

KENANGA KLCI DAILY 2X LEVERAGED ETF

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

For the Financial Period from 1 January 2024 to 30 June 2024

kenanga

Kenanga Investors Berhad
Company No. 199501024358 (353563-P)

KENANGA KLCI DAILY 2X LEVERAGED ETF

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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Manager: Kenanga Investors Berhad Company No. 199501024358 (353563-P)

Registered Office

Level 17, Kenanga Tower
237, Jalan Tun Razak
50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.
Tel: 03-2172 2888
Fax: 03-2172 2999

Business Office

Level 14, Kenanga Tower
237, Jalan Tun Razak
50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.
Tel: 03-2172 3000
Fax: 03-2172 3080
E-mail: oneetf@kenanga.com.my
Website: www.oneetf.com.my

Board of Directors

Choy Khai Choon (**Chairman, Non-Independent Non-Executive Director**)

Norazian Ahmad Tajuddin (**Independent Non-Executive Director**)

Luk Wai Hong, William (**Non-Independent Non-Executive Director**)

Norazilla Binti Md Tahir (**Independent Non-Executive Director**)

Datuk Wira Ismitz Matthew De Alwis
(**Chief Executive Officer, Executive Director**)

Investment Committee

Norazian Ahmad Tajuddin (**Independent Member**)

Norazilla Binti Md Tahir (**Independent Member**)

Luk Wai Hong, William (**Non-Independent Member**)

Datuk Wira Ismitz Matthew De Alwis
(**Non-Independent Member**)

Company Secretary: Norliza Abd Samad (MAICSA 7011089)

Level 17, Kenanga Tower, 237, Jalan Tun Razak, 50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Trustee: RHB Trustees Berhad Company No. 200201005356 (573019-U)

Registered Office

Level 10, Tower 1
RHB Centre
Jalan Tun Razak
50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.
Tel: 03-9287 3888
Fax: 03-9280 9314

Business Office

Level 11, Tower 3
RHB Centre
Jalan Tun Razak
50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.
Tel: 03-9280 5933
Fax: 03-9280 5934
Email: rhbt.ut@rhbgroup.com
Website: www.rhbgroup.com

Auditor: Ernst & Young PLT Company No. 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039

Level 23A, Menara Milenium, Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, 50490 Kuala Lumpur.
Tel: 03-7495 8000 Fax: 03-2095 5332

Tax Adviser: Ernst & Young Tax Consultants Sdn Bhd Company No. 198901002487 (179793-K)

Level 23A, Menara Milenium, Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, 50490 Kuala Lumpur.
Tel: 03-7495 8000 Fax: 03-2095 5332

Technical Advisor: Yuanta Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.

11F, No. 219, Sect. 3, Nanjing E-Rd., Taipei, 104 Taiwan.

DIRECTORY OF MANAGER'S OFFICES

Regional Branch Offices:

Kuala Lumpur

Ground Floor, Kenanga Tower
237, Jalan Tun Razak
50400 Kuala Lumpur
Tel: 03-2172 3123
Fax: 03-2172 3133

Melaka

No. 43, Jalan KSB 11
Taman Kota Syahbandar
75200 Melaka
Tel: 06-240 2310
Fax: 06-240 2287

Klang

No. 12, Jalan Batai Laut 3
Taman Intan
41300 Klang, Selangor
Tel: 03-3341 8818 / 03-3348 7889
Fax: 03-3341 8816

Penang

5.04, 5th Floor
Menara Boustead Penang
No. 39, Jalan Sultan Ahmad Shah
10050 Penang
Tel: 04-210 6628
Fax: 04-210 6644

Miri

2nd Floor, Lot 1264
Centre Point Commercial Centre
Jalan Melayu
98000 Miri, Sarawak
Tel: 085-416 866
Fax: 085-322 340

Seremban

2nd Floor, No. 1D-2
Jalan Tuanku Munawir
70000 Seremban
Negeri Sembilan
Tel: 06-761 5678
Fax: 06-761 2242

Johor Bahru

No. 63
Jalan Molek 3/1, Taman Molek
81100 Johor Bahru, Johor
Tel: 07-288 1683
Fax: 07-288 1693

Kuching

1st Floor, No 71
Lot 10900, Jalan Tun Jugah
93350 Kuching, Sarawak
Tel: 082-572 228
Fax: 082-572 229

Kuantan

Ground Floor Shop
No. B8, Jalan Tun Ismail 1
25000 Kuantan, Pahang
Tel: 09-514 3688
Fax: 09-514 3838

Ipoh

No. 1, Jalan Leong Sin Nam
30300 Ipoh, Perak
Tel: 05-254 7573 / 7570
Fax: 05-254 7606

Kota Kinabalu

Level 8, Wisma Great Eastern
No. 68, Jalan Gaya
88000 Kota Kinabalu, Sabah
Tel: 088-203 063
Fax: 088-203 062

Damansara Uptown

44B, Jalan SS21/35
Damansara Utama
47400 Petaling Jaya, Selangor
Tel: 03-7710 8828
Fax: 03-7710 8830

Kota Damansara

C26-1, Dataran Sunway
Jalan PJU 5/17
Kota Damansara
47510 Petaling Jaya, Selangor
Tel: 03-6150 3612
Fax: 03-6150 3906

Kluang

No. 1, Aras 1, Jalan Haji Manan
Pusat Perniagaan Komersial Haji Manan
86000 Kluang, Johor
Tel: 07-710 2700
Fax: 07-710 2150

1. FUND INFORMATION

1.1 Fund Name

Kenanga KLCI Daily 2x Leveraged ETF (**KKL2X** or **the Fund**)

1.2 Fund Category / Type

Exchange-traded Fund / Leveraged Exchange-traded Fund

1.3 Investment Objective

The Fund aims to provide daily performance, before fees and expenses, which closely corresponds to the daily performance of the Benchmark.

The Fund does not seek to achieve its stated investment objective over a period of time greater than one (1) day.

1.4 Investment Strategy

The Manager intends to adopt a futures-based replication investment strategy to achieve the investment objective of the Fund. The Manager will invest directly in the Index Futures, to obtain the required exposure to the Benchmark.

1.5 Benchmark

FTSE Bursa Malaysia KLCI 2x Daily Leveraged (Price) Index.

1.6 Distribution Policy

Distribution of income, if any, will be on incidental basis.

