EQ8 MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND ETF

(formerly known as MyETF MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend)

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

For the Financial Period from 1 January 2024 to 30 June 2024



Eq8 Capital Sdn Bhd

(formerly known as i-VCAP Management Sdn Bhd)
Company No. 200701034939 (792968-D)
(a wholly owned subsidiary of Kenanga Investors Berhad)

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(formerly known as MyETF MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend)

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INTRODUCTION

Eq8 MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend ETF ((formerly known as MyETF MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend) or EQ8MID, is the first style-based Shariah exchange-traded Fund ("ETF") introduced globally that aims to capture market alpha via investment in dividend-yielding Shariah-compliant companies listed on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities"). It is designed to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of its Benchmark Index i.e. MSCI Malaysia IMI Islamic High Dividend Yield 10/40 Index ("MIMYDY40 Index").

Structured as an ETF, EQ8MID is a liquid and cost efficient financial instrument for investors who wish to get potential periodic income and capital gain from Malaysia's Shariah equity market. EQ8MID was listed on the Main Market of Bursa Securities on 21 March 2014. The short name and stock number for EQ8MID are "EQ8MID" and "0824EA" respectively.

The Benchmark Index, MIMYDY40 Index, is a free-float-adjusted, market capitalisation weighted index, maintained and published by MSCI Inc. It consists Shariah-compliant companies listed on Bursa Securities with higher than average dividend yield (of the Malaysia Shariah equity universe) that are deemed sustainable and persistent by MSCI. The Benchmark Index is reviewed and rebalanced periodically by MSCI's Shariah Supervisory Committee to ensure the investability, Shariah-compliancy and continuous representation of the dividend-yielding opportunity set of the index are maintained

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

<u>Manager:</u> Eq8 Capital Sdn Bhd Company No. 200701034939 (792968-D) (formerly known as i-VCAP Management Sdn Bhd)

Registered Office

Level 17, Kenanga Tower 237, Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur. Malaysia.

Tel: 03-2172 2888 Fax: 03-2172 2999 **Business Office**

Level 13, Kenanga Tower 237, Jalan Tun Razak 50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Tel: 1-800-88-3737 Fax: 03-2172 3133

E-mail:eq8@kenanga.com.my Website: www.eq8.com.my

Luk Wai Hong, William (Chairman / Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)
Norazian Ahmad Tajuddin (Independent Non-Executive Director)
Datuk Wira Ismitz Matthew De Alwis (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)
Syed Umar Bin Abdul Rahman Alhadad (Executive Director / Acting Chief Executive Officer)

Company Secretary: Norliza Abd Samad (MAICSA 7011089)

Level 17, Kenanga Tower, 237, Jalan Tun Razak, 50400 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Trustee: Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad Company No. 200701005591 (763590-H)

Level 20, Menara IMC, 8, Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250 Kuala Lumpur.

Tel: 03-2053 7522 Fax: 03-2053 7526

Auditor: Ernst & Young PLT Company No. 202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039

Level 23A, Menara Milenium, Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, 50490 Kuala Lumpur.

Tel: 03-7495 8000 Fax: 03-2095 5332

Tax Adviser: PricewaterhouseCoopers Taxation Services Sdn Bhd

Company No. 199801008604 (464731-M)

Level 10, Menara TH 1 Sentral, Jalan Rakyat, Kuala Lumpur Sentral, P.O. Box 10192, 50706

Kuala Lumpur.

Tel: 03-2173 1188 Fax: 03-2173 1288

Participating Dealer: CGS-CIMB Securities Sdn Bhd Company No. 197901004504 (48703-W)

Level 29, Menara Aras Raya, No. 11, Jalan Raja Laut, 50350 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah

Persekutuan.

Tel: 03-2635 8893 Fax: 03-2602 9783

Participating Dealer: RHB Investment Bank Berhad Company No. 197401002639 (19663-P)

Level 3A. Tower One. RHB Centre. Jalan Tun Razak. 50400 Kuala Lumpur.

Tel: 03-2635 6666 Fax: 03-7710 0121

Shariah Adviser: Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd Company No. 200501007003 (684050-H)

Level 13A-2, Menara Tokio Marine Life, 189, Jalan Tun Razak, 50400 Kuala Lumpur.

