

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

30 September 2023

TradePlus **DWA Malaysia Momentum Tracker**

MANAGER AHAM Asset Management Berhad 199701014290 (429786-T) TRUSTEE
TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad
(200301008392 [610812-W])

Semi-Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements For the 6 months Financial Period Ended 30 September 2023

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GENERAL INFORMATION

MANAGER

AHAM Asset Management Berhad 199701014290 (429786-T) Registered Office: 27th Floor, Menara Boustead, 69 Jalan Raja Chulan 50200 Kuala Lumpur

Tel. No.: 03 – 2142 3700 Fax No.: 03 – 2142 3799

Business Office:

Ground Floor, Menara Boustead, 69 Jalan Raja Chulan 50200 Kuala Lumpur

Tel. No.: 03 – 2116 6000 Fax No.: 03 – 2116 6100 Toll Free No.: 1-800-88-7080

E-mail: customercare@aham.com.my

Website: www.aham.com.my

MANAGER'S DELEGATE

(fund valuation & accounting function)
TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad (610812-W)
Registered & Business Address:
10th Floor, Menara Hap Seng
No. 1 & 3, Jalan P. Ramlee,
50250 Kuala Lumpur

Tel. No.: 03 – 2382 4288 Fax No.: 03 – 2026 1451

TRUSTEE

TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad (610812-W) Registered & Business Address: 10th Floor, Menara Hap Seng No. 1 & 3, Jalan P. Ramlee, 50250 Kuala Lumpur

Tel. No.: 03 – 2382 4288 Fax No.: 03 – 2026 1451

E-mail: fundserviceskl@tmf-group.com

Website: www.tmf-group.com

TRUSTEE'S DELEGATE

(Custodian)
Registered & Business Address:
Standard Chartered Bank Malaysia Berhad
Level 16, Menara Standard Chartered
30 Jalan Sultan Ismail
50250 Kuala Lumpur
Tel No: (603) 2117 7777

Tel. No: (603) 2117 7777 Website: www.sc.com/my

COMPANY SECRETARY

Raja Shahrul Nizam Raja Yahya (LS0009904) 27th Floor Menara Boustead, 69 Jalan Raja Chulan 50200 Kuala Lumpur

REGISTRAR

AHAM Asset Management Berhad 199701014290 (429786-T) 27th Floor, Menara Boustead, 69 Jalan Raja Chulan 50200 Kuala Lumpur Tel. No.: 03 – 2142 3700

Fax No.: 03 – 2142 3799

FUND INFORMATION

Fund Name	TradePlus DWA Malaysia Momentum Tracker
Fund Type	Index tracking fund
Fund Category	Equity exchange-traded fund
Investment Objective	The Fund aims to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the Benchmark
Benchmark	Dorsey Wright Technical Leaders Malaysia Index
Distribution Policy	The Fund will distribute income at least once a year (subject to income availability), after the end of its first financial year

FUND PERFORMANCE DATA

Category	As at 30 Sep 2023	As at 30 Sep 2022	As at 30 Sep 2021
Portfolio composition (%)			
Quoted equities – local			
- Construction	4.46	-	-
 Consumer products & services 	23.09	24.63	9.70
- Energy	9.45	13.85	9.85
 Financial services 	17.97	24.77	9.58
- Health care	4.34	4.51	-
 Industrial products & services 	8.45	4.98	30.78
- Plantation	4.67	-	4.63
- Property	-	-	9.63
- REITs	-	-	-
- Technology	4.63	9.92	10.83
- Telecommunication & media	4.38	5.14	8.82
 Transportation & logistics 	=	4.21	5.24
- Utilities	13.16	5.03	-
Total quoted equities – local	94.60	97.04	99.06
Cash & cash equivalent	5.40	2.96	0.94
Total (%)	100.00	100.00	100.00
0			
Country Allocation (%)	0.4.00	07.04	00.00
Malaysia	94.60	97.04	99.06
Cash Total (%)	5.40 100.00	2.96 100.00	0.94 100.00
1 Otai (%)	100.00	100.00	100.00
Total NAV (MYR 'million)	0.782	0.890	1.298
NAV per Unit (in MYR)	0.9780	0.8900	1.0815
Unit in Circulation (million)	0.800	1.000	1.200
Highest NAV per unit	0.9983	1.0040	1.1487
Lowest NAV per unit	0.8894	0.8794	1.0268
Return of the Fund (%)	5.78	-10.13	-4.62
- Capital Growth (%)	5.78	-10.13	-4.62
- Income Distribution (%)	Nil	Nil	Nil
Gross Distribution per Unit (sen)	Nil	Nil	Nil
Net Distribution per Unit (sen)	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total Expense Ratio (%)	0.64	0.74	0.77
Portfolio Turnover Ratio (times) ²	0.78	1.26	0.94
Tracking Error	0.71	2.43	1.59

Basis of calculation and assumption made in calculating the returns:-

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/decline in NAV for the stipulated period taking into account all the distribution payable (if any) during the stipulated period.

An illustration of the above would be as follow:-

Capital return = NAV per Unit end / NAV per Unit begin – 1

Income return = Income distribution per Unit / NAV per Unit ex-date

Total return = (1+Capital return) x (1+Income return) – 1

¹The TER of the Fund was lower than previous year due to lower expenses incurred for the Fund during the financial period.

²The PTR of the Fund was lower than previous year due to lower trading activities for the financial period.

MANAGER'S REPORT

Income Distribution / Unit Split

No income distribution or unit split were declared for the financial period ended 30 September 2022.

Performance Review (1 April 2023 to 30 September 2023)

For the period 1 April 2023 to 30 September 2023, the Fund registered a 5.78% return compared to the benchmark return of 5.36%. The Fund thus outperformed the Benchmark by 0.42%. The Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund as at 30 September 2023 was MYR782,383.44 (MYR0.9780 per unit) while the NAV as at 31 March 2023 was MYR924,645.43 (MYR0.9246 per unit).