1.7 Breakdown of unit holdings of the Fund as at 30 June 2024

Size of holdings	No. of unit holders	No. of units held
Less than 100	-	-
100 - 1,000	2	1,400
1,001 - 10,000	5	16,600
10,001 - 100,000	1	35,000
100,001 - < 5% *	-	-
> = 5% *	1	947,000
Total	9	1,000,000

5% * - 5% of the units in circulation

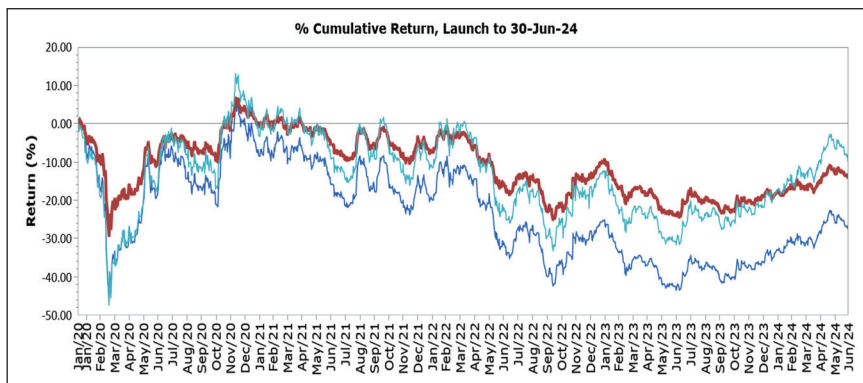
2. MANAGER'S REPORT

2.1 Explanation on whether the Fund has achieved its investment objective

The Fund achieved its stated investment objective by aiming to provide investment results that closely correspond to the daily performance of the Benchmark. However, for a period longer than one (1) Business Day, the pursuit of a daily investment objective resulted in daily compounding of the Fund. As such, the Fund's performance did not track the cumulative Benchmark return for the financial period under review that was greater than one (1) Business Day. Nevertheless, the Fund will continue to be managed in a manner to fulfil its stated investment objective.

2.2 Comparison between the Fund's performance and performance of the benchmark

Performance Chart Since Launch (20/09/2019 – 30/06/2024)
Kenanga KLCI Daily 2x Leveraged ETF



Source: Lipper

2.3 Investment strategies and policies employed during the financial period under review

The Fund adopted a futures-based replication investment strategy to achieve the investment objective of the Fund. The Fund invested directly in the Index Futures, subject to the rebalancing and rolling strategy below, to obtain the required exposure to the Benchmark.

To ensure the Fund's daily exposure to the Benchmark is consistent with the Fund's investment objective, the Fund rebalanced its portfolio on a daily basis, decreasing exposure in response to the Benchmark's daily gains or increasing exposure in response to the Benchmark's daily losses.

The Fund adopted rolling strategy by closing out existing futures position in the spot month and entering into the forward month before the last trading day of the spot month to ensure the Fund continues to replicate the required exposure to the Benchmark.

2.4 The Fund's asset allocation as at 30 June 2024 and comparison with the previous financial period

Asset	30 Jun 2024	30 Jun 2023
Listed derivatives	0.9%	-1.4%
Cash in margin account	59.7%	47.5%
Short term deposits and cash	39.4%	53.9%

Reason for the differences in asset allocation

The higher percentage of cash in margin account during the financial period under review was due to the increased value of the Fund's long positions in futures contracts.

2.5 Fund performance analysis based on NAV per unit (adjusted for income distribution; if any) since last review period

	Period under review 1 Jan 2024 – 30 Jun 2024
KKL2X	20.68%
FTSE Bursa Malaysia KLCI 2x Daily Leveraged (Price) Index	17.41%

Source: Lipper

For the financial period under review, the Fund outperformed its benchmark returns by 3.27%. The outperformance was a result of the daily compounding effect resulted from the futures-based replication investment strategy that involved rebalancing and rolling of underlying futures to obtain the required exposure to the Benchmark.

2.6 Review of the market

Market review

Global equity markets started 2024 on a positive note, continuing the momentum from the previous year. In the US, the S&P 500, Dow Jones, and Nasdaq gained 1.6%, 1.2%, and 1.0% month-on-month (MoM) in January, respectively. The S&P 500 and Dow Jones reached record highs, driven by optimism around a potential 'soft landing' scenario, which sustained the rally in the 'Magnificent Seven' stocks. Several strong economic indicators, including a robust Gross Domestic Product (GDP) print, solid jobs report, firm wage growth, and steady unemployment, highlighted the ongoing resilience of the US economy. The Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) kept the policy rate steady at 5.25-5.50% but pushed back against expectations of an imminent rate cut at the upcoming March meeting. Locally, the market responded positively to the signing of the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) for the Johor-Singapore Special Economic Zone and Bank Negara Malaysia's (BNM) decision to maintain the Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) rate at 3%. These developments helped offset concerns over slower-than-expected GDP growth in 4Q2023 and the announcement of increased power and water tariffs. The FBM KLCI (+4.0% MoM) was the best performing market in Asia in January, outperforming both the MSCI Asean (-3.6% MoM) and MSCI Asia ex-Japan (-5.5% MoM). FBM100, FBM Shariah and FBM Small Cap each registered MoM gains of 4.0%, 2.6% and 2.2% respectively.

2.6 Review of the market (contd.)

Market review (contd.)

In February, the Nasdaq, S&P 500, and Dow Jones rose 6.1%, 5.2%, and 2.2% MoM, respectively. The US market was bolstered by stronger growth prospects and diminishing tail risks, with 2024 GDP now expected to increase by 2.1%. The US services labor market remained robust, with wage growth above trend, leading to a positive surprise in consumer spending. Additionally, the January US Producer Price Index (PPI) increased by 0.3% MoM, significantly higher than the forecasted 0.1% MoM, driven by strength in the services Purchasing Managers Index (PMI). As a result, reported 4Q2023 earnings per share (EPS) grew 10% year-on-year (YoY), with earnings surpassing expectations by more than 7%, mainly due to the technology sector's performance. On the home front, there were downward revisions to Malaysia's GDP growth for 4Q2023, from 3.4% to 3.0%, and for the full year 2023, from 3.8% to 3.7%. Despite these revisions, the FBM KLCI and FBM EMAS Shariah indices rose 2.5% and 2.2% MoM, respectively. The positive performance was attributed to strong foreign buying interests and improving domestic fundamentals.

In March, the S&P 500, Dow Jones, and Nasdaq continued to climb, posting gains of 3.1%, 2.1%, and 1.8% MoM, respectively, driven by ongoing optimism about the economy, potential rate cuts, and emerging business opportunities in the artificial intelligence (AI) space. The consensus anticipated 2024 GDP growth of 2.2%. The Federal Reserve (Fed) maintained interest rates at 5.25%-5.5%, marking the fifth consecutive meeting with no changes. Fed Chair Jerome Powell reiterated the Fed's commitment to bringing inflation down to its 2% target. However, with the inflation rate rising to 3.2% YoY in February 2024, the path to achieving the Fed's target may be longer and more challenging than expected, given the strong labor market and economic growth, which continue to put upward pressure on prices. Locally, BNM kept the OPR unchanged at 3% following the March Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) meeting. The FBM KLCI fell by 1.0% MoM, while FBM Small Cap, FBM Shariah, and FBM 100 registered MoM gains of 3.1%, 1.0%, and 0.5% respectively. News flows in the month were centered around infrastructure related to data center.