Tel: 03-2161 0260 Fax: 03-2161 0262

<u>Share Registrar:</u> Boardroom Share Registrars Sdn Bhd (formerly known as Symphony Share Registrars Sdn Bhd) Company 199601006647 (378993-D)

11th Floor, Menara Symphony, No. 5, Jalan Semangat (Jalan Professor Khoo Kay Kim), Seksyen 13, 46200 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia.

Tel: 03-7849 0777 Fax No: 03-7841 8151/8152

<u>Custodian:</u> Deutsche Bank (Malaysia) Berhad Company No. 199401026871 (312552-W) (*Trustee's Delegate) (Please refer to page 36 for Trustee's Delegate information)*

Level 19. Menara IMC. 8. Jalan Sultan Ismail. 50250 Kuala Lumpur.

Tel: 03-2053 6788 Fax: 03-2031 8710

Index Licensor: MSCI Inc.

One Chase Manhattan Plaza, 44th Floor, New York, NY 10005, United States of America.

Tel: (+1) 212 804 3901 Fax: (+1) 212 809 1213

Fund Accountant: Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Company No. 200701005591 (763590-H)

Level 20, Menara IMC, 8, Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250 Kuala Lumpur.

Tel: 03-2053 7522 Fax: 03-2031 7526

1. FUND INFORMATION

1.1 Fund Name

Eq8 MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend ETF ("EQ8MID" or "the Fund")

1.2 Fund Category / Type

Shariah-Compliant Equity / Exchange-traded Fund

1.3 Investment Objective

The Fund aims to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the Benchmark Index regardless of its performance. The Manager attempts to achieve an absolute value of tracking error of less than 3% between the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Fund and the Benchmark Index.

1.4 Investment Strategy

The Manager will generally adopt a replication strategy to manage the Fund. The Manager may use techniques including indexing by way of full or partial replication in seeking to achieve the investment objective of the Fund, subject to conformity to the Shariah.

1.5 Benchmark Index

MSCI Malaysia IMI Islamic High Dividend Yield 10/40 Index ("MIMYDY40 Index" or "the Benchmark Index")

The Benchmark Index is a market capitalisation weighted and free-float adjusted index provided by MSCI Inc ("MSCI"). The Benchmark Index is designed as a performance benchmark for the high dividend-yielding companies of its Parent Index, i.e. the MSCI Malaysia IMI Islamic Index. The Benchmark Index shall consist between 16 to 30 Shariah-Compliant companies listed on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") with higher than the average dividend yield of the Parent Index and are deemed both sustainable and persistent by MSCI.

The weight of any single group or entity in the Benchmark Index is capped at 10% of the Index total market capitalisation and the sum of weights of all groups or entities representing more than 5% of the Index is capped at 40% of the Index total market capitalisation.

The Parent Index is a free-float adjusted market capitalisation weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of Malaysia. The Parent Index and Benchmark Index consist only of Shariah-compliant securities which are approved by the MSCI Shariah Supervisory and audit the Benchmark Index, the Parent Index as well as the MSCI Islamic Index Series Methodology on a regular basis to ensure compliance with Shariah.

1.6 Distribution Policy

Annual, subject to the discretion of the Manager.

1.7 Commencement Date & Listing Date

17 March 2014

1.8 Breakdown of unit holdings of the Fund as at 30 June 2024

Size of holdings	No. of unit holders	No. of units held
Less than 100	6	57
100 - 1,000	134	51,209
1,001 - 10,000	46	178,900
10,001 - 100,000	7	182,900
100,001 - <5%*	8	2,058,300
>=5%*	2	17,428,634
Total	203	19,900,000

5%* - 5% of the units in circulation

2 MANAGER'S REPORT

2.1 Explanation on whether the Fund has achieved its investment objective

For the financial period under review, the Fund achieved its investment objective to track closely the underlying benchmark index, i.e. MIMYDY40 Index. As at 30 June 2024, the 3-year rolling tracking errors between the NAV per unit of the Fund and the Benchmark Index on Price Return and Total Return basis were at 0.09% and 0.12% respectively, well within the 3% limit stipulated under the Fund's investment objective.