Since commencement, the Fund has registered a return of -2.20% compared to the benchmark return of 3.20%, underperforming by 5.40%.

Table 1: Performance of the Fund

	6 Months (1/4/23 - 30/9/23)	1 Year (1/10/22 - 30/9/23)	3 Years (1/10/20 - 30/9/23)	Since Commencement (13/7/20 - 30/9/23)
Fund	5.78%	9.89%	(2.14%)	(2.20%)
Benchmark	5.36%	10.22%	0.44%	3.20%
Outperformance	0.42%	(0.33%)	(2.58%)	(5.40%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 2: Average Total Return

	1 Year (1/10/22 - 30/9/23)	3 Years (1/10/20 - 30/9/23)	Since Commencement (13/7/20 - 30/9/23)
Fund	9.89%	(0.72%)	(0.69%)
Benchmark	10.22%	0.15%	0.98%
Outperformance	(0.33%)	(0.87%)	(1.67%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 3: Annual Total Return

	FYE 2023	FYE 2022	FYE 2021
	(1/4/22 - 31/3/23)	(1/4/21 - 31/3/22)	(13/7/20 - 31/3/21)
Fund	(6.63%)	(12.66%)	13.39%
Benchmark	(5.81%)	(12.02%)	18.20%
Outperformance	(0.82%)	(0.64%)	(4.81%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

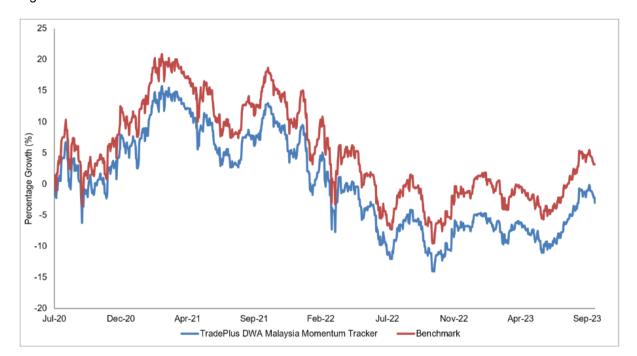


Figure 1: Movement of the Fund versus the Benchmark since commencement.

"This information is prepared by AHAM Asset Management Berhad (formerly known as Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad) for information purposes only. Past earnings or the fund's distribution record is not a guarantee or reflection of the fund's future earnings/future distributions. Investors are advised that unit prices, distributions payable and investment returns may go down as well as up. Source of Benchmark is from Bloomberg."

Benchmark: Dorsey Wright Technical Leaders Malaysia Index

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that Unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Asset Allocation

As at 30 September 2023, the ETF's asset allocation stood at 94.60% in equities while the remaining was held in cash and cash equivalent.

Strategies Employed

The Manager continues to adopt the full replication strategy. The Manager remained highly invested into the Index securities in the same approximate weightings or proportions as they appear in the Benchmark to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the Benchmark. As at 30 September 2023, the Fund's AUM stood at MYR0.782 million, with 94.60% of the Fund's NAV invested into equities.

While the Fund's AUM remain relatively small, the Manager has decided to absorb fees such as the Licensing Fees and Auditor's remuneration incurred by the Fund to minimise the Fund's tracking error.

Market Review

Over the period under review, the Standard and Poor's ("S&P") 500 returned 5.18% while the Morgan Stanley Capital International ("MSCI") AC World index returned 2.84%. Specific to the Asian region, MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Index returned -4.35% while locally, the Financial Times Stock Exchange ("FTSE") Bursa Malaysia returned 2.26%. Bond markets were neutral over the year with the Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Index returning -5.06%. Domestically, bond markets' benchmark 10-year Malaysian Government Securities ("MGS") yield closed at 3.97%.

Market volatility persisted across the global economy as macro events and policy rate hikes over the past year affected stock and bond markets. The economic fallout from the Covid-19 pandemic coupled with the Russia-Ukraine conflict has disrupted supply chains and commodity markets, weighing heavily on global economic growth. Central banks continue to attempt rein in inflation contributed by supply-demand imbalances and volatility in energy prices among other factors through monetary policy, which inadvertently played a role in destabilising the banking sector March this year.

The US Federal Reserve ("Fed") raised their policy rates in monetary policy committee meetings since March last year, to of 5.50% in July 2023. Although holding interest rates at the September 2023 Federal Open Market Committee Meeting (FOMC), the central bank signalled that interest rates could stay higher for longer to keep a lid on inflation. The sharp pace of policy tightening over the past months raised concerns in the financial markets of an over-tightening that could lead to a growth slowdown, or even a potential recession. Further signs of tension in the economy were also visible in March this year as the fallout of Silicon Valley Bank and the emergency rescue of Credit Suisse triggered concerns of contagion to other vulnerable banks. In addition to fractures in the banking sector, other notable events over the year included the concern over the US approaching its debt ceiling in January, failing which to reach a consensus to suspend or raise the limit could result in a catastrophic default. However, investors heaved a sigh of relief after lawmakers passed a bill to raise the debt ceiling, in a deal that included concessions on spending expected to have limited effect on economic growth. Despite narrowly avoiding a default, the U.S did not escape unscathed as Fitch Ratings downgraded its rating on U.S. debt, quoting in a press release "The repeated debt-limit political standoffs and last-minute resolutions have eroded confidence in fiscal management,".