US equities fell sharply in April, with the Dow Jones (-5.0%), S&P 500 (-4.2%), and Nasdaq (-4.4%) all declining due to a higher-than-expected inflation print, which sparked fears of delays in interest rate cuts. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) rose 0.4% MoM, surpassing the consensus expectation of 0.3%. On a YoY basis, both headline and core CPI rose to 3.5% and 3.8%, respectively, exceeding economists' forecasts. Additionally, March saw the addition of 303,000 jobs, far ahead of the anticipated 200,000. With higher inflation and a strong job market, expectations for rate cuts have been pushed back, making a June cut unlikely, and the total number of expected cuts in 2024 reduced to one or two, down from six at the start of the year. In the local market, the FBM KLCI rallied by 2.6%, reaching a two-year high of 1,576 points, despite Middle East geopolitical concerns and persistent selling by foreign investors. The broader market rallied as well with FBM100, FBM Shariah and FBM Small Cap rising 2.5%, 3.8% and 3.4% respectively. The market was supported by a net buy of RM5.1 billion worth of equities by local institutional investors.

US equities rebounded in May, driven by better-than-expected corporate earnings, investor optimism about the economic outlook, and the expectation of interest rate cuts later in the year. The Dow Jones, S&P 500, and Nasdaq rose 2.3%, 4.8%, and 6.9% MoM, respectively. The US announced new tariffs on USD 18 billion of goods from China, including a quadruple increase in tariffs on Chinese electric vehicles (from 25% to 100%) to protect US manufacturers. The increase is seen as having little impact, as few electric vehicles are imported to the US from China. Tariffs were also increased on medical and solar supplies, as the Biden administration extended the Section 301 Tariffs on Imports from China, which began in 2018 and covers USD 300 billion of Chinese products. In Malaysia, BNM kept the OPR at 3% during its May MPC meeting. The FBM KLCI was up 1.3% in May driven by the return of foreign investors and strong 1Q earnings results and the broader market rallied with FBM100, FBM Shariah and FBM Small Cap rising 2.3%, 2.5% and 4.1% respectively.

2.6 Review of the market (contd.)

Market review (contd.)

Global equity markets continued to perform well in June 2024, with the US S&P 500, Nasdaq, and Dow Jones increasing by 3.5%, 6.0%, and 1.1% MoM, respectively. The US market finished the first half of 2024 strongly, with the S&P 500, Nasdaq, and Dow Jones up by 14.5%, 18.1%, and 3.8%, respectively. The rally was primarily driven by better-than-expected corporate earnings, with Wall Street forecasting steady earnings growth through 2025. Even excluding mega-cap technology stocks, the earnings outlook remains solid. US inflation cooled slightly to 3.3% in May, compared to economists' expectations of 3.4%. The Fed decided to hold interest rates steady after its meeting in June. The Fed expected only one rate cut in 2024 amid persistent inflation, with economists anticipating the first cut in September 2024. Locally, the FBM KLCI declined slightly by 0.4% MoM in June due to profit taking activities, but the FBM100, FBM Shariah, and FBM Small Cap were up by 0.24%, 1.29%, and 3.64% MoM, respectively.

Overall, the Malaysian market finished the first half of 2024 strongly, with the FBM KLCI, FBM100, FBM EMAS Shariah, and FBM Small Cap indices up by 9.3%, 12.5%, 14.2%, and 18.0%, respectively. In June, foreign investors became net sellers, offloading RM 61.2 million worth of equities, reversing the net buying trend observed in May. Despite this, year-to-date (YTD) foreign net sales stand at RM 0.8 billion, with local institutional and retail investors providing robust support.

Market outlook

Key indicators for the timing of potential rate cuts include U.S. economic data and guidance from the Fed. The Fed is anticipated to begin reducing rates in the second half of 2024, with the market expecting the first cut in September 2024. Meanwhile, the European Central Bank (ECB) became the second major central bank to lower interest rates in June 2024, following Canada's earlier decision. While China's additional fiscal stimulus has provided some support, further measures are needed to revive the property market and restore market confidence.

Locally, we maintain a positive outlook on the Malaysian equity market for 2024 as we expect resilient GDP growth of 4-5%, improving momentum of policy execution on construction and infrastructure projects, rising FDI, while valuation and foreign shareholding remains low.

2.7 Distributions

For the financial period under review, the Fund did not declare any income distributions.

2.8 Details of any unit split exercise

The Fund did not carry out any unit split exercise during the financial period under review.

2.9 Significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund during the financial period

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund during the financial period and up until the date of the manager's report, not otherwise disclosed in the financial statements.

2.10 Circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unit holders

There were no circumstances that materially affected any interests of the unit holders during the financial period under review.

2.11 Rebates and soft commissions

It is the policy of the Manager to credit any rebates received into the account of the Fund. Any soft commissions received by investment manager on behalf of the Fund are in the form of research and advisory services that assist in the decision making process relating to the investment of the Fund which are of demonstrable benefit to unit holders of the Fund. Any dealing with the broker or dealer is executed on terms which are the most favourable for the Fund. As the Fund solely invested in listed derivatives, the Manager did not receive any rebates or soft commissions from its stockbrokers during the financial period under review.

2.12 Cross-trade

During the financial period under review, no cross-trade transactions were undertaken by the Manager for the Fund.

2.13 Securities financing transactions

Securities financing transactions are transactions consisting of securities lending or repurchase. During the financial period under review, the Fund had not undertaken any securities financing transactions.

3. FUND PERFORMANCE

3.1 Details of portfolio composition of the Fund as at 30 June 2024 against the last three financial years as at 31 December are as follows:

a. Distribution among industry sectors and category of investments:

	As at 30.6.2024	FY 2023	FY 2022	FY 2021
	%	%	%	%
Listed derivatives	0.9	-0.4	2.2	2.7
Cash in margin account	59.7	52.7	50.9	52.0
Short term deposits and cash	39.4	47.7	46.9	45.3
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Note: The above mentioned percentages are based on total investment market value plus cash.

b. Distribution among countries and markets

The Fund invests in Malaysia listed derivatives and short term deposits only.

c. Weightings of the top 10 constituents of the Underlying Index as at 30 June 2024

Rank	Constituent	Index Weight (%)
1	Malayan Banking Berhad	13.18
2	Tenaga Nasional Berhad	10.53
3	Public Bank Berhad	10.41
4	CIMB Group Holdings Berhad	9.89
5	Press Metal Aluminium Holdings Berhad	3.71
6	Telekom Malaysia Berhad	3.62
7	IHH Healthcare Berhad	3.34
8	MISC Berhad	3.18
9	Petronas Chemicals Group Berhad	3.12
10	Petronas Gas Berhad	3.00

Source: Bloomberg

Details of the Fund's quoted Investments as at 30 June 2024 are disclosed under Note 4 of the financial statements.

