capital ratio	15.125%	13.578%	14.752%	13.230%
Tier I capital ratio	16.256%	14.640%	15.890%	14.298%
Total capital ratio	21.232%	19.392%	20.889%	19.074%

The components of CET I, Tier I and Tier II capital:

	Group		Ban	k
	31.03.2023	31.12.2022	31.03.2023	31.12.2022
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Paid-up share capital	3,845,586	3,645,043	3,845,586	3,645,043
Retained earnings	3,072,304	3,096,604	3,081,612	3,105,912
Other reserves	147,671	54,596	36,701	(56,368)
Less:				
Deferred tax assets	(172,846)	(212,349)	(171,874)	(211,377)
Investment in subsidiaries	-	-	(100,905)	(100,905)
Intangible assets	(48,864)	(54,578)	(48,864)	(54,578)
Regulatory reserves	(160,300)	(136,000)	(160,300)	(136,000)
Total CET I Capital	6,683,551	6,393,316	6,481,956	6,191,727
Capital securities	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000
Total Tier I Capital	7,183,551	6,893,316	6,981,956	6,691,727
Subordinated sukuk	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000
Loss provision ^	498,666	537,883	496,347	535,095
Total Tier II Capital	2,198,666	2,237,883	2,196,347	2,235,095
-				
Total Capital	9,382,217	9,131,199	9,178,303	8,926,822

^ Impairment allowances on non-impaired financing and regulatory reserve, subject to maximum of 1.25% of total credit risk-weighted assets less credit absorbed by unrestricted investment accounts.

31. Capital adequacy (continued)

The breakdown of risk-weighted assets by each major risk category is as follows:

	Group		Bank	
	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000
Credit risk Less : Credit risk absorbed by	54,384,882	53,650,821	54,296,106	53,513,221
unrestricted investment accounts	(14,491,563)	(10,620,157)	(14,588,395)	(10,705,652)
	39,893,319	43,030,664	39,707,711	42,807,569
Market risk	291,199	84,876	291,199	84,876
Operational risk	4,004,524	3,971,313	3,939,344	3,909,361
	44,189,042	47,086,853	43,938,254	46,801,806

Explanatory notes pursuant to Appendix 9B of the listing requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

B1. Performance review for the three months ended 31 March 2023

Current Year-to-date vs. Previous Year-to-date

	Gro	Group			
	3 months	3 months ended			
	31.03.2023 31.03.2022		Varian	ance	
Key Profit or Loss Items:	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	%	
Revenue	1,103,861	773,972	329,889	42.6	
Net Income	607,346	523,111	84,235	16.1	
Profit Before Zakat and Taxation ("PBZT")	161,524	159,324	2,200	1.4	
Profit After Zakat and Taxation ("PAZT")	118,088	105,917	12,171	11.5	

Bank Islam Group ("Bank Islam" or "the Group") recorded a PBZT of RM161.5 million for the three months ended 31 March 2023, higher by 1.4% over the corresponding period in 2022. This was mainly contributed by higher net income, offset by higher net allowance for impairment on financing and advances and higher total overheads. With the absence of one-off Cukai Makmur prosperity tax, PAZT has increased 11.5% to RM118.1 million for the period.

The performance translates to Group's earnings per share of 5.33 sen and annualised Return on Equity ("ROE") of 7.0% (after tax and zakat).

The increase in Group's net income was due to higher non-fund-based income which improved by RM60.0 million or 132.4% mainly driven by higher net gain from sale of financial assets at FVOCI, net gain on revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL and net gain from foreign exchange transactions. The net income further improved by higher net fund-based income which increased by RM24.2 million or 5.1% primarily driven by year-on-year financing growth.

The Group's net allowance for impairment on financing and advances increased by RM16.5 million or 36.3% to RM61.8 million as compared to the previous corresponding three months ended 31 March 2022.

Total overheads for the three months ended 31 March 2023 recorded an increase of RM63.1 million or 21.5% to RM356.7 million as compared to the previous corresponding period in 2022. The increase in overhead expenses was due to higher staff costs, general expenses and establishment expenses by RM33.8 million, RM12.6 million and RM9.9 million respectively.

The Group's total assets grew year-on-year by 14.4% to stood at RM92.1 billion as of 31 March 2023. Net assets per share was at RM3.20.

Gross financing grew by 10.7% year-on-year to RM66.2 billion, while customer deposits and investment accounts stood at RM77.8 billion with a year-on-year increase of RM9.7 billion or 14.3%. This was mainly attributable to the healthy year-on-year growth of 25.9% or RM6.8 billion in total current and saving accounts and transactional investment accounts ("CASATIA") to stood at RM33.0 billion. This composition made a healthy level of 42.5% of total customer deposits and investment accounts.

As at 31 March 2023, the gross impaired financing ratio was 1.37% compared to 1.27% at end December 2022.

The Group's Total Capital Ratio remained strong at 21.2% as at 31 March 2023.

B1. Performance review for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

Current Year-to-date vs. Previous Year-to-date (continued)

Operating Segment

Consumer Banking's reported net income of RM305.2 million for the financial period ended 31 March 2023, 9.8% lower than the corresponding period mainly due to lower net fund-based income. Segment assets for Consumer Banking as at end March 2022 stood at RM48.9 billion, a year-on-year growth of 8.4%, mainly driven by growth in house financing and personal financing.