US equities was volatile throughout the year, as the financial sector disruption troubled markets in the first quarter of 2023, while gains in the second quarter of the year was mostly driven by the fervour and enthusiasm over new developments in artificial intelligence ("Al"). Zooming in closer on a monthly basis, although US equities ended July 2023 upbeat, gains were pared back, falling 1.77% over the month of August as stronger than expected economic data spurred bond yields close at 4.11%, a new high. US equities continued to swoon in September as the Fed struck a hawkish stance in its policy meeting, with the Nasdaq index plunging 5.81% as rate sensitive shares lost ground.

In Asia, despite starting off 2023 strong, Chinese equity trended downwards following the country's reopening after the pandemic started to cool before lifting in July, driven by stimulus optimism in China, evident as the MSCI China Index vaulted 9.30% in July as top party leaders unveiled measures at its Politburo meeting to reinvigorate growth in the country. Among the measures include a pledge by Beijing to provide stimulus support for its beleaguered property sector. Top party leaders also emphasised the need for measures to tackle youth unemployment as well as accelerate the issuance of local government special bonds to spur government investment. While there were no explicit announcements of blockbuster stimulus, the overall policy tone from the Politburo meeting did exceed expectations. There was an acknowledgement of pressing issues on-the-ground that could result in targeted easing measures to bolster growth and lift sentiment. Investors however remain doubtful on whether the stimulus measures would suffice to arrest the decline in growth as gains made in July were quickly neutralised by the end of August. Bright spots were seen in China's economy by September as recent purchasing managers index ("PMI") data bouncing back to expansion territory climbing to 50.2 in September from49.7 in the previous month, beating market expectations. The 50-point threshold separates growth from contraction.

Back in Malaysia, several policy announcements by the government caught the attention of investors. These positive sentiments lifted foreign investors' confidence as they poured into local equities. These included the Ekonomi Madani Plan which outlined several key economic targets, Part 1 of the National Energy Transition Roadmap which intends to achieve 70% renewable energy capacity mix by 2050 and Part 2 of the National Energy Transition Roadmap as well as the New Industrial Masterplan. There was also greater political clarity following the conclusion of state elections. As widely expected, the Pakatan Harapan-Barisan Nasional coalition retained Selangor, Penang and Negeri Sembilan, while Perikatan Nasional held on to their strongholds in Kedah, Kelantan and Terengganu. The more recent by-elections for the Pulai Pulai parliamentary seat and Simpang Jeram state seat in Johor concluded with the Pakatan Harapan-Barisan Nasional (PH-BN) coalition defending both seats.

In line with a higher U.S. Treasury ("UST"), the MGS yields also bore the brunt selling off by +10-17bps higher month on month in September 2023, led by the long end. The MGS curve bear steepened moderately in 3Q23 as investors demand a higher risk premium on long duration in a bearish environment while the front end held up better as Bank Negara Malaysia's ("BNM") language in the September Monetary Policy

Committee ("MPC") meeting gave clearer signal of an extended OPR pause for the remaining of the year. The yields for 3-year, 5-year, and 10-year papers ended September 2023 at 3.58% (+12bps), 3.72% (+14bps) and 3.98% (+14bp), respectively with the 30-year yield +17bps closing the month at 4.44%. We may see further correction in yields as USTs remain volatile while the domestic bond market has done relatively well over the past 8 months.

The strong US growth, higher coupon supply and renewed inflation concerns following higher oil prices weighed heavily on USTs by the end of the financial year. The 2-year, 5-year and 10-year yields ended the September 2023 at 5.04% (+18bps), 4.61% (+35bps) and 4.57% (+46bps) respectively. The 30-year UST also went higher by 49bps to close at 4.70%. The inversion between the 2-year and 10-year US Treasury narrowed to -47bps (Aug: -75bps).

Investment Outlook

The US economic data continue to send mixed signals, leading to an increased market conviction that the US may avoid a recession in 2023 and move towards a soft landing. Economic data has been stronger than expected and earnings have been resilient. The larger cap stocks in particular have outperformed driven by various factors. There is a risk that the Fed will hike rates by another 25bps in 2023; however. With developed markets peak cycle in the horizon, risk appetite is seen returning to the Emerging Markets ("EM") space given that EM has better shielded economics against inflation.

In Asia, improvements in China's economic data may indicate that the country's economic downturn is stabilising. It will be crucial to continuously monitor key economic indicators and substantial stimulus announcements from Beijing.

Local factors remain supportive of MGS given slower GDP growth, moderate inflation, stable interest rate and neutral supply profile although UST risk persist. Easing inflationary pressure and resilient demand from domestic investors could also provide support. The state election results affirmed the current political status quo, we could see renewed focus by the government on implementing policy reforms. Expectations are high for fiscal reform measures, including targeted fuel subsidies and stimulus packages for significant infrastructure projects. We could also see more granular details on policy frameworks previously announced such as the National Energy Transition Roadmap and the New Industrial Master Plan.

State of Affairs of the Fund

There is neither any significant change to the state of affairs of the Fund nor any circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unit holders during the period under review.

Soft Commissions received from Brokers

During the financial period under review, no soft commission was received by the manager on behalf of Fund

Cross Trade

No cross trade transactions have been carried out during the reported period.

Securities Financing Transactions

The Fund has not undertaken any securities lending or repurchase transactions during the financial period under review.

Changes Made To the Fund's Prospectus

There were no changes made to the Fund's prospectus during the financial period under review.

The Custodian (Trustee's Delegate)

The Trustee has appointed Standard Chartered Bank Malaysia Berhad ("SCBMB") as the custodian of the quoted and unquoted investments of the Fund. SCBMB was incorporated in Malaysia under the same name on 29 February 1984 under the Companies Act 1965 as a public limited company and is a subsidiary of Standard Chartered PLC (the holding company of a global banking group). SCBMB was granted a license on 1 July 1994 under the Financial Services Act 2013.