2.2 Comparison between the Fund's performance and performance of the benchmark

Performance Chart Since Launch (17/03/2014 – 30/06/2024) EQ8MID vs Benchmark Index



Source: Bloomberg, Eq8 Capital

2.3 Investment strategies and policies employed during the financial period under review

The Manager adopted a replication strategy to manage the Fund. The Manager used techniques including indexing by way of full or partial replication and/or investing in certain authorised investments, in seeking to achieve the investment objective of the Fund, subject to conformity to the Shariah.

During the financial period under review, the Manager tracked the performance of the Benchmark Index by investing all, or substantially all, of the Fund's assets in the constituents of the Benchmark Index in largely the same weightings as they appear in the Benchmark Index.

2.4 The Fund's asset allocation as at 30 June 2024 and comparison with the previous financial period

Asset	30 Jun 2024	30 Jun 2023
Listed Shariah-compliant investment securities	99.4%	99.7%
Short term Islamic deposits and cash	0.6%	0.3%

2.5 Fund performance analysis based on NAV per unit (adjusted for income distribution; if any) since last review period

	Period under review 1 Jan 2024 – 30 Jun 2024
EQ8MID* - NAV Price Return (a)	7.42%
MIMYDY40 - Price Return Index	6.14%
EQ8MID* - NAV Total Return (a)	7.42%
MIMYDY40- Total Return Index	8.06%

Sources: Bloomberg, Eq8 Capital

(a) Independently sourced from Novagni Analytics and Advisory.

The Fund's NAV per unit increased by 7.42% to RM1.2569 from RM1.1701 for the financial period under review, in line with the performance of the general domestic equity market. Similarly, the Benchmark Index (MIMYDY40 Index) and Benchmark's Total Return Index (MIMYDY40 Total Return Index) increased by 6.14% and 8.06% respectively. The difference between the performance of the Fund and its Benchmark Index can largely be attributed to the Fund's operational costs.

2.6 Review of the market

Market review

Global equity markets started 2024 on a positive note, continuing the momentum from the previous year. In the US, the S&P 500, Dow Jones, and Nasdag gained 1.6%, 1.2%, and 1.0% month-on-month (MoM) in January, respectively. The S&P 500 and Dow Jones reached record highs, driven by optimism around a potential 'soft landing' scenario, which sustained the rally in the 'Magnificent Seven' stocks. Several strong economic indicators, including a robust Gross Domestic Product (GDP) print, solid jobs report, firm wage growth, and steady unemployment, highlighted the ongoing resilience of the US economy. The Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) kept the policy rate steady at 5.25-5.50% but pushed back against expectations of an imminent rate cut at the upcoming March meeting. Locally, the market responded positively to the signing of the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) for the Johor-Singapore Special Economic Zone and Bank Negara Malaysia's (BNM) decision to maintain the Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) rate at 3%. These developments helped offset concerns over slower-than-expected GDP growth in 4Q2023 and the announcement of increased power and water tariffs. The FBM KLCI (+4.0% MoM) was the best performing market in Asia in January, outperforming both the MSCI Asean (-3.6% MoM) and MSCI Asia ex-Japan (-5.5% MoM). FBM100, FBM Shariah and FBM Small Cap each registered MoM gains of 4.0%, 2.6% and 2.2% respectively.

In February, the Nasdaq, S&P 500, and Dow Jones rose 6.1%, 5.2%, and 2.2% MoM, respectively. The US market was bolstered by stronger growth prospects and diminishing tail risks, with 2024 GDP now expected to increase by 2.1%. The US services labor market remained robust, with wage growth above trend, leading to a positive surprise in consumer spending. Additionally, the January US Producer Price Index (PPI) increased by 0.3% MoM, significantly higher than the forecasted 0.1% MoM, driven by strength in the services Purchasing Managers Index (PMI). As a result, reported 4Q2023 earnings per share (EPS) grew 10% year-on-year (YoY), with earnings surpassing expectations by more than 7%, mainly due to the technology sector's performance. On the home front, BNM kept the OPR unchanged at 3% following the March Monetary Policy Committee meeting (MPC). The FBM KLCI fell by 1.0% MoM, while FBM Small Cap, FBM Shariah, and FBM 100 registered MoM gains of 3.1%, 1.0%, and 0.5% respectively. News flows in the month were centered around infrastructure related to data center.