Corporate and Commercial Banking recorded net income of RM148.2 million, higher by 22.1% from the corresponding period, attributed by both higher net fund-based income and higher non-fund-based income. Total segment assets stood at RM16.2 billion.

Treasury registered a net income of RM59.9 million for the period, higher by more than 100% as compared to the corresponding period due to higher net gain from sale of financial assets at FVOCI, net gain on revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL and net gain from foreign exchange transactions. Treasury assets stood at RM24.1 billion.

B2. Comparison with the preceding quarter's results for the three months performance (First Quarter 2023 vs. Fourth Quarter 2022)

	Gro	Group			
	3 months	3 months ended			
	31.03.2023 31.12.2022		Varian	ariance	
Key Profit or Loss Items:	RM'000 RM'000		RM'000	%	
Revenue	1,103,861	1,045,678	58,183	5.6	
Net Income	607,346	627,122	(19,776)	-3.2	
Profit Before Zakat and Taxation ("PBZT")	161,524	187,311	(25,787)	-13.8	
Profit After Zakat and Taxation ("PAZT")	118,088	125,738	(7,650)	-6.1	

For the first quarter ended 31 March 2023 ("1Q2023"), the Group reported a PBZT of RM161.5 million, a decrease of RM25.8 million or 13.8% against the preceding quarter ended 31 December 2022 ("4Q2022"). The decrease in PBZT was mainly due to higher net allowance for financing and advances and lower net income, mitigated by lower total overheads.

The Group's net allowance for impairment on financing and advances was higher by RM24.0 million to RM62.0 million for 1Q2023 as compared to 4Q2022 of RM38.0 million.

The Group's net income fell by RM19.8 million or 3.2% mainly due to lower net fund-based income by RM46.8 million or 8.5% particularly due to higher income attributable to depositors and investment account holders. The decrease in net income was however mitigated by higher non-fund-based income of RM27.0 million or 34.4% mainly driven by higher net gain from sale of financial assets at FVOCI and net gain from foreign exchange transactions.

Total overheads were lower by RM15.5 million or 4.2% over 4Q2022 overheads mainly due to lower staff costs by RM38.9 million, offset by higher establishment expenses and general expenses by RM12.1 million and RM11.6 million respectively.

B3. Prospects for 2023

Overall, the Malaysian economy is off to a strong start when the country's Gross Domestic Production expanded by 5.6% during 1Q2023 as indicated in Bank Negara Malaysia's Quarterly Bulletin for First Quarter 2023 issued on 12 May 2023, surpassing its regional neighbours such as Indonesia, China, Vietnam and Singapore, suggesting that 2023-year performance target of between 4.0% and 5.0% is plausible. Such growth is buoyed by resilient domestic spending, given solid private expenditure and a further improvement in the labour market conditions. This bodes well for the Group's prospects, which are primarily in retail banking.

While the current economic indicators paint an optimistic picture for the rest of the year, the second half of the year remains challenging as the economy is still subject to external development risks, such as dimmer global growth prospects. Though the Malaysian economic growth in the upcoming quarters are anticipated to come in lower, it is believed that several upside risks could counterbalance the 2H2023 growth headwinds, including the positive spillover from China's economic reopening, further improvements in the labour market and the continuation of megaprojects.

Bank Islam's primary focus for 2023 is to manage its liquidity or funding cost and enhancing its profitability. In addition to ongoing efforts to increase CASA (current accounts and savings accounts) and operational accounts, other initiatives are also being looked upon to preserve its net income margin. To fulfill the growth strategy outlined in Bank Islam's five-year business plan (LEAP25), the Bank will focus on its core strengths. The Bank continues to invest in digitalisation, enhance its mobile banking services, which have seen a year-on-year increase in user numbers and transaction volumes, and build strategic partnerships. Bank Islam is also committed to offering financial solutions across segments via its Retail Banking distribution and Premier Wealth Banking while Group Institutional Banking target operating model emphasizes client-centricity in developing the right products.

Recognising social finance as a driver of socio-economic development, the Bank is committed in creating impactful social outcomes by incorporating blended finance and funding escalator models into its social offerings. As of May 2023, Bank Islam had disbursed more than RM10 million in microfinance and philanthropic capital to support the initiatives in nurturing the unbanked to become bankable. Traction of customers' upward mobility in terms of credit worthiness has been encouraging, where the Bank's social finance arm, Sadaqa House has impacted more than 10,000 beneficiaries since its establishment. Through these efforts, Bank Islam aspires to become the leading bank for financial inclusion, enabling effective wealth circulation within the community. Beyond the launching the Bank Islam's ESG Risk Management Framework for assessment scorecards and mechanism for ESG and climate risk, the Bank will also support its customers in their transition to low carbon development, promoting the ESG and climate change agenda in line with the National Budget 2023.

B4. Variance from profit forecast and profit guarantee

The Group neither made any profit forecast nor issued any profit guarantee.