3.2 Performance details of the Fund for the financial period ended 30 June 2024 against the last four financial years/period ended 31 December are as follows:

	Period from 1.1.2024 to 30.6.2024	FY 2023	FY 2022	FY 2021	20.12.2019 (Date of commencement) to 31.12.2020
Total asset value (RM Million)	2.14	1.78	1.81	1.95	2.15
Net asset value ("NAV") (RM Million) ¹	2.14	1.77	1.81	1.95	2.10
Units in circulation (Million)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
NAV per unit (RM)	2.1362	1.7702	1.8127	1.9455	2.1047
Highest NAV per unit (RM)	2.2484	1.8339	2.0888	2.1216	2.2550
Lowest NAV per unit (RM)	1.7702	1.5615	1.5441	1.7478	1.1450
Listed price (RM) ¹	1.5600	1.7600	1.8350	1.8700	1.6000
Highest listed price (RM)	1.8000	1.8350	2.0700	2.0400	2.0000
Lowest listed price (RM)	1.5600	1.5600	1.6300	1.7500	1.2600
Total return (%)	20.68	-2.34	-6.83	-7.56	5.23
- Capital growth (%)	20.68	-2.34	-6.83	-7.56	5.23
- Income growth (%)	-	-	-	-	-
Gross distribution per unit (sen)	-	-	-	-	-
Net distribution per unit (sen)	-	-	-	-	-
Total expense ratio ("TER") (%) ²	0.69	0.83	0.89	0.83	0.83
Portfolio turnover ratio ("PTR") (times) ³	12.11	24.17	23.45	24.46	25.97
Tracking error	0.40	1.40	4.29	2.20	2.24

3.2 Performance details of the Fund for the financial period ended 30 June 2024 against the last four financial years/period ended 31 December are as follows: (contd.)

Note: Total return is the actual return of the Fund for the financial periods/years, computed based on NAV per unit and net of all fees.

TER is computed based on the total fees and expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. PTR is computed based on the average of the total acquisitions and total disposals of investment securities of the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis.

Above NAV and NAV per unit are not shown as ex-distribution as there were no distribution declared by the Fund in the financial period under review.

- As at 30 June 2024, the Fund has a net asset value of RM2.14 million and 1 million units in circulation. The KLCI demonstrated robust performance in the first half of 2024, propelling the Fund's net asset value per unit to a peak of RM2.2484. Similarly, the listed price reached an interim high of RM1.875 before closing the review period at RM1.8000.
- TER is lower as compared against the previous financial year mainly due to decreased in expenses incurred during the financial period under review.
- PTR is lower due to lesser daily rebalancing frequency of futures contracts in the Fund during the financial year under review.

3.3 Average total return of the Fund

	1 Year 30 Jun 23 - 30 Jun 24	3 Years 30 Jun 21 - 30 Jun 24	Since Inception 20 Dec 19 - 30 Jun 24
KKL2X	35.87%	6.80%	4.64%
FTSE Bursa Malaysia KLCI 2x Daily Leveraged (Price) Index	30.64%	2.23%	-0.55%

Source: Lipper

3.4 Annual total return of the Fund

	Period under review 31 Dec 23 - 30 Jun 24	1 Year			Since Inception 20 Dec 19 - 31 Dec 20
		31 Dec 22 - 31 Dec 23	31 Dec 21 - 31 Dec 22	31 Dec 20 - 31 Dec 21	
KKL2X	20.68%	-2.34%	-6.83%	-7.56%	5.23%
FTSE Bursa Malaysia KLCI 2x Daily Leveraged (Price) Index	17.41%	-7.30%	-12.22%	-9.83%	-4.78%

Source: Lipper

Investors are reminded that past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. Unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

KENANGA KLCI DAILY 2X LEVERAGED ETF

**Unaudited Semi-Annual Financial Statements
Together with Trustee's Report and Statement
by the Manager**

30 June 2024

KENANGA KLCI DAILY 2X LEVERAGED ETF

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**TRUSTEE'S REPORT
TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF KENANGA KLCI DAILY 2X LEVERAGED ETF (“Fund”)**

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial period from 1 January 2024 to 30 June 2024 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Kenanga Investors Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Exchange-traded Funds;
2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

For and on behalf of
RHB TRUSTEES BERHAD
[Company No.:200201005356 (573019-U)]

LIM BEE FANG
Assistant Vice President

WONG CHOOI YIN
Assistant Vice President

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

28 August 2024

KENANGA KLCI DAILY 2X LEVERAGED ETF

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Datuk Wira Ismitz Matthew De Alwis, being a director of Kenanga Investors Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024 and the related statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net asset value and statement of cash flows for the financial period from 1 January 2024 to 30 June 2024 together with notes thereto, are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of Kenanga KLCI Daily 2x Leveraged ETF as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial period from 1 January 2024 to 30 June 2024 and comply with the requirements of the Deed.

For and on behalf of the Manager
KENANGA INVESTORS BERHAD

DATUK WIRA ISMITZ MATTHEW DE ALWIS
Executive Director/Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

28 August 2024

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2024 TO 30 JUNE 2024 *(unaudited)*

	Note	1.1.2024 to 30.6.2024 RM	1.1.2023 to 30.6.2023 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Interest income		21,140	18,564
Net gain/(loss) from investments:			
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")	4	<u>360,691</u>	<u>(247,359)</u>
		<u>381,831</u>	<u>(228,795)</u>
EXPENSES			
Manager's fee	5	5,069	4,230
Trustee's fee	6	469	338
Index license fee	7	547	505
Administration expenses	8	1,885	2,221
Brokerage and other transaction costs		<u>4,755</u>	<u>4,180</u>
		<u>12,725</u>	<u>11,474</u>
NET INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX		369,106	(240,269)
Income tax	9	<u>(3,094)</u>	<u>(182)</u>
NET INCOME/(LOSS) AFTER TAX, REPRESENTING TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		<u>366,012</u>	<u>(240,451)</u>
Net income/(loss) after tax is made up as follows:			
Realised gain/(loss)		337,187	(177,801)
Unrealised gain/(loss)	4	<u>28,825</u>	<u>(62,650)</u>
		<u>366,012</u>	<u>(240,451)</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

KENANGA KLCI DAILY 2X LEVERAGED ETF

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2024 *(unaudited)*

	Note	30.6.2024 RM	30.6.2023 RM
ASSETS			
INVESTMENTS			
Financial assets at FVTPL	4	20,250	-
Short term deposits	10	820,000	828,000
		<u>840,250</u>	<u>828,000</u>
OTHER ASSETS			
Amount due from Manager		18,320	13,393
Other receivables	11	15,716	5,207
Tax recoverable		-	2,161
Cash in margin account	12	1,257,471	737,228
Cash at bank		9,415	9,584
		<u>1,300,922</u>	<u>767,573</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>2,141,172</u>	<u>1,595,573</u>
LIABILITIES			
Financial liabilities at FVTPL	4	-	21,850
Amount due to Trustee		288	630
Amount due to Index Provider		1,272	676
Other payables		248	192
Provision for tax		3,158	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>4,966</u>	<u>23,348</u>
EQUITY			
Unit holders' contribution		2,000,000	2,000,000
Accumulated losses		136,206	(427,775)
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS	13	<u>2,136,206</u>	<u>1,572,225</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		<u>2,141,172</u>	<u>1,595,573</u>
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	13(a)	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>
NAV PER UNIT (RM)		<u>2.1362</u>	<u>1.5722</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSET VALUE
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2024 TO 30 JUNE 2024** *(unaudited)*