^{*} MyETF MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend has been rebranded to Eq8 MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend ETF with effect from 26 March 2024

2.6 Review of the market (contd.)

Market review (contd.)

In March, the S&P 500, Dow Jones, and Nasdaq continued to climb, posting gains of 3.1%, 2.1%, and 1.8% MoM, respectively, driven by ongoing optimism about the economy, potential rate cuts, and emerging business opportunities in the artificial intelligence (AI) space. The consensus anticipated 2024 GDP growth of 2.2%. The Federal Reserve (Fed) maintained interest rates at 5.25%-5.5%, marking the fifth consecutive meeting with no changes. Fed Chair Jerome Powell reiterated the Fed's commitment to bringing inflation down to its 2% target. However, with the inflation rate rising to 3.2% YoY in February 2024, the path to achieving the Fed's target may be longer and more challenging than expected, given the strong labor market and economic growth, which continue to put upward pressure on prices. Locally, BNM kept the OPR unchanged at 3% following the March MPC meeting. The FBM KLCI fell by 1.0% MoM, while the FBM EMAS Shariah index ended the month 1.0% higher MoM.

US equities fell sharply in April, with the Dow Jones (-5.0%), S&P 500 (-4.2%), and Nasdaq (-4.4%) all declining due to a higher-than-expected inflation print, which sparked fears of delays in interest rate cuts. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) rose 0.4% MoM, surpassing the consensus expectation of 0.3%. On a YoY basis, both headline and core CPI rose to 3.5% and 3.8%, respectively, exceeding economists' forecasts. Additionally, March saw the addition of 303,000 jobs, far ahead of the anticipated 200,000. With higher inflation and a strong job market, expectations for rate cuts have been pushed back, making a June cut unlikely, and the total number of expected cuts in 2024 reduced to one or two, down from six at the start of the year. In the local market, the FBM KLCI rallied by 2.6%, reaching a two-year high of 1,576 points, despite Middle East geopolitical concerns and persistent selling by foreign investors. The FBM EMAS Shariah index increased 3.8% MoM. The market was supported by a net buy of RM5.1 billion worth of equities by local institutional investors.

US equities rebounded in May, driven by better-than-expected corporate earnings, investor optimism about the economic outlook, and the expectation of interest rate cuts later in the year. The Dow Jones, S&P 500, and Nasdaq rose 2.3%, 4.8%, and 6.9% MoM, respectively. The US announced new tariffs on USD 18 billion of goods from China, including a quadruple increase in tariffs on Chinese electric vehicles (from 25% to 100%) to protect US manufacturers. The increase is seen as having little impact, as few electric vehicles are imported to the US from China. Tariffs were also increased on medical and solar supplies, as the Biden administration extended the Section 301 Tariffs on Imports from China, which began in 2018 and covers USD 300 billion of Chinese products. In Malaysia, BNM kept the OPR at 3% during its May MPC meeting. The FBMKLCI and FBM EMAS Shariah indices ended the month 1.3% and 2.5% higher MoM, respectively.

Global equity markets continued to perform well in June 2024, with the US S&P 500, Nasdaq, and Dow Jones increasing by 3.5%, 6.0%, and 1.1% MoM, respectively. The US market finished the first half of 2024 strongly, with the S&P 500, Nasdaq, and Dow Jones up by 14.5%, 18.1%, and 3.8%, respectively. The rally was primarily driven by better-than-expected corporate earnings, with Wall Street forecasting steady earnings growth through 2025. Even excluding mega-cap technology stocks, the earnings outlook remains solid. US inflation cooled slightly to 3.3% in May, compared to economists' expectations of 3.4%. The Fed decided to hold interest rates steady after its meeting in June. The Fed expected only one rate cut in 2024 amid persistent inflation, with economists anticipating the first cut in September 2024. Locally, the FBM KLCI declined slightly by 0.4% MoM in June due to profit taking activities, while the FBM EMAS Shariah index rose 1.3% MoM.

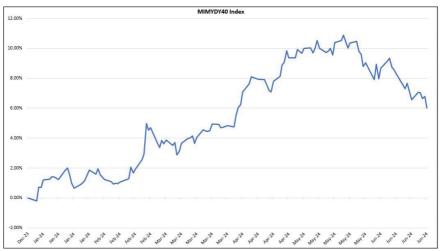
2.6 Review of the market (contd.)