SCBMB is responsible for the Fund's assets settlement and custodising the Fund's asset. The assets are held in the name of the Fund through the custodian's wholly owned subsidiary and nominee company, Cartaban Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd. All investments are automatically registered into the name of the Fund. The custodian acts only in accordance with the instruction from the Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF TRADEPLUS DWA MALAYSIA MOMENTUM TRACKER ("FUND")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial period ended 30 September 2023 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, AHAM Asset Management Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Exchange-traded Funds;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the Deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the Deed and any regulatory requirement

For TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad (Company No.: (200301008392 [610812-W]))

NORHAYATI BINTI AZIT DIRECTOR – FUND SERVICES

Kuala Lumpur 15 November 2023

UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

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UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

	<u>Note</u>	6 months financial period ended 30.9.2023 RM	6 months financial period ended 30.9.2022 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME/(LOSS)			
Dividend income Net gain/(loss) on financial asset at fair value		13,492	10,191
through profit or loss	9	51,434	(117,519)
		64,926	(107,328)
EXPENSES			
Management fee Trustee fee Tax agent's fee Transaction costs Custodian fee Other expenses	4 5	(2,274) (182) (1,793) (5,464) (1,496) (119)	(2,638) (211) (1,810) (7,389) (2,474) (601)
		(11,328)	(15,123)
NET PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION		53,598	(122,451)
Taxation	8	-	-
NET PROFIT/(LOSS) AFTER TAXATION AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		53,598	(122,451)
Net profit/(loss) after taxation is made up of the following:			
Realised amount Unrealised amount		15,591 38,007	(121,061) (1,390)
		53,598	(122,451)

UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> RM	2022 RM
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Dividend receivables Financial assets at fair value through		47,221 1,658	27,323 2,184
profit or loss	9	740,112	863,700
TOTAL ASSETS		788,991	893,207
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager - management fee Amount due to Trustee Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals		337 27 5,294 950	381 31 1,810 950
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,608	3,172
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND		782,383 ————	890,035
EQUITY			
Unitholders' capital Accumulated losses		830,680 (48,297)	1,033,560 (143,525)
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		782,383	890,035
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	10	800,000	1,000,000
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (RM)		0.9780	0.8900

UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

	Unitholders' <u>capital</u> RM	Accumulated <u>losses</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Balance as at 1 April 2023	1,026,540	(101,895)	924,645
Total comprehensive income for the financial period	-	53,598	53,598
Movement in unitholders' capital:			
Cancellation of units	(195,860)		(195,860)
Balance as at 30 September 2023	830,680	(48,297)	782,383
Balance as at 1 April 2022	1,209,480	(21,074)	1,188,406
Total comprehensive loss for the financial period	-	(122,451)	(122,451)
Movement in unitholders' capital:			
Cancellation of units	(175,920)		(175,920)
Balance as at 30 September 2022	1,033,560	(143,525)	890,035

UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

ŗ	6 months financial period ended 30.9.2023 RM	6 months financial period ended 30.9.2022 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of investments Purchase of investments Dividend received Management fee paid Trustee fee paid Custodian fee paid Payment for other fees and expenses	833,490 (606,658) 13,373 (2,328) (187) (1,496) (5,582)	1,335,314 (1,187,414) 9,366 (2,756) (220) (2,474) (4,101)
Net cash flows generated from operating activities	230,612	147,715
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payments for cancellation of units	(195,860)	(175,920)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(195,860)	(175,920)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	34,752	(28,205)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	12,469	55,528
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	47,221	27,323

Cash and cash equivalents as at 30 September 2023 and 30 September 2022 comprise of bank balances.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

The following accounting policies have been used in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the summary of significant accounting policies and comply with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS and IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported financial period. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgment are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note J.

- (a) Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective:
 - Amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 139, MFRS 7, MFRS 4 and MFRS 16 'Interest Rate Benchmark (IBOR) Reform – Phase 2' (effective 1 January 2021) provide practical expedient allowing Fund to update the effective interest rate to account for any required changes in contractual cash flows that is a direct consequence of IBOR reform. This results in no immediate gain or loss recognised in profit or loss

The amendments require entities to update the hedge documentation to reflect the changes required by the IBOR replacement. The amendments also provide reliefs that enable and require entities to continue hedge accounting in circumstances when changes in hedged items and hedging instruments are solely due to IBOR reform.

The adoption of the above standards, amendments to standards or interpretations did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

- (b) Standards and amendments that have been issued but not yet effective:
 - Amendments to MFRS 3 'Reference to Conceptual Framework' (effective 1 January 2022) replace the reference to Framework for Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with 2018 Conceptual Framework.
 - Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2018 2021 Cycle (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022).
 - Amendments to MFRS 137 'onerous contracts—cost of fulfilling a contract' (effective 1
 January 2022) clarify that direct costs of fulfilling a contract include both the incremental cost of
 fulfilling the contract as well as an allocation of other costs directly related to fulfilling contracts.
 - Amendments to MFRS 101 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current (effective 1
 January 2023) clarify that a liability is classified as non-current if an entity has a substantive right
 at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting
 period. A liability is classified as current if a condition is breached at or before the reporting date
 and a waiver is obtained after the reporting date.

The adoption of the above standards, amendments to standards or interpretations is not expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

B INCOME RECOGNITION

Dividend income

Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as part of gross dividend income on the ex-dividend date, when the right to receive the dividend has been established.

Realised gains and losses on sale of investments

For quoted equities, realised gains and losses on sale of investments are accounted for as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of investments, determined on a weighted average cost basis.