	Note	Unit holders' contribution RM	Retained earnings/ (Accumulated losses) RM	Total NAV RM
1.1.2024 to 30.6.2024				
At beginning of the financial period		2,000,000	(229,806)	1,770,194
Total comprehensive income		-	366,012	366,012
At end of the financial period		<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>136,206</u>	<u>2,136,206</u>
1.1.2023 to 30.6.2023				
At beginning of the financial period		2,000,000	(187,324)	1,812,676
Total comprehensive loss		-	(240,451)	(240,451)
At end of the financial period		<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>(427,775)</u>	<u>1,572,225</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

KENANGA KLCI DAILY 2X LEVERAGED ETF

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2024 TO 30 JUNE 2024 *(unaudited)*

	1.1.2024 to 30.6.2024 RM	1.1.2023 to 30.6.2023 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net gain/(loss) from financial (liabilities)/assets at FVTPL	331,775	(184,709)
Interest received	20,585	17,918
Index license fee paid	-	(727)
Trustee's fee paid	(301)	-
Brokerage's fee paid to licensed financial institutions	(4,755)	(4,180)
Manager's fee paid	(4,947)	(4,308)
Payment for other fees and expenses	(10,346)	(15,149)
(Payment to)/Withdrawal from margin account	(335,552)	182,197
Cash used in operating and investing activities	(3,541)	(8,958)
Income tax paid	(1,420)	(364)
Net cash used in operating and investing activities	(4,961)	(9,322)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(4,961)	(9,322)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	834,376	846,906
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	829,415	837,584
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		
Cash at bank	9,415	9,584
Short term deposits	820,000	828,000
	829,415	837,584

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2024 TO 30 JUNE 2024 (unaudited)**

1. THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Kenanga KLCI Daily 2x Leveraged ETF (the “Fund”) was constituted pursuant to the executed Deed dated 4 September 2019 (collectively, together with deeds supplemental thereto, referred to as the “Deed”) between Kenanga Investors Berhad (the “Manager”) and RHB Trustees Berhad (the “Trustee”). The Fund commenced operations on 20 December 2019 and listed on Bursa on 9 January 2020, and will continue to be in operation until terminated as provided under Clause 26 of the Deed.

Kenanga Investors Berhad is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad that is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. All of these companies are incorporated in Malaysia.

The principal place of business of the Manager is Level 14, Kenanga Tower, 237, Jalan Tun Razak, 50400 Kuala Lumpur.

The Fund is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad from 13 January 2020 and aims to provide daily performance, before fees and expenses, which closely corresponds to the daily performance of the benchmark, the FTSE Bursa Malaysia KLCI 2x Daily Leveraged (Price) Index, as provided by FTSE International Limited (“the Index Provider”).

The Manager intends to adopt a futures-based replication investment strategy to achieve the investment objective of the Fund.

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks including market risk (which includes interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Whilst these are the most important types of financial risks inherent in each type of financial instruments, the Manager and the Trustee would like to highlight that this list does not purport to constitute an exhaustive list of all the risks inherent in an investment in the Fund.

The Fund has an approved set of investment guidelines and policies as well as internal controls which sets out its overall business strategies to manage these risks to optimise returns and preserve capital for the unit holders, consistent with the long term objectives of the Fund.

a. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk includes interest rate risk and price risk.

Market risk arises when the value of the investments fluctuates in response to the activities of individual companies, general market or economic conditions. It stems from the fact that there are economy-wide perils, which threaten all businesses. Hence, investors are exposed to market uncertainties. Fluctuation in the investments’ prices caused by uncertainties in the economic, political and social environment will affect the NAV of the Fund.

KENANGA KLCI DAILY 2X LEVERAGED ETF

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

a. Market risk (contd.)

The Manager manages the risk of unfavourable changes in prices by cautious review of the investments and continuous monitoring of their performance and risk profiles.

i. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to how the changes in the interest rate environment would affect the performance of Fund's investments. Rate offered by the financial institutions will fluctuate according to the Overnight Policy Rate determined by Bank Negara Malaysia and this has direct correlation with the Fund's investments in short term deposits.

The Fund is not exposed to significant interest rate risk as its deposits are short term in nature and have fixed interest rates.

Interest rate risk exposure

The following table analyses the Fund's interest rate risk exposure. The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed at fair value and categorised by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

	Up to 1 year RM	Non- exposure to interest rate movement RM	Total RM	Weighted average effective interest rate* %
30.6.2024				
Assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	20,250	20,250	
Short term deposits	820,000	-	820,000	2.9
Cash in margin account	1,257,471	-	1,257,471	
Other financial assets	-	43,451	43,451	
	<u>2,077,471</u>	<u>63,701</u>	<u>2,141,172</u>	
Liabilities				
Other financial liabilities	-	4,718	4,718	
	<u>-</u>	<u>4,718</u>	<u>4,718</u>	
Total interest rate sensitivity gap	<u>2,077,471</u>	<u>58,983</u>	<u>2,136,454</u>	

* Calculated based on assets with exposure to interest rate movement only.

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

a. Market risk (contd.)

i. Interest rate risk (contd.)

Interest rate risk exposure (contd.)

	Up to 1 year RM	Non- exposure to interest rate movement RM	Total RM	Weighted average effective interest rate* %
30.6.2023				
Assets				
Short term deposits	828,000	-	828,000	2.9
Cash in margin account	737,228	-	737,228	1.5
Other financial assets	-	28,184	28,184	
	<u>1,565,228</u>	<u>28,184</u>	<u>1,593,412</u>	
Liabilities				
Financial liabilities at FVTPL	-	21,850	21,850	
Other financial liabilities	-	1,306	1,306	
	<u>-</u>	<u>23,156</u>	<u>23,156</u>	
Total interest rate sensitivity gap	<u>1,565,228</u>	<u>5,028</u>	<u>1,570,256</u>	

* Calculated based on assets with exposure to interest rate movement only.

ii. Price risk

Price risk is the risk of unfavourable changes in the fair values of listed derivatives. The Fund invests in listed derivatives which are exposed to price fluctuations. This may then affect the NAV per unit of the Fund.

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

a. Market risk (contd.)

ii. Price risk (contd.)

Price risk sensitivity

The Manager's best estimate of the effect on the gain/(loss) for the financial period due to a reasonably possible change in investments in listed derivatives with all other variables held constant is indicated in the table below:

	Changes in price Increase/(Decrease) Basis points	Effects on gain/(loss) for the financial period Gain/(Loss) RM
30.6.2024		
Financial liabilities at FVTPL	5/(5)	2,155/(2,155)
30.6.2023		
Financial assets at FVTPL	5/(5)	1,582/(1,582)

In practice, the actual trading results may differ from the sensitivity analysis above and the difference could be material.

Price risk concentration

The following table sets out the Fund's exposure and concentration to price risk based on its portfolio of financial instruments as at the reporting date.

	Fair value		Percentage of NAV	
	30.6.2024 RM	30.6.2023 RM	30.6.2024 %	30.6.2023 %
Financial assets/ (liabilities) at FVTPL	20,250	(21,850)	0.9	(1.4)

b. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. The Manager manages the credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

i. Credit risk exposure

As at the reporting date, the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial asset recognised in the statement of financial position.