B5. Tax expense

Major components of tax expense

	3 months	ended
Group	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000
Malaysia income tax:		
Current year	22,229	36,848
Over provision in prior years	(5)	(10)
	22,224	36,838
Deferred tax expense relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences arising from:		
Current year	17,501	12,361
(Over)/Under provision in prior years	(39)	459
	17,462	12,820
	39,686	49,658

A reconciliation of effective tax expense for the Group is as follows:

	3 months of	ended
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Group	RM'000	RM'000
Profit before tax	161,524	159,324
Income tax calculated using		
Malaysian tax rate of 24%	38,766	38,238
Impact of Cukai Makmur	-	10,517
Income not subject to tax	(80)	(26)
Non-deductible expenses	1,609	1,201
Zakat	(565)	(721)
(Over)/Under provision in prior years	(44)	449
Tax expense	39,686	49,658

As per Finance Act 2021 gazetted on 31 December 2021, effective for Year of Assessment ("YA") 2022, a special one-off tax ("Cukai Makmur") was introduced on companies with chargeable income in excess of RM100.0 million. The excess is taxed at a rate of 33% (first RM100.0 million of chargeable income will be taxed at 24%). Cukai Makmur is no longer applicable for YA 2023.

B6. Status of corporate proposals

There has been no new corporate proposal since the date of last quarterly report.

B7. Status of utilisation of proceeds raised from corporate proposals

The proceeds raised from the issuance of borrowings, subordinated sukuk and capital securities in prior years have been used for working capital, general banking and other corporate purposes, as intended.

B8. Borrowings, subordinated sukuk and capital securities

	As at 31.03.2023			
RM'000	Long term	Short term	Total borrowings	
Secured				
- Recourse obligations on financing sold to Cagamas	3,000,000	5,343	3,005,343	
Unsecured				
- Subordinated Sukuk	1,700,000	22,178	1,722,178	
- Capital securities	500,000	2,545	502,545	
Total unsecured	2,200,000	24,723	2,224,723	

	As at 31.12.2022			
RM'000	Long term	Short term	Total borrowings	
Secured				
- Recourse obligations on financing sold to Cagamas	3,000,000	5,343	3,005,343	
Unsecured				
- Subordinated Sukuk	1,700,000	12,903	1,712,903	
- Capital securities	500,000	9,189	509,189	
Total unsecured	2,200,000	22,092	2,222,092	

	As at 31.03.2022			
RM'000	Long term	Short term	Total borrowings	
Secured				
- Recourse obligations on financing sold to Cagamas	2,000,000	1,721	2,001,721	
Unsecured				
- Subordinated Sukuk	1,700,000	327,882	2,027,882	

The borrowings, subordinated sukuk and capital securities comprise the following:

a) Recourse obligations on financing sold to Cagamas represents house financing accounts that are sold to Cagamas with recourse. Under the agreement, the Bank undertakes to administer the financing on behalf of Cagamas and to buy back any financing which are regarded as defective based on pre-determined and agreed-upon prudential criteria with recourse against the Bank. Such financing transactions and the obligation to buy back the financing are reflected as a liability on the statements of financial position.

The financing are not de-recognised and are analysed in Note 13(a). The details are as follows:

Nominal value RM'000		Issue date	Maturity Date	Profit rate (% p.a.)
(i)	1,500,000	25 May 2018	25 May 2023	4.75
(ii)	500,000	15 May 2021	15 May 2024	2.95
(iii)	1,000,000	4 November 2022	4 November 2027	4.83

B8. Borrowings, subordinated sukuk and capital securities (continued)

The borrowings, subordinated sukuk and capital securities comprise the following: (continued)

b) Subordinated sukuk and capital securities

	Nominal value RM'000	Issue date	First call date*	Maturity Date	Profit rate (% p.a.)#
Subo	ordinated sukuk				
(i)	300,000	7 November 2018	7 December 2023	7 November 2028	5.15
(ii)	400,000	26 March 2020	26 March 2025	26 March 2030	3.75
(iii)	700,000	21 October 2020	21 October 2025	21 October 2030	3.60
(iv)	300,000	12 November 2021	12 November 2026	12 November 2031	4.10
Capital securities					
(v)	500,000	24 August 2022	24 August 2027	Perpetual	5.16

* Optional redemption date or any periodic payment date thereafter. # Accrued and payable semi-annually in arrears.

On 14 November 2022, the Bank has exercised the call option and redeemed RM300 million in nominal value of the Subordinated Sukuk Murabahah under the RM1.0 billion Subordinated Sukuk Murabahah Programme.

B9. Material litigation

(a) On 20 August 2019, Bank Islam filed a civil suit against 5 Star Room Hotel Sdn Bhd ("Customer") and the guarantors, namely Tang Wooi Chon, Chunsi Kudkumkong, Tang Woan Rou and Tang Woanren (collectively be referred to as "the Defendants") claiming for an amount of RM120,738,812.69 being the outstanding financing facilities granted by Bank Islam to the Customer whose accounts had been defaulted.

On 8 November 2019, Bank Islam had filed an application for summary judgment (Order 14 ("O.14")). On 18 November 2019, Bank Islam had filed an application for striking out against the Defendants' Counter Claim (Order 18 ("O.18")).

On 4 December 2019, the Defendants had filed an application to transfer and consolidate the Kuala Lumpur case with the Alor Setar case ("the Application").