C TRANSACTION COSTS

Transaction costs are costs in relation to any particular transaction or dealing, all stamp duty and other duties, taxes, government charges, brokerage fees, bank charges, transfer fees, registration fees, transaction levies, and other duties and charges whether in connection with the Fund Assets or the creation, issue, transfer, cancellation or redemption of Units or the acquisition or disposal of Fund Assets or otherwise which may have become or may be payable in respect of, and whether prior to, upon or after the occasion of, such transaction or dealing. Transaction costs, when incurred, are immediately recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as expenses.

D TAXATION

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable profits earned during the financial period.

Withholding taxes on investment income from investment which are not "income tax" in nature are recognised and measured based on the requirements of MFRS 137. They are presented within other expenses line in the statement of comprehensive income.

E FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss, and
- those to be measured at amortised cost

The Fund classifies its investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The Fund has not taken the option to irrevocably designate any equity securities as fair value through other comprehensive income.

The contractual cash flows of the Fund's debt securities are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI"). However, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments and derivatives not designated as hedging instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents and dividends receivable as financial assets at amortised cost as these financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows that represent SPPI.

The Fund classifies amount due to Manager and amount due to Trustee, tax agent's fee and other payables and accruals as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 9, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when it is extinguished, i.e., when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category is presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' in the period which they arise.

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets (such as trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the financial period end date. The Fund utilises the last traded market price for financial assets where the last traded price falls within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of the fair value.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

F FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(ii) Recognition and measurement (continued)

If a valuation based on the market price does not represent the fair value of the securities, for example during abnormal market conditions or when no market price is available, including in the event of a suspension in the quotation of the securities for a period exceeding 14 days, or such shorter period as agreed by the Trustee, then the securities are valued as determined in good faith by the Manager, based on the methods or basis approved by the Trustee after appropriate technical consultation.

Financial assets at amortised cost and other financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(iii) Impairment

The Fund's financial assets measured at amortised cost are subject to expected credit losses. The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward-looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12 month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

Significant increase in credit risk

A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due.

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

The Fund defines a financial instrument as default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired, when it meets one or more of the following criteria:

Quantitative criteria:

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

Qualitative criteria:

The debtor meets unlikeliness to pay criteria, which indicates the debtor is in significant financial difficulty. The Fund considers the following instances:

- the debtor is in breach of financial covenants
- concessions have been made by the lender relating to the debtor's financial difficulty
- it is becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation
- the debtor is insolvent

Financial instruments that are credit-impaired are assessed on individual basis.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

F FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(iii) Impairment (continued)

Write-off

The Fund writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The assessment of no reasonable expectation of recovery is based on unavailability of debtor's sources of income or assets to generate sufficient future cash flows to repay the amount.

The Fund may write off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off will result in bad debt recoveries. There are no write-offs/recoveries during the financial period.

G CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

H UNITHOLDERS' CAPITAL

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 "Financial Instruments: Presentation". Those criteria include:

- the units entitle the holder to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value ("NAV");
- the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- there are no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase; and
- the total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if unitholders exercise the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at the Participating Dealer's option at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

I SEGMENT REPORTING

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the strategic asset allocation committee of the Manager that makes strategic decisions.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

J CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information contents on the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

However, the Manager is of the opinion that there are no accounting policies which require significant judgment to be exercised.

In undertaking any of the Fund's investment, the Manager will ensure that all assets of the Fund under management will be valued appropriately, that is at fair value and in compliance with the Securities Commission's ("SC") Guidelines on Exchange-Traded Funds.

K REALISED AND UNREALISED PORTIONS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AFTER TAX

The analysis of realised and unrealised profit or loss after tax as presented on the statement of comprehensive income is prepared in accordance with SC's Guidelines on Exchange-Traded Funds.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

1 INFORMATION ON THE FUND

The Exchange-Traded Fund was constituted under the name TradePlus DWA Malaysia Momentum Tracker (the "Fund") pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 21 February 2020 entered into between AHAM Asset Management Berhad (the "Manager") and TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad (the "Trustee").

The Fund commenced operations on 13 July 2020 and will continue its operations until terminated by the Trustee as provided under Section 26 of the Deed.

The Fund may invest in the following permitted investments:

- (i) Authorised Securities;
- (ii) Derivatives;
- (iii) Units or shares in collective investment schemes;
- (iv) Money market instruments;
- (v) Deposits; and
- (vi) Any other investments permitted by the SC from time to time.

All investments will be subjected to the SC's Guidelines on Exchange-Traded Funds, the Deed and the objective of the Fund.

The Fund is listed on the main market of Bursa Malaysia and its objective is to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the Dorsey Wright Technical Leaders Malaysia Index ("Benchmark Index") – a modified float-adjusted market capitalisation weighted index which is designed to measure the performance of Malaysia domiciled companies in consumption and service-oriented industries.

The Manager is a company incorporated in Malaysia. The principal activities of the Manager are establishment and management of unit trust funds, exchange-traded funds and private retirement schemes as well as providing fund management services to private clients. On 10 November 2022, the Manager has changed its name from Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad to AHAM Asset Management Berhad.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 15 November 2023.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial instruments of the Fund are as follows:

<u>Note</u>	At amortised <u>cost</u> RM	At fair value through <u>profit or loss</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
9	47,221 1,658 -	740,112	47,221 1,658 740,112
	48,879	740,112	788,991
	337 27 5,294 950	- - - -	337 27 5,294 950
	6,608	-	6,608
9	27,323 2,184 -	- - 863,700	27,323 2,184 863,700
	29,507	863,700	893,207
	9	Amortised cost RM 47,221 1,658 9 - 48,879 337 27 5,294 950 6,608 27,323 2,184 9	Note amortised cost RM value through profit or loss RM 9 47,221

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments of the Fund are as follows: (continued)

<u>Note</u>	At amortised <u>cost</u> RM	At fair value through <u>profit or loss</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
	201		204
		-	381 31
		- -	1,810
	950	-	950
	3,172	<u> </u>	3,172
	<u>Note</u>	amortised Note Cost RM 381 31 1,810 950	Amortised value through profit or loss RM RM

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include market risk (including price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and capital risk.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated by the SC's Guidelines on Exchange-Traded Funds.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk

(a) Price risk

Price risk arises mainly from the uncertainty about future prices of investments. It represents the potential loss the Fund might suffer through holding market positions in the face of price movements. The Fund is structured as an index tracking fund that tracks its benchmark index, the Dorsey Wright Technical Leaders Malaysia Index, which comprises of a diversified list of equity securities in its constituents. As such, the Manager believes that the Fund is able to minimise its price risk through the diversification that it has in its portfolio of underlying securities that replicates its benchmark index.