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

b. Credit risk (contd.)

ii. Financial assets that are either past due or impaired

As at the reporting date, there are no financial assets that are either past due or impaired.

iii. Credit quality of financial assets

The Fund invests in deposits with financial institutions licensed under the Financial Services Act 2013 and Islamic Financial Services Act 2013. The following table analyses the licensed financial institutions by rating category:

Short term deposits

Rating	Percentage of total short term deposits		Percentage of NAV	
	30.6.2024 %	30.6.2023 %	30.6.2024 %	30.6.2023 %
P1/MARC-1	100.0	100.0	38.4	52.7

As the Fund invests in listed derivatives, the cash in margin account represents margin deposits held in respect of the open exchange-traded futures contracts. The following table analyses these financial assets by rating category:

Cash in margin account

Rating	Percentage of total cash in margin account		Percentage of NAV	
	30.6.2024 %	30.6.2023 %	30.6.2024 %	30.6.2023 %
Not rated	100.0	100.0	58.9	46.9

c. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are to be settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or cancel its units earlier than expected. The Fund is exposed to cancellation of its units on a regular basis. Units sold to unit holders by the Manager are cancellable at the unit holders' option based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of cancellation calculated in accordance with the Deed.

The liquid assets comprise cash at banks, short term deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

KENANGA KLCI DAILY 2X LEVERAGED ETF

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

c. Liquidity risk (contd.)

The following table analyses the maturity profile of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities in order to provide a complete view of the Fund's contractual commitments and liquidity.

	Note	No maturity RM	Up to 1 year RM	Total RM
30.6.2024				
Assets				
Financial asset at FVTPL			20,250	20,250
Short term deposit			820,000	820,000
Cash in margin account			1,257,471	1,257,471
Other financial asset			34,036	34,036
Cash at bank		9,415	-	9,415
	i.	<u>9,415</u>	<u>2,131,757</u>	<u>2,141,172</u>
Liabilities				
Other financial liabilities	ii.	-	4,718	4,718
Equity	iii.	-	2,136,206	2,136,206
Liquidity gap		<u>9,415</u>	<u>(9,167)</u>	<u>248</u>
30.6.2023				
Assets				
Short term deposits		-	828,000	828,000
Cash in margin account		-	737,228	737,228
Other assets		-	18,600	18,600
Cash at bank		9,584	-	9,584
	i.	<u>9,584</u>	<u>1,583,828</u>	<u>1,593,412</u>
Liabilities				
Financial liabilities at FVTPL		-	21,850	21,850
Other financial liabilities		-	1,306	1,306
	ii.	<u>-</u>	<u>23,156</u>	<u>23,156</u>
Equity	iii.	-	1,572,225	1,572,225
Liquidity gap		<u>9,584</u>	<u>(11,553)</u>	<u>(1,969)</u>

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

c. Liquidity risk (contd.)

i. Financial assets

Analysis of financial assets at FVTPL into maturity groupings is based on the expected date on which these assets will be realised. The Fund's investments in listed derivatives have been included in the "up to 1 year" category on the assumption that these are highly liquid investments which can be realised should all of the Fund's unit holders' equity be required to be redeemed. For other financial assets, the analysis into maturity groupings is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting year to the contractual maturity date or if earlier, the expected date on which the assets will be realised.

ii. Financial liabilities

Analysis of financial liabilities at FVTPL into maturity groupings is based on the expected date on which these assets will be realised. The Fund's investments in listed derivatives have been included in the "up to 1 year" category on the assumption that these are highly liquid investments which can be realised should all of the Fund's unit holders' equity be required to be redeemed. For other financial liabilities, the analysis into maturity grouping is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or if earlier, the date on which liabilities will be settled. When the counterparty has a choice of when the amount is paid, the liability is allocated to the earliest period in which the Fund can be required to pay.

KENANGA KLCI DAILY 2X LEVERAGED ETF

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTD.)

c. Liquidity risk (contd.)

iii. Equity

As the unit holders can request for redemption of their units, they have been categorised as having a maturity of “up to 1 year”.

d. Regulatory reportings

It is the Manager’s responsibility to ensure full compliance of all requirements under the Guidelines on Exchange-Traded Funds issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia. Any breach of any such requirement has been reported in the mandatory reporting to the Securities Commission Malaysia on a quarterly basis.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

a. Basis of accounting

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards (“MFRS”) as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (“MASB”) and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”).

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the adoption of the amended MFRS, which became effective for the Fund on 1 January 2024.

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 16: <i>Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback</i>	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101: <i>Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current</i>	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101: <i>Non-current Liabilities with Covenants</i>	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 107 and MFRS 7: <i>Supplier Finance Arrangements</i>	1 January 2024

The adoption of the MFRS and amended MFRS did not have any material impact on the financial position or performance of the Fund.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTD.)

b. Amendments to standards issued but not yet effective

As at the reporting date, the following amendments to standards that have been issued by MASB will be effective for the Fund in future financial periods. The Fund intends to adopt the relevant amendments to standards when they become effective.

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 121: <i>Lack of Exchangeability</i>	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: <i>Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture</i>	To be announced by MASB

These pronouncements are not expected to have any material impact to the financial statements of the Fund upon their initial application.

c. Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments.

i. Initial recognition

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their contractual terms and the business model for managing the instruments, as described in Notes 3(c)(ii) and (iii).

ii. Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

The Fund classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

- Amortised cost;
- Fair value through other comprehensive income; and
- Fair value through profit or loss.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTD.)

c. Financial instruments (contd.)

ii. Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities (contd.)

The Fund may designate financial instruments at FVTPL, if so doing eliminates or significantly reduces measurement or recognition inconsistencies.

Financial assets are initially measured at their fair values plus, except in the case of financial assets recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs.

The Fund's other financial assets include cash at banks, short term deposits, trade receivables and other receivables.

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at FVTPL or other financial liabilities.

The Fund's other financial liabilities include trade payables and other payables.

Other financial liabilities are recognised and initially measured at fair values, net of directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate ("EIR"). Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

iii. Due from banks, short term deposits, trade receivables and other receivables at amortised cost

The Fund only measures the cash at banks, short term deposits, trade receivables and other receivables at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding.

The details of these conditions are outlined below.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTD.)

c. Financial instruments (contd.)

iii. Due from banks, short term deposits, trade receivables and other receivables at amortised cost (contd.)

Business model assessment

The Fund determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective.

The Fund's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

- How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the entity's key management personnel;
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way those risks are managed;
- How managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected); and
- The expected frequency, value and timing of sales are also important aspects of the Fund's assessment.

The business model assessment is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account. If cash flows after initial recognition are realised in a way that is different from the Fund's original expectations, the Fund does not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model but incorporates such information when assessing newly originated or newly purchased financial assets going forward, unless it has been determined that there has been a change in the original business model.

The SPPI test

As a second step of its classification process, the Fund assesses the contractual terms of financial assets to identify whether they meet the SPPI test.

'Principal' for the purpose of this test is defined as the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition and may change over the life of the financial asset (for example, if there are repayments of principal or amortisation/accretion of the premium/discount).

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTD.)

c. Financial instruments (contd.)

iii. Due from banks, short term deposits, trade receivables and other receivables at amortised cost (contd.)