The High Court ("HC") had fixed 1 July 2020 for decision on O.14, O.18 and the Application.

The HC had allowed Bank Islam's application on O.14, O.18 and the Defendants' application to transfer this case to Alor Setar High Court was dismissed.

The HC also ordered the Defendants to pay costs of RM8,000.00 to Bank Islam.

Hence, the Summary Judgment was recorded against the Defendants and the Defendants' Counter Claim was struck out.

On 9 July 2020, the Defendants had filed an appeal to Court of Appeal ("COA") against the HC's decision.

B9. Material litigation (continued)

(a) Continued...

On 19 August 2020, the Defendants had filed the application for stay of execution against the HC's decision.

On 1 October 2020, the HC had allowed the application with costs to be borne by Defendants.

On 27 October 2020, the COA had fixed for hearing (on the appeal) on 7 July 2021 and instructed the parties to file common bundle, written submissions and bundle of authorities by 16 June 2021.

On 7 July 2021, the COA had allowed Bank Islam's application to record summary judgment against the Appellants. Further the COA had allowed the Bank's application to strike out the Appellants' counterclaim and dismissed the Appellants' application to transfer and consolidate this case with the Alor Setar Suit. The COA had unanimously dismissed the appeal with costs of RMI0,000.00, subject to allocator.

On 24 August 2021, the Defendants had filed the motion for leave to appeal to Federal Court ("FC").

The FC had fixed the case management on 23 September 2021. On 23 September 2021, the case management has been postponed to 29 September 2021. On 29 September 2021, the FC had instructed the Defendants to file Notice of Motion for leave at Federal Court and the case management is fixed on 14 October 2021.

On 14 October 2021, the Defendants requested time to file Notice of Motion for leave to appeal at FC. The FC had fixed the case management on 29 October 2021. On 29 October 2021, the FC had instructed parties to file Affidavit in reply to the Notice of Motion and fixed the case management on 24 November 2021.

On 24 November 2021, the FC had directed parties to file Written Submissions and Bundle of Authorities by 3 March 2022.

Hearing of Motion for Extension of Time to File Leave to Appeal to FC and Motion for Leave to Appeal to FC fixed on 21 March 2022. The Court fixed another hearing date on 27 May 2022.

There were 3 issues brought to the FC which were as follows:-

- (a) Allowing Bank Islam's application to record Summary Judgment under (O.14) against the Appellants;
- (b) Allowing Bank Islam's application to strike out the Appellants' counterclaim (0.18); and
- (c) Dismissing the Appellants' application to transfer and consolidate this case with the Alor Setar suit.

After hearing both parties, the FC was of the opinion that there is a novel issue in relation to whether there is a need to state the Ibra clause in the certificate of indebtedness. This relates to the above item (a) allowing Summary Judgment under O.14 and not relevant to the other 2 applications under (b) and (c).

The Motion was allowed only for limited issues related to Ibra clause with costs in the cause. A Notice of Appeal is required to be filed by the Customer within 14 days time. The Order in relation to item (b) and (c) above were fully concluded. Item (a) will proceed with full appeal at the FC on the issue as stated above.

The Appellant filed appeal to FC, the 1st Case Management of the appeal was fixed on 29 July 2022. The next Case Management fixed on 12 August 2022 for the Appellants to file record of appeal. Meanwhile, the Appellants filed a Motion to stay of execution of judgment dated 1 July 2020 and all foreclosure proceedings initiated by the Bank.

B9. Material litigation (continued)

(a) Continued...

Hearing of the stay of execution was fixed on 4 October 2022. After hearing of the Motion to stay of execution, the FC has unanimously dismissed the stay of execution application. The proper appeal fixed for Case Management was on 14 October 2022. The FC further fixed on 28 November 2022 for hearing of appeal. Appellant appointed a new solicitor Dato' Seri Gopal Sri Ram to submit the appeal in the FC. The FC fixed for the hearing of appeal on 29 March 2023.

The Appellant requested to vacate the hearing of appeal in view of the passing of Dato' Seri Gopal Sri Ram. The FC then fixed on 16 June 2023 for hearing of the appeal.

(b) On 18 October 2021, Perbadanan Harta Intelek Malaysia ("Plaintiff") filed a civil suit against BIMB Investment Management Berhad ("First Defendant"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Bank and Ahmad Azwan Bin Aboo Mansor ("Second Defendant").

Plaintiff pleaded that the Defendants are liable for loss and damage caused by the Defendants fraudulent misrepresentation, negligent misrepresentation, negligence and breach of statutory duty on the placement of deposit in the sum of RM85,530,000.00 by Plaintiff to First Defendant upon representation made by Second Defendant to Plaintiff.

The sealed Writ and Statement of Claim dated 18 October 2021 was served to Messrs Ganesan & Irmohizam ("First Defendant's Solicitors") on 25 October 2021.

The Plaintiff claimed for the following:

- 1) RM43,958,509.29 being the difference between the balance sum and total principal sum deposited;
- 2) RM15,910,619.62 for lost of profit on deposit sum;
- 3) Alternatively, RM11,443,914.00 for lost of profit on deposit sum;
- 4) General damages;
- 5) Exemplary damages; and
- 6) Interest

The First Defendants Solicitors had entered Appearance on 8 November 2021 and has requested for an extension of two weeks from 24 November 2021 to file Defence. The Court fixed for next Case Management on 24 November 2021. On 24 November 2021, the Court directed First Defendant to file Defence on 8 December 2021 and Plaintiff to file Reply to Defence by 5 January 2022.