The Fund's overall exposure to price risk was as follows:

	<u>2023</u> RM	2022 RM
Quoted investments Quoted equities	740,112 	863,700

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit/(loss) after taxation and NAV to movement. in prices of its benchmark index. The analysis is based on the assumption that the benchmark index fluctuates by 5.96% (2022: 9.13%). If all other variables are held constant, and that the fair value of the investments move in the same quantum with the fluctuation of the Benchmark Index, this would represent the Management's best estimates of a reasonable possible shift in the quoted securities.

Impact on

The Fund's overall exposure to price risk was as follows:

<u>Market value</u> RM	profit/(loss) after tax <u>tax/NAV</u> RM
696,030 740,112 784,194	(44,082) - 44,082
784,844 863,700 942,556	(78,856) - 78,856
	RM 696,030 740,112 784,194 784,844 863,700

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS. RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the ability of an issuer or counterparty to make timely payments of interest, principals and proceeds from realisation of investments. The Manager manages the credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

Credit risk arising from cash and bank balances is managed by ensuring that they are held by parties with credit rating of AA or higher.

The following table sets out the credit risk concentrations of the Fund:

<u>2023</u>	Cash and cash <u>equivalents</u> RM	Dividend receivables RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Consumer Products and Services - NR Financial Services	-	510	510
- AAA	47,221	945	48,166
Healthcare - NR	<u>-</u>	203	203
Total	47,221	1,658	48,879
<u>2022</u>			
Financial Services - AAA Industrial Products & Services	27,323	1,428	28,751
- NR	-	756	756
Total	27,323	2,184	29,507

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. The Manager manages this risk by maintaining sufficient level of cash to meet anticipated payments for operating expenses and cancellation of units by unitholders.

The Fund's units can be redeemed either in-kind or in cash. For in-kind redemptions, an in-kind redemption basket comprising the authorised securities of the Fund, determined by the Manager on each dealing day will be delivered to the investor. For cash redemptions, a redemption basket of securities is liquidated and a cash sum equivalent to the redemption price multiplied by the number of units redeemed will be delivered to the investors. The Fund maintains a sufficient amount of cash and liquid securities to meet the ongoing operating expenses and liquidity requirements of the Fund.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date.

The amounts in the table below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

<u>2023</u>	Within one month RM	Between one month to <u>one year</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Amount due to Manager - management fee Amount due to Trustee Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals	337 27 - - - 412	5,294 950 2,760	337 27 5,294 950 3,172
<u>2022</u>			
Amount due to Manager - management fee Amount due to Trustee Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals	381 31 - - 412	1,810 950 2,760	381 31 1,810 950 3,172

Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by equity consisting of unitholders' capital net of accumulated losses. The amount of equity can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets (such as trading securities) is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the financial period end date. The Fund utilises the current bid price for financial assets which falls within the bid-ask spread.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques.

(i) Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1)
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2)
- Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3)

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgment by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

(i) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value:

	<u>Level 1</u> RM	<u>Level 2</u> RM	<u>Level 3</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
<u>2023</u>	, and	1 ((V)	TUVI	1 (1)
Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - quoted equities	740,112	<u> </u>		740,112
<u>2022</u>				
Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - quoted equities	863,700	-	-	863,700

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are therefore classified within Level 1, include active listed equities. The Fund does not adjust the quoted prices for these instruments.

(ii) The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents and dividend receivables and all current liabilities are a reasonable approximation of the fair values due to their short-term nature.

4 MANAGEMENT FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Manager is entitled to a management fee at a rate up to 3.00% per annum of the NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis.

For the 6 months financial period ended 30 September 2023, management fee is recognised at a rate of 0.50% (2022: 0.50%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis as stated in the Fund's Prospectus.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of management fee other than the amounts recognised above.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

5 TRUSTEE FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Trustee is entitled to an annual fee, at a rate up to 0.10% per annum of the NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis (excluding foreign sub-custodian fees and charges).

For the 6 months financial period ended 30 September 2023, the Trustee fee is recognised at a rate of 0.04% (2022: 0.04%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis as stated in the Fund's Prospectus.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of Trustee fee other than the amount recognised above.

6 LICENSE FEE

The index license fee is recognised at minimum of USD10,000 (2021: USD10,000) per annum or 0.12% (2021: 0.12%) of the average daily asset under management, whichever is higher.

The Index License Fee was borne by the Manager for the 6 months financial period ended 30 September 2023 and 30 September 2022.

7 AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Auditors' remuneration of the Fund is recognised at RM20,000 (2022: RM20,000).