The SPPI test (contd.)

The most significant elements of interest within a lending arrangement are typically the consideration for the time value of money and credit risk. To make the SPPI assessment, the Fund applies judgment and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated, and the period for which the interest rate is set.

In contrast, contractual terms that introduce a more than de minimis exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that are unrelated to a basic lending arrangement do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the amount outstanding. In such cases, the financial asset is required to be measured at FVTPL.

iv. Financial investments

Financial assets in this category are those that are managed in a fair value business model, or that have been designated by management upon initial recognition, or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under MFRS 9. This category includes debt instruments whose cash flow characteristics fail the SPPI criterion or are not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell.

d. Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired. The Fund also derecognises the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

The Fund has transferred the financial asset if, and only if, either:

- The Fund has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset; or
- It retains the rights to the cash flows but has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTD.)

d. Derecognition of financial assets (contd.)

Pass-through arrangements are transactions whereby the Fund retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of a financial asset (the 'original asset'), but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities (the 'eventual recipients'), when all of the following three conditions are met:

- The Fund has no obligation to pay amounts to the eventual recipients unless it has collected equivalent amounts from the original asset, excluding short-term advances with the right to full recovery of the amount lent plus accrued interest at market rates;
- The Fund cannot sell or pledge the original asset other than as security to the eventual recipients; and
- The Fund has to remit any cash flows it collects on behalf of the eventual recipients without material delay. In addition, the Fund is not entitled to reinvest such cash flows, except for investments in cash or cash equivalents including interest earned, during the period between the collection date and the date of required remittance to the eventual recipients.

A transfer only qualifies for derecognition if either:

- The Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

The Fund considers control to be transferred if, and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer.

When the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards and has retained control of the asset, the asset continues to be recognised only to the extent of the Fund's continuing involvement, in which case, the Fund also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Fund has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration the Fund could be required to pay.

If continuing involvement takes the form of a written or purchased option (or both) on the transferred asset, the continuing involvement is measured at the value the Fund would be required to pay upon repurchase. In the case of a written put option on an asset that is measured at fair value, the extent of the entity's continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTD.)

e. Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis and to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

f. Impairment of financial assets

i. Overview of the expected credit loss (“ECL”) principles

The Fund measures its receivables impairment using the forward-looking ECL approach in accordance with the requirements of MFRS 9.

ii. Write-offs

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Fund has stopped pursuing the recovery. If the amount to be written off is greater than the accumulated loss allowance, the difference is first treated as an addition to the allowance that is then applied against the gross carrying amount. Any subsequent recoveries are credited to credit loss expense.

g. Income

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

The realised gain or loss on sale of investments is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments.

h. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash at banks and short term deposits with licensed financial institutions with maturities of three months or less, which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

i. Income tax

Income tax on the profit or loss for the financial period comprises current tax. Current tax is the expected amount of income taxes payable in respect of the taxable profit for the financial period.

As no temporary differences have been identified, no deferred tax has been recognised.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTD.)

j. Unrealised reserves

Unrealised reserves represent the net gain or loss arising from carrying investments at their fair values at reporting date. This reserve is not distributable.

k. Unit holders' contribution – NAV attributable to unit holders

The unit holders' contribution to the Fund is classified as equity instruments.

l. Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is also the Fund's functional currency.

m. Distributions

Distributions are at the discretion of the Manager. A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from retained earnings.

n. Significant accounting judgement and estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain accounting estimates and exercise of judgment. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on past experience, reasonable expectations of future events and other factors.

i. Critical judgments made in applying accounting policies

There are no major judgments made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies.

ii. Key sources of estimation uncertainty

There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period.

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4. FINANCIAL ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) AT FVTPL

The Fund invests in listed derivatives – KLCI futures contracts. Futures contracts are contractual obligations to buy or sell financial instruments on a future date at a specified price established in an organised market. The futures contracts are collateralised by cash.

	30.6.2024	30.6.2023
	RM	RM
Financial assets/(liabilities) held for trading, at FVTPL:		
Listed derivatives – KLCI futures contracts	20,250	(21,850)
	1.1.2024 to	1.1.2023 to
	30.6.2024	30.6.2023
	RM	RM
Net loss on financial assets/(liabilities) at FVTPL comprised:		
Realised loss on disposals	331,866	(184,709)
Unrealised changes in fair values	28,825	(62,650)
	<u>360,691</u>	<u>(247,359)</u>

There were 54 futures contracts with notional principal amount of RM4,310,550 that remain outstanding as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: 46 futures contract with notional principal amount of RM3,163,650).

5. MANAGER'S FEE

The Manager's fee is calculated on a daily basis at a rate not exceeding 3.00% per annum of the NAV of the Fund as provided under Division 15.1 of the Deed.

The Manager is currently calculated at 0.50% per annum of the MAV of the Fund (financial period from 1 January 2023 to 30 June 2023: 0.50% per annum).

6. TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee's fee is calculated on a daily basis at a rate not exceeding 0.10% per annum of the NAV of the Fund as provided under Division 15.2 of the Deed.

The Trustee's fee is currently calculated at 0.04% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (financial period from 1 January 2023 to 30 June 2023: 0.04% per annum).

7. INDEX LICENSE FEE

The index license fee is calculated based on the NAV accrued daily for every quarter and is payable to the Index Provider.

The index license fee is currently calculated at 0.05% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (financial period from 1 January 2023 to 30 June 2023: 0.05% per annum).

8. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION, TAX AGENT'S FEE AND OTHER ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

The auditors' remuneration, tax agent's fee and certain other administration expenses for the current and previous financial periods were borne by the Manager.

9. INCOME TAX

	30.6.2024 RM	30.6.2023 RM
Malaysian income tax:		
Current period charge	2,532	1,659
Overprovision in prior financial period	562	(1,477)
	<u>3,094</u>	<u>182</u>

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% of the estimated assessable income for the current and previous financial periods.

Income tax is calculated on investment income less partial deduction for permitted expenses as provided for under Section 63B of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net income/(loss) before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	1.1.2024 to 30.6.2024 RM	1.1.2023 to 30.6.2023 RM
Net income/(loss) before tax	<u>369,106</u>	<u>(240,269)</u>
Tax at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (financial period from 1 January 2022 to 30 June 2023: 24%)	88,585	(57,665)
Tax effect of:		
Income not subject to tax	(88,985)	(2,695)
Losses not deductible for tax purposes	-	59,366
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,837	1,739
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for exchange traded fund	1,095	914
Under/(Over) provision in prior financial period	562	(1,477)
Income tax for the financial period	<u>3,094</u>	<u>182</u>

10. SHORT TERM DEPOSITS

Short term deposits are held with licensed financial institutions in Malaysia at the prevailing interest rates.

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11. OTHER RECEIVABLES

	30.6.2024 RM	30.6.2023 RM
Interest receivable from short term deposits	66	65
Interest receivable from margin account	1,607	642
Registrar security deposits	14,043	4,500
	<u>15,716</u>	<u>5,207</u>

12. CASH IN MARGIN ACCOUNT

Cash in margin account represents margin deposits held in respect of the open exchange-traded futures contracts.