During the case management held on 18 July 2022, the Court made the following directions in relation to Enclosure 32 (First Defendant's Notice of Application seeking original documents for forensic examination:

- 1) Plaintiff shall file and serve its Affidavit in Reply on or before 29 July 2022;
- 2) First Defendant shall file and serve its Affidavit in Reply on or before 12 August 2022;
- 3) Both Parties shall file respective written submissions simultaneously on or before 23 August 2022;
- 4) Both Parties shall file respective written submissions in reply simultaneously on or before 30 August 2022.

The next Case Management is fixed on 26 April 2024, where the full trial of this suit has been scheduled on 27th, 28th and 29th of May 2024.

B9. Material litigation (continued)

(c) On 26 April 2022 a group of syndicated financiers including Bank Islam Malaysia Berhad, HSBC Amanah Malaysia Berhad, Ambank Islamic Berhad, MIDF Amanah Investment Bank Berhad, Standard Chartered Saadiq Berhad and United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Berhad filed a winding up petition against Serba Dinamik Holdings Berhad ("Customer") and Serba Dinamik Group Berhad, Serba Dinamik Sdn Bhd, Serba Dinamik Development Sdn Bhd, Serba Dinamik Controls Sdn Bhd ("Guarantors").

The Customer defaulted on payment of Syndicated Term Financing which involved RM1.2 billion (Bank Islam exposure RM245 million). The Customer made an application to Court for an appointment of Interim Judicial Managers ("IJM"). However, the application on IJM was withdrawn by the Customer citing majority of the financiers were opposing on the appointment of the Customer's choice of IJM and further indicated to Court that they will apply for Scheme of Arrangement under Section 366 instead.

Meanwhile, the syndicated financiers had proceeded with a winding up petition and appointment of an Interim Liquidator from PricewaterhouseCoopers Advisory Services Sdn Bhd ("PwC") which were filed in April 2022. The matters contested by the Customer by filing stay, striking out and cross examination applications. The Court fixed hearing of the applications on 8 June 2022.

At the same time, the Customer had filed for the preliminary draft of Scheme of Arrangement ("SOA") in the Commercial Court indicating the SOA proposal among others that payment will be made in tranches with full recovery expected by year 2025. There would be further discussions in respect to the detailed SOA proposal.

The SOA and other matters were fixed at the Creditors Meeting on 25 July 2022. The Court Convened Meeting ("CCM") was concluded and majority of the scheme creditors attended have voted and supported the proposed SOA.

As the Customer had breached the terms of the Scheme, the solicitor for the Syndicated Financiers issued a letter to the Court to advise that there has been a breach of the Scheme or the Consent Order which entitling the Syndicated Financiers to move for the Interim Liquidator ("IL"). On 23 August 2022, the Court allowed for the application of the IL.

The Interim Liquidator appointed was Victor Saw Seng Kee, the licensed liquidator from PwC. The Guarantors filed an application to stay and discharge of the Court Order on the Appointment of IL and to modify the Scheme. The Court fixed for the Case Management ("CM") on the application to stay and discharge on 15 September 2022 and hearing to modify the Scheme on 27 September 2022.

On CM date 18 October 2022, the solicitors for IL submitted that IL requires more time to complete their assessment on the viability of the Scheme and the Scheme funds. The IL was preparing an affidavit to update the Winding Up court on their current investigation status and indicated that they would extend this affidavit to the scheme court. The Judge fixed a CM date on 9 November 2022. At the Scheme Proceedings the Court ordered that all Originating Summons ("OS") (OS 812, 813, 814, 815 (Serba Dinamik Development Sdn Bhd) and 816 (Serba Dinamik Controls Sdn Bhd) to be struck out with liberty to file afresh.

During the CM, IL indicated that they were taking instructions on the filing of an Affidavit in Reply and the Court directed for any replies to be filed within 14 days and fixed for hearing of the application on 10 January 2023 together with the Syndicated Financiers' Winding Up Petition.

On 10 January 2023 the Winding Up order was granted against Serba Dinamik Holdings Bhd ("SDHB"), Serba Dinamik International Ltd ("SDIL"), Serba Dinamik Sdn Bhd ("SDSB") and Serba Dinamik Group Berhad ("SDGB") (collectively referred to as "Companies").

B9. Material litigation (continued)

(c) Continued...

The Companies filed appeal to the Court of Appeal against the dismissal of the Companies' application to adjourn the hearing of the Winding up petition and against the Winding up order dated 10 January 2023. The CM for the appeal was fixed on 11 April 2023.

In the meantime, the Companies sought for ad interim stay of the Winding Up Order pending disposal of the Stay Application. The Court was inclined to allow the ad interim stay. The proper hearing date for the Stay Application was fixed on 6 March 2023 and the decision was fixed on 16 March 2023 where the Court had dismissed the Stay Application. In the meantime, no further appeal filed by the Companies.