Auditors' remuneration was borne by the Manager for the 6 months financial period ended 30 September 2023 and 30 September 2022.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

8 TAXATION

9

- quoted equities - local

	6 months financial period ended 30.9.2023 RM	6 months financial period ended 30.9.2022 RM
Current taxation	-	<u>-</u>
The numerical reconciliation between net profit/(loss) before taxation multiplied rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:	by the Malaysia	an statutory tax
	6 months financial period ended 30.9.2023 RM	6 months financial period ended 30.9.2022 RM
Net profit/(loss) before taxation	53,598	(122,451)
Tax at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2022: 24%)	12,864	(29,388)
Tax effects of: Investment loss not brought to tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Restriction on tax deductible expenses for Exchange-Traded Funds	(15,582) 2,173 545	25,759 3,542 87
Tax expense	-	-
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		
	2023 RM	<u>2022</u> RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:		

740,112

863,700

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

				6 months financial period ended 30.9.2023 RM	6 months financial period ended 30.9.2022 RM
	gain/(loss) on financial assets at value through profit or loss:				
- re	alised gain/(loss) on sale of investments realised gain/(loss) on changes in fair value			13,427 38,007	(116,129) (1,390)
				51,434	(117,519)
(a)	Quoted equities – local				
	(i) Quoted equities – local as at 30 Sep	tember 2023 is	e ae followe:		
	(i) Quoted equities – local as at 30 Sep	itember 2023 is	s as ioliows.		
	Name of counters	Quantity	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
	Construction				
	Gamuda Bhd	7,900	30,765	34,918	4.46
	Consumer Products & Services Bermaz Auto Bhd	15,900	33,549	39,591	5.06
	Genting Malaysia Bhd	8,500	35,020	35,445	4.53
	PPB Group Bhd	2,200	39,272	33,880	4.33
	QL Resources Bhd	6,400	32,318	34,560	4.42
	Sime Darby Bhd	16,800	34,944	37,128	4.75
		49,800	175,103	180,604	23.09
	Energy	450.000	00.000	40.000	5.40
	Velesto Energy Bhd	159,300	36,639	40,622	5.19
	Yinson Holdings Bhd	13,500	34,425	33,345	4.26
		172,800	71,064	73,967	9.45
	Financial Services				
	Hong Leong Bank Bhd	1,800	33,746	35,100	4.49
	Malayan Banking Bhd	4,000	35,533	35,160	4.49
	Public Bank Bhd	8,900	37,055	36,134	4.62
	RHB Bank Bhd	6,300	34,335	34,209	4.37
	·	21,000	140,669	140,603	17.97

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

- (a) Quoted equities local (continued)
 - (i) Quoted equities local as at 30 September 2022 is as follows (continued):

Quantity	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
5,800	34,104	33,930	4.34
7,900	35,828	31,679	4.05
7,300	35,916	34,383	4.40
15,200	71,744	66,062	8.45
9,200	34,904	36,524	4.67
7,000	34,370	36,260	4.63
7,000	37,219	34,230	4.38
33,300 26,400	35,964 24,380	49,950 53,064	6.38 6.78
59,700	60,344	103,014	13.16
355,400	690,286	740,112	94.60
	49,826		
	740,112		
	7,900 7,300 15,200 9,200 7,000 7,000 33,300 26,400 59,700	Quantity cost RM 5,800 34,104 7,900 35,828 7,300 35,916 15,200 71,744 9,200 34,904 7,000 37,219 33,300 24,380 35,964 26,400 26,400 24,380 59,700 59,700 60,344 355,400 690,286 49,826	Quantity cost RM value RM 5,800 34,104 33,930 7,900 7,300 35,828 31,679 34,383 15,200 71,744 66,062 9,200 34,904 36,524 7,000 34,370 36,260 7,000 37,219 34,230 33,300 26,400 24,380 53,064 59,700 60,344 103,014 355,400 690,286 740,112 49,826

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

- (a) Quoted equities local (continued)
 - (ii) Quoted equities local as at 30 September 2022 is as follows:

Name of counters	Quantity	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
Oanasina Dandusta & Oaniaa		1 444		,,
Consumer Products & Services Fraser & Neave Holdings Bhd	2,100	44,339	44,520	5.00
Genting Malaysia Bhd	15,600	46,488	43,368	4.87
Heineken Malaysia Bhd	1,900	42,508	45,106	5.07
Kuala Lumpur Kepong Bhd	2,000	45,672	41,240	4.63
PPB Group Bhd	2,800	51,149	45,080	5.06
	24,400	230,156	219,314	24.63
Energy				
Bumi Armada Bhd	116,200	44,156	44,737	5.03
Dialog Group Bhd	20,700	43,992	41,193	4.63
Hibiscus Petroleum Bhd	44,400	43,392	37,296	4.19
	181,300	131,540	123,226	13.85
Financial Services				
AMMB Holdings Bhd	11,900	43,548	46,291	5.20
Hong Leong Bank Bhd	2,200	40,398	45,100	5.07
Malayan Banking Bhd	5,100	45,544	43,656	4.90
Public Bank Bhd	10,100	41,914	42,622	4.79
RHB Bank Bhd	7,700	44,234	42,812	4.81
	37,000	215,638	220,481	24.77

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

- (a) Quoted equities local (continued)
 - (ii) Quoted equities local as at 30 September 2022 is as follows (continued):

Name of counters	Quantity	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
Health Care IHH Healthcare Bhd	6,800	45,429	40,120	4.51
Industrial Products & Services Sime Darby Bhd	20,700	44,919	44,298	4.98
<u>Technology</u> Dagang Nexchange Malaysian Pacific Industries Bhd	55,800 1,600	55,337 44,842	42,687 45,600	4.80 5.12
	57,400	100,179	88,287	9.92
Telecommunications & Media Telekom Malaysia Bhd	8,400	44,534	45,696	5.14
<u>Transportation & Logistics</u> Malaysia Airport Holding Bhd	6,700	46,490	37,520	4.21
<u>Utilities</u> YTL Power International Bhd	64,400	43,496	44,758	5.03
Total quoted equities – local	407,100	902,381	863,700	97.04
Accumulated unrealised loss on quoted equities – local		(38,681)		
Total quoted equities – local		863,700		