13. NET ASSET VALUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS

NAV attributable to unit holders is represented by:

	Note	30.6.2024 RM	30.6.2023 RM
Unit holders' contribution	(a)	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>2,000,000</u>
<u>Retained earnings/(Accumulated losses):</u>			
Realised reserves/(deficits)		115,956	(405,925)
Unrealised reserves/(deficits)		<u>20,250</u>	<u>(21,850)</u>
		<u>136,206</u>	<u>(427,775)</u>
		<u>2,136,206</u>	<u>1,572,225</u>

(a) Unit holders' contribution

	1.1.2024 to 30.6.2024		1.1.2023 to 30.6.2023	
	No. of units	RM	No. of units	RM
At beginning/end of the financial period	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>2,000,000</u>

The Manager, Kenanga Investors Berhad, did not hold any units in the Fund, either legally or beneficially, as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: nil). The number of units legally or beneficially held by the other parties related to the Manager were 947,000 units valued at RM2,022,981 as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023: 480,700 units valued at RM755,769).

14. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO (“PTR”)

PTR for the financial period from 1 January 2024 to 30 June 2024 is 12.11 times (financial period from 1 January 2023 to 30 June 2023: 11.96 times).

PTR is the ratio of average sum of acquisitions and disposals of investments of the Fund for the financial period to the average NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

15. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO (“TER”)

TER for the financial period from 1 January 2024 to 30 June 2024 is 0.69% per annum (financial period from 1 January 2023 to 30 June 2023: 0.71% per annum).

TER is the ratio of total fees and recovered expenses of the Fund expressed as a percentage of the Fund’s average NAV, calculated on a daily basis.

16. TRANSACTIONS WITH LICENSED FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	Transaction value RM	Percentage of total %	Brokerage, stamp duty and clearing fee RM	Percentage of total %
Kenanga Futures Sdn Bhd*	49,445,875	100.0	4,690	100.0

* Kenanga Futures Sdn Bhd is a related party of Kenanga Investors Berhad.

The above transactions values are in respect of listed derivatives (future contracts).

The directors of the Manager are of the opinion that the transactions with the related party have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from that obtainable in transactions with unrelated parties. The Manager is of the opinion that the above dealings have been transacted on an arm’s length basis.

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17. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

a. Business segments

In accordance with the objective of the Fund, up to 70% of the Fund's NAV is to be committed as margin for futures contracts with the remaining balance in other liquid assets. The following table provides an analysis of the Fund's revenue, results, assets and liabilities by business segments:

	Listed derivatives RM	Other investments RM	Total RM
1.1.2024 to 30.6.2024			
Revenue			
Segment income	360,691	21,140	
Segment expenses	(4,755)	-	
Net segment income representing segment results	<u>355,936</u>	<u>21,140</u>	377,076
Unallocated expenditure			(7,970)
Income before tax			369,106
Income tax			(3,094)
Net income after tax			<u>366,012</u>
30.6.2024			
Assets			
Financial assets at FVTPL	20,250	-	
Short term deposits	-	820,000	
Cash in margin account	1,257,471	-	
Other segment assets	1,607	66	
Total segment assets	<u>1,279,328</u>	<u>820,066</u>	2,099,394
Unallocated assets			41,778
			<u>2,141,172</u>
Liabilities			
Financial liabilities at FVTPL	1,272	-	1,272
Unallocated liabilities			3,694
			<u>4,966</u>
1.1.2023 to 30.6.2023			
Revenue			
Segment (loss)/income	(247,359)	18,564	
Segment expenses	(4,180)	-	
Net segment (loss)/income representing segment results	<u>(251,539)</u>	<u>18,564</u>	(232,975)
Unallocated expenditure			(7,294)
Loss before tax			(240,269)
Income tax			(182)
Net loss after tax			<u>(240,451)</u>

17. SEGMENTAL REPORTING (CONTD.)

a. Business segments (contd.)

	Listed derivatives RM	Other investments RM	Total RM
30.6.2023			
Assets			
Short term deposits	-	828,000	
Cash in margin account	737,228	-	
Other segment assets	642	65	
Total segment assets	<u>737,870</u>	<u>828,065</u>	1,565,935
Unallocated assets			29,638
			<u>1,595,573</u>
Liabilities			
Financial liabilities at FVTPL	<u>21,850</u>	-	21,850
Unallocated liabilities			1,498
			<u>23,348</u>

b. Geographical segments

As all of the Fund's investments are located in Malaysia, disclosure by geographical segments is not relevant.

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Classification of financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on their respective classification. The significant accounting policies in Note 3 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised.

The following table analyses the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Fund in the statement of financial position by the class of financial instruments to which they are assigned and therefore by the measurement basis.

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18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTD.)

a. Classification of financial instruments (contd.)

	Financial assets/ (liabilities) at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Other financial liabilities RM	Total RM
30.6.2024				
Assets				
Listed derivatives	20,250	-	-	20,250
Short term deposits	-	820,000	-	820,000
Amount due from				
Manager	-	18,320	-	18,320
Other receivables	-	15,716	-	15,716
Cash in margin account	-	1,257,471	-	1,257,471
Cash at bank	-	9,415	-	9,415
	<u>20,250</u>	<u>2,120,922</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,141,172</u>
Liabilities				
Listed derivatives				
Amount due to				
Trustee	-	-	288	288
Amount due to Index Provider	-	-	1,272	1,272
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,560</u>	<u>1,560</u>
30.6.2023				
Assets				
Short term deposits	-	828,000	-	828,000
Amount due from				
Manager	-	13,393	-	13,393
Other receivables	-	5,207	-	5,207
Cash in margin account	-	737,228	-	737,228
Cash at bank	-	9,584	-	9,584
	<u>-</u>	<u>1,593,412</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,593,412</u>
Liabilities				
Listed derivatives	21,850	-	-	21,850
Amount due to				
Trustee	-	-	630	630
Amount due to Index Provider	-	-	676	676
	<u>21,850</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,306</u>	<u>23,156</u>

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTD.)

b. Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial (liabilities)/assets at FVTPL are carried at fair value. The fair values of these financial (liabilities)/assets were determined using prices in active markets.

The following table shows the fair value measurements by level of the fair value measurement hierarchy:

	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
Investments:				
30.6.2024				
Listed derivatives	20,250	-	-	20,250
30.6.2023				
Listed derivatives	(21,850)	-	-	(21,850)

Level 1: Listed prices in active market

Level 2: Model with all significant inputs which are observable market data

Level 3: Model with inputs not based on observable market data

The fair values of listed derivatives are determined by reference to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's market closing prices at reporting date.

c. Financial instruments not carried at fair value and for which their carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value

The carrying amounts of the Fund's other financial assets and financial liabilities are not carried at fair value but approximate fair values due to the relatively short term maturity of these financial instruments.

19. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for creation and cancellation of units to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

- To invest in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in its prospectus;
- To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet cancellation requests as they arise; and
- To maintain sufficient fund size to make the operations of the Fund cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes during the current and previous financial periods.

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