Meanwhile, the appeal to the Court of Appeal against the dismissal of the Companies' application to adjourn the hearing of the Winding up petition and against the Winding up order was fixed on 31 July 2023.

(d) Bank Islam filed a civil suit against Burwood Group Limited ("Customer") and 8 others, namely Robert Kokshoorn, Anthony Richard Witham, George Mavrogenis, Ooi Joo Fong, Dato' Mohd, Salleh Bin Yeop Abdul Rahman, Stephen Keith Lavender, BPA Group Limited and Dominic Andrla (collectively be referred to as "the Defendants") claiming for an amount of RM85,456,573.79 being the outstanding financing facilities granted by the Bank to the Customer whose accounts had been defaulted.

On 28 January 2022 the Bank filed civil suit against the Customer and all Guarantors. The latest summary updates of the suit are as follows:

- (i) On 25 August 2022, Judgement in Default ("JID") has been obtained against 2nd and 3rd Defendants.
- (ii) On 20 September 2022, JID has been obtained against 8th Defendant.
- (iii) Hearing for Summary Judgment Order 14 ("O.14") Application for 1st,4th, 5th and 6th Defendants has been fixed on 31 May 2023.
- (iv) Attempt to serve the writ to 9th Defendants has been postponed.
- (v) In the midst to serve Writ Summons against 7th Defendant.
- (e) Bank Islam filed a civil suit against Sawit Raya Oil (Kelantan) Sdn Bhd, Tan See Meng, Tan See Nong and Sawit Raya Sdn Bhd ("the Defendants") to recover the outstanding amount of RM234,621,328.53 for the financing granted to the first Defendant. The Writ Summons and the Statement of Claim were filed on 1 July 2022. The court has directed the Defendants to file Statement of Defence on or before 23 August 2022 and Reply to Defence on or before 6 September 2022. Defendants to file Affidavit In Reply on or before 17 October 2022 and the Bank to file Affidavit In Reply on or before 31 October 2022. The next Case Management ("CM") was fixed on 3 November 2022.

The Court has directed parties to file Written Submission on or before 18 November 2022 and Submission in Reply on or before 25 November 2022. The hearing of the application for Summary Judgment ("Hearing") has been fixed on 2 December 2022. The Hearing was postponed to 14 February 2023.

The Court has adjourned the hearing as the Defendants filed a Notice of Application to adduce an expert opinion. The next CM date was fixed on 27 February 2023 for the court to fix a date for the hearing of the said Notice of Application and Summary Judgment.

The Court has dismissed the Defendant's Application to adduce an expert opinion. The Court has fixed the hearing for the Bank's Summary Judgment application on 13 July 2023.

B9. Material litigation (continued)

- (f) On 24 November 2022, Chunsi Kudkumkong ("Plaintiff") filed a civil suit against Bank Islam ("Defendant"). The Plaintiff is a Director, Chargor and Guarantor for the following facilities granted by Bank Islam to 5 Star Room Hotel Sdn. Bhd. ("Customer"):
 - (a) Business Financing-i RM37,000,000.00;
 - (b) Business Cash Line-i (1) RM5,000,000.00;
 - (c) Business Cash Line-i (2) RM2,000,000.00;
 - (d) Business Cash Line-i (3) RM5,000,000.00.

The Customer had, previously initiated a civil suit against Bank Islam and failed when the High Court and the Court of Appeal dismissed the Customer's suit. The final decision was made by the Federal Court on 27 May 2022 whereby the Court also decided to dismiss the Customer's suit.

In this suit, the Plaintiff claims for the following:

- (a) Damages RM50,000,000.00;
- (b) Restitution RM53,420,697.04;
- (c) Severe damages RM50,000,000.00;
- (d) Exemplary damages RM50,000,000.00; and
- (e) General damages.

The first Case Management ("CM") was fixed on 22 December 2022. On the CM date before Deputy Registrar, the Plaintiff informed the Court that he would like to transfer this case to Kuala Lumpur High Court ("KLHC"). The Court directed the Plaintiff to file the transfer application by 17 January 2023. The hearing for the Transfer Application to KLHC was fixed on 6 March 2023.

The Alor Setar High Court has allowed the Plaintiff's application to transfer the proceeding to KLHC. The Court will update on the new case number and CM date in KLHC.

- (g) On 24 November 2022, Quantum Majesty Sdn Bhd ("Plaintiff") filed a civil suit against Bank Islam ("Defendant"). The Plaintiff is the Chargor to a property charged to Bank Islam for the following financings granted by Bank Islam to 5 Star Room Hotel Sdn Bhd ("Customer"):
 - (a) Business Financing-i RM37,000,000.00;
 - (b) Business Cash Line-i (1) RM5,000,000.00;
 - (c) Business Cash Line-i (2) RM2,000,000.00;
 - (d) Business Cash Line-i (3) RM5,000,000.00.

The Customer had, previously initiated a civil suit against Bank Islam and failed when the High Court and the Court of Appeal dismissed the Customer's suit. The final decision was made by the Federal Court on 27 May 2022 whereby the Court decided to dismiss the Customer's suit.

In this suit, the Plaintiff claims for the following:

- (a) Damages RM500,000,000.00;
- (b) Restitution RM53,420,697.04;
- (c) Severe damages RM500,000,000.00;
- (d) Exemplary damages RM500,000,000.00; and
- (e) General damages.