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

10 NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION

	2022 No. of units	2022 No. of units
At the beginning of the financial period	1,000,000	1,200,000
Cancellation of units	(200,000)	(200,000)
At the end of the financial period	800,000	1,000,000

11 TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS

(i) Details of transactions with the top brokers for the 6 months financial period ended 30 September 2023 are as follows:

Name of brokers	Value <u>of trade</u> RM	Percentage of total <u>trade</u> %	Brokerage <u>fees</u> RM	Percentage of total <u>brokerage</u> %
CLSA Securities (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd Macquarie Capital Securities	776,398	53.91	2,080	71.23
(Malaysia) Sdn Bhd	663,751	46.09	840	28.77
	1,440,149	100.00	2,920	100.00

(ii) Details of transactions with the top brokers for the 6 months financial period ended 30 September 2022 are as follows:

Name of brokers	Value <u>of trade</u> RM	Percentage of total <u>trade</u> %	Brokerage <u>fees</u> RM	Percentage of total <u>brokerage</u> %
Name of brokers				
Malayan Investment Bank Bhd CIMB Investment Bank Bhd CLSA Securities (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd Macquarie Capital Securities	1,051,644 1,050,340 230,469	41.57 41.51 9.11	841 840 841	30.32 30.28 30.30
(Malaysia) Sdn Bhd	197,664	7.81	253	9.10
	2,530,117	100.00	2,775	100.00

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

12 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER

The related parties of and their relationship with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties Relationship

CVC Capital Partners Asia V L.P., Ultimate holding company of the Manager ("CVC Asia V")

Lembaga Tabung Angkatan Tentera Former ultimate holding corporate body of

("LTAT") the Manager

Affin Bank Berhad ("ABB") Former penultimate holding company of the

Manager

Affin Hwang Investment Bank Berhad Former holding company of the Manager

Starlight TopCo Limited Penultimate holding company of the

Manager

Starlight Universe Limited Intermediate holding company of the

Manager

Starlight Asset Sdn Bhd Immediate holding company of the

Manager

Nikko Asset Management International Limited

("NAMI")

Substantial shareholder of the Manager

AHAM Asset Management Berhad The Manager

Subsidiaries and associated companies of CVC Asia V as disclosed in their financial

statements

Subsidiaries and associated companies of the ultimate holding companies

of the Manager

Subsidiaries and associated companies of ABB as disclosed in its financial

statements

Subsidiaries and associated companies of the former penultimate holding company

of the Manager

Directors of AHAM Asset Management

Berhad

Directors of the Manager

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

12 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER (CONTINUED)

The units held by the Manager as at the end of the financial period are as follows:

	2023			2022	
The Manager of the Fund:	No. of units	RM	No. of units	RM	
AHAM Asset Management Berhad (The units are held beneficially for seeding purposes)	400,000	391,200	400,000	356,000	

13 TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

TER

6 months	6 months
financial	financial
period ended	period ended
30.9.2022	30.9.2021
%	%
0.64	0.74

TER is derived from the following calculation:

TER =
$$(A + B + C + D + E) \times 100$$

A = Management fee, excluding management fee rebate

B = Trustee fee C = Tax agent's fee D = Custodian fee

E = Other expenses excluding sales and service tax on transaction costs and withholding tax

F = Average NAV of Fund calculated on a daily basis

The average NAV of the Fund for the financial period calculated on a daily basis was RM909,715 (2021: RM RM1,052,208).

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

14 PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

6 months financial period ended 30.9.2023 6 months financial period ended 30.9.2022

PTR (times) 0.78 1.26

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

(Total acquisition for the financial period + total disposal for the financial period) ÷ 2 Average NAV of the Fund for the financial period calculated on a daily basis

where: total acquisition for the financial period = RM606,658(2022: RM1,187,414) total disposal for the financial period = RM820,063 (2022: RM1,458,832)

15 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The strategic asset allocation committee of the Investment Manager makes the strategic resource allocations on behalf of the Fund. The Fund has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Manager that are used to make strategic decisions.

The committee is responsible for the Fund's entire portfolio and considers the business to have a single operating segment. The committee's asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investment strategy and the Fund's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

The reportable operating segments derive their income by seeking investments to achieve targeted returns consummate with an acceptable level of risk within each portfolio. These returns consist of dividends and gains on the appreciation in the value of investments and are derived from quoted equities in Malaysia.

The Fund has a diversified unitholder population. However, as at 30 September 2023, there were 1 (2022: 1) unitholders who held more than 10% of the Fund's NAV. The unitholders' holdings were 35.61 (2022: 35.93%) respectively.

There were no changes in the reportable segments during the financial period.

The internal reporting provided to the committee for the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS and IFRS.

16 SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL PERIOD

Change in substantial shareholders of AHAM Asset Management Berhad

On 19 April 2023, Nikko Asset Management International Limited ("NAMI") has divested all its equity interest of 27% in AHAM Asset Management Berhad to Nikko Asset Management Co., Ltd ("NAM") for 20% and remaining 7% of the equity interest to Lembaga Tabung Angkatan Tentera ("LTAT"), resulting in both NAM and LTAT becoming substantial shareholders of the Manager.

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Dato' Teng Chee Wai, for and on behalf of the board of directors of the Manager, **AHAM Asset Management Berhad**, do hereby state that in the opinion of the Manager, the financial statements set out on pages 1 to 28 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deed and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 September 2023 and of its financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows for the financial period ended 30 September 2023 in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

For and on behalf of the Manager, **AHAM ASSET MANAGEMENT BERHAD**

DATO' TENG CHEE WAI EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR/MANAGING DIRECTOR

Kuala Lumpur 15 November 2023