The first Case Management ("CM") was fixed on 22 December 2022. On the CM date before Deputy Registrar, the Plaintiff informed the Court that they would like to transfer this case to Kuala Lumpur High Court ("KLHC"). The Court directed the Plaintiff to file the transfer application by 17 January 2023. The next CM date is fixed on 14 February 2023. The hearing for the Transfer Application to KLHC was fixed on 13 March 2023.

The Alor Setar High Court has allowed the Plaintiff's application to transfer the proceeding to KLHC. The Court will update on the new case number and CM date in KLHC.

B9. Material litigation (continued)

(h) On 30 November 2022, Bank Islam ("the Bank") filed a civil suit against 1. Time Marine Services Sdn Bhd, 2. Omar Bin Khalid, 3. Azmel Hafiz Bin Azizt, and 4. Puteri Nazrahtul Binti Omar ("the Defendants") to recover the outstanding amount of RM19,985,772.78 for the financing granted to the first Defendant.

The Court has fixed for the Case Management ("CM") on 4 January 2023. The Court further fixed the CM on 17 February 2023 to record the Consent Judgment ("CJ"). The CJ has been recorded on the CM date.

Amongst the terms as stated in the CJ are as follows:

- (a) The Defendants to pay the outstanding balance of RM19,985,772.78 to the Bank; and
- (b) The Defendants to enter the payment arrangement with the Bank within 14 days from the CJ date.

The Defendant made a payment as per a new payment schedule that was approved by the Bank's Financing Committee "A" ("FCA") on 31st March 2023 which commenced in April 2023.

- (i) On 29 December 2022, 5 Star Room Hotel Sdn Bhd, Tan Wooi Chon, Chundsi Kudkumkong, Tan Woan Rou & Tan Woanren ("Plaintiff") filed a civil suit against Bank Islam ("Defendant"). The first Plaintiff is Bank Islam's Customer and the second to the fifth Plaintiffs are Guarantors for the following facilities granted by Bank Islam to the Customer:
 - (a) Business Financing-i RM37,000,000.00;
 - (b) Business Cash Line-i (1) RM5,000,000.00;
 - (c) Business Cash Line-i (2) RM2,000,000.00;
 - (d) Business Cash Line-i (3) RM5,000,000.00.

This suit was different from the suit that was previously initiated by 5 Star Room against the Bank on 22 April 2019 and decided by the Court against 5 Start Room. In this suit, the Plaintiffs sought for an injunction from the Court to restrain Bank Islam from disposing or proceeding with foreclosure action against the charged properties charged to Bank Islam.

The Plaintiff claims for the following:

- (a) Damages RM300,000,000.00;
- (b) An injuction;
- (c) General damages;
- (d) Damages for breach of contract RM500,000,000.00;
- (e) Restitution RM53,420,697.04;
- (f) Punitive damages RM600,000,000.00;
- (g) Exemplary damages RM600,000,000.00; and
- (h) Cost.

The Case Management ("CM") for the Writ was fixed on 8 March 2023. Meanwhile, the Plaintiff filed an Injunction Application whereby the CM was fixed on 13 March 2023. The hearing of the Injunction was fixed on 31 May 2023.

B10. Dividend

- (a) On 30 January 2023, the Bank paid an interim dividend of 10.40 sen per ordinary share amounting RM224.1 million for the financial year ended 31 December 2022. From the total dividend amount, approximately 11% or RM23.6 million was distributed as cash dividend whilst the remaining 89% amounting to RM200.5 million was reinvested to subscribe for 88,736,000 new ordinary shares at RM2.26 each via the Dividend Reinvestment Plan ("DRP"). The new ordinary shares were listed on 31 January 2023.
- (b) On 27 February 2023, Board of Directors of Bank Islam Malaysia Berhad ("The Board") had declared a second interim dividend of 3.40 sen per ordinary share amounting RM76.3 million for the financial year ended 31 December 2022. From the total dividend amount, approximately 43% or RM33.2 million was distributed as cash dividend whilst the remaining 57% amounting to RM43.1 million was reinvested to subscribe for 22,468,100 new ordinary shares at RM1.92 each via the Dividend Reinvestment Plan ("DRP"). The new ordinary shares were listed on 15 May 2023.

B11. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent by the number of average ordinary shares in issue during the period.

	3 months ended	
Group	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.03.2022 RM'000
Net profit for the period under review attributable to equity holders		
of the parent	118,088	105,917
Number of ordinary shares	2,244,005	2,155,269
Number of average ordinary shares	2,214,426	2,137,625
Earnings per share (sen)	5.33	4.95

Diluted earnings per share

The Group has no dilution in its earnings per share in the current and the preceding financial period as there are no dilutive potential ordinary shares.

B12. Foreign exchange exposure/hedging policy

The breakdown of Group's net foreign exchange exposure in RM equivalent is as follows:

RM equivalent	31.03.2023 RM'000	31.12.2022 RM'000
USD	200,964	109,297
EURO	(101,573)	(92,877)
Others	(87,547)	14,924

The Bank's exposure on USD and other currencies are mainly related to its Labuan branch operations and maintenance of foreign current accounts ("FCA").

B13. Material impairment of assets

The breakdown of the assets' carrying value in the book before impairment, impairment losses and carrying value in the book after impairment against its market value are as follows:

		As at 31 Marcl	h 2023				
Group Financing, advances and others	Carrying value before impairment RM'000 66,195,055	Impairment losses RM'000 (1,069,651)	Carrying value after impairment RM'000 65,125,404	Market value RM'000 68,412,345			
	As at 31 December 2022						
Group	Carrying value before impairment RM'000	Impairment losses RM'000	Carrying value after impairment RM'000	Market value RM'000			
Financing, advances and others	65,941,857	(1,039,863)	64,901,994	68,151,645			

At each reporting date, the Group first assesses individually whether objective evidence of impairment exists for significant financial assets and collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If it is determined that objective evidence of impairment exists, i.e. credit impaired, for an individually assessed financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVOCI, a lifetime ECL will be recognised for impairment loss which has been incurred.

The Group has considered the impact of the pandemic and has taken into account the economic and financial measures announced by the Government in estimating the ECL on the financial assets.

Under collective assessment, the Group applies a three-stage approach to measuring ECL on financial assets measured at amortised cost and FVOCI. Financial assets migrate through the following three stages based on the change in credit quality since initial recognition:

- Stage 1: 12-months ECL ("Stage 1")
 For exposures where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and that are not credit impaired upon recognition, the portion of lifetime ECL associated with the probability of default events occurring within the next 12 months is recognised.
- Stage 2: Lifetime ECL not credit impaired ("Stage 2")
 For exposures where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but that are not credit impaired, a lifetime ECL is recognised.
- Stage 3: Lifetime ECL credit impaired ("Stage 3")
 Financial assets are assessed as credit impaired when one or more events that have a negative impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset have occurred. For financial assets that have become credit impaired, a lifetime ECL is recognised.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience, informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

B13. Material impairment of assets (continued)

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly when it is more than 30 days past due. The Group also uses its internal credit risk grading system and external risk rating to assess deterioration in credit quality of a financial asset.

The Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly on an individual or collective basis. For the purposes of a collective evaluation of impairment, financial assets are grouped on the basis of similar risk characteristics, taking into account the asset type, industry, geographical location, collateral type, past-due status and other relevant factors. These characteristics are relevant to the estimation of future cash flows for groups of such assets by being indicative of the counterparty's ability to pay all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the assets being evaluated.

B14. Derivatives

The Group holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency and profit rate exposures.

	Notional amount 31.03.2023 RM'000	Fair value 31.03.2023 RM'000	Notional amount 31.12.2022 RM'000	Fair value 31.12.2022 RM'000
Trading derivatives				
Foreign exchange related contracts				
- Less than one year Profit rate related contracts	7,808,934	(2,019)	7,713,420	(14,396)
- Less than one year	32,749	43	-	-
- One year to 3 years	-	-	42,286	72
	7,841,683	(1,976)	7,755,706	(14,324)

Market risk

Market risk on derivatives is the potential loss to the value of these contracts due to changes in prices of the underlying item such as equities, interest rates, foreign exchange rates, credit spreads, commodities or other indices. The notional or contractual amounts provide only the volume of transactions outstanding at the reporting date and not the amount of risk. Exposure to market risk may be reduced through offsetting items from on and off-balance sheet positions. As at 31 March 2023, the amount of contracts which were not hedged and, hence, exposed to market risk was RM291.2 million (31 December 2022: RM84.9 million).

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that a counter-party may be unable to meet the terms of a contract in which the Bank has a gain position. This amount will increase or decrease over the life of the contracts, mainly as a function of maturity dates and market rates or prices. As at 31 March 2023, the credit risk measured in terms of the cost to replace the profitable contracts, was RM122.5 million (31 December 2022: RM213.1 million).

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk on derivatives is the risk that the derivatives position cannot be closed out promptly. Exposure to liquidity risk is reduced through contracting derivatives where the underlying items are widely traded.

B14. Derivatives (continued)

Cash Requirements of the Derivatives

Cash requirement of the derivatives may arise from margin requirements to post cash collateral with counterparties as the fair value moves beyond the agreed upon threshold limits in the counterparties' favour, or upon downgrade in the Bank's credit rating.

There have been no changes since the end of the previous financial year in respect of the following:

- a) The types of derivative financial contracts entered into and the rationale for entering into such contracts, as well as the expected benefits accruing from these contracts;
- b) The risk management policies in place for mitigating and control in the risk associated with these financial derivative contracts; and
- c) The related accounting policies.

B15. The amounts of gains/losses arising from fair value changes of its financial liabilities for the current quarter and financial year to date

Derivative financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value. Gain or loss arising from fair value changes of these instruments are as follows:

	3 months ended 31.03.2023 RM'000
Trading derivatives	
Net loss arising from fair value changes from derivatives assets and liabilities	(26)

The Group holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency and profit rate exposures. However, the Group elects not to apply hedge accounting. Hence, foreign exchange trading positions, including spot and forward contracts, are revalued at prevailing market rates at statement of financial position date and the resultant gains and losses for the financial year are recognised in the profit or loss.