Market review (contd.)

In line with the global equity market, the Malaysian market finished the first half of 2024 strongly, with the FBM KLCI, FBM100, FBM EMAS Shariah, and FBM Small Cap indices up by 9.3%, 12.5%, 14.2%, and 18.0%, respectively. In June, foreign investors became net sellers, offloading RM61.2 million worth of equities, reversing the net buying trend observed in May. Despite this, YTD foreign net sales stand at RM0.8 billion, with local institutional and retail investors providing robust support.

The MIIMYD4P Index started well at the beginning of the year, reaching its peak of 2,825 on 20 May 2024. It then declined to the ending point at 2,704. This marks an increase of 6.14% for the financial period under review.

Chart: MIMYDY40 Index Performance for 1H2024



Sources: Bloomberg, Eq8 Capital

Market outlook

Key indicators for the timing of potential rate cuts include U.S. economic data and guidance from the Fed. The Fed is anticipated to begin reducing rates in the second half of 2024, with the market expecting the first cut in September 2024. Meanwhile, the European Central Bank (ECB) became the second major central bank to lower interest rates in June 2024, following Canada's earlier decision. While China's additional fiscal stimulus has provided some support, further measures are needed to revive the property market and restore market confidence.

Locally, we maintain a positive outlook on the Malaysian equity market for 2024 as we expect resilient GDP growth of 4-5%, improving momentum of policy execution on construction and infrastructure projects, rising FDI, while valuation and foreign shareholding remains low.

2.7 **Distributions**

For the financial period under review, the Fund did not declare any income distributions.

2.8 Details of any unit split exercise

The Fund did not carry out any unit split exercise during the financial period under review.

2.9 Significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund during the financial period

There were significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund during the financial period and unit holders have been notified via an annoucement to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on 25 March 2024.

The Second Supplementary Prospectus was issued on 26 March 2024. The changes were effective on 26 March 2024.

2.10 Circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unit holders

There were no circumstances that materially affected any interests of the unit holders during the financial period under review.

2.11 Rebates and soft commissions

It is the policy of the Manager to credit any rebates received into the account of the Fund. Any soft commissions received by investment manager on behalf of the Fund are in the form of research and advisory services that assist in the decision making process relating to the investment of the Fund which are of demonstrable benefit to unit holders of the Fund. Any dealing with the broker or dealer is executed on terms which are the most favourable for the Fund. Nevertheless, the Manager did not receive soft commissions from its stockbrokers during the financial period under review.

2.12 Cross-trade

During the financial period under review, no cross-trade transactions were undertaken by the Manager for the Fund.

2.13 Securities financing transactions

Securities financing transactions are transactions consisting of securities financing or repurchase. During the financial period under review, the Fund had not undertaken any securities financing transactions.

3. **FUND PERFORMANCE**

3.1 Details of portfolio composition of the Fund as at 30 June 2024 against the last three financial years as at 31 December are as follows:

Based on Fund's quoted investments as at 30 June 2024, the sector allocation of MIMYDY40 Index based on MSCI and Bursa Securities sector classifications are as follows:

	As at 30.6.2024 %	FY 2023 %	FY 2022 %	FY 2021 %
Consumer Staples	28.5	52.5	40.5	31.4
Materials	22.6	7.0	13.5	4.6
Utilities	13.4	7.7	12.7	13.7
Telecommunication Services	-	2.5	9.0	13.7
Industrials	13.5	8.2	11.4	13.7
Energy	8.4	5.9	7.4	4.6
Financials	4.2	1.3	3.0	4.6
Information Technology	4.4	4.8	2.5	4.5
Real Estate	4.4	8.0	-	4.6
Health Care	-	-	-	4.6
Consumer Discretionary	-	9.0	-	-
Short term Islamic deposits and cash	0.6	0.3	-	-

Source: MSCI

	As at 30.6.2024 %	FY 2023 %	FY 2022 %	FY 2021 %
Industrial Products and Services	24.4	17.1	8.7	4.6
Consumer Products and				
Services	19.3	23.9	27.1	18.0
Plantation	17.7	25.8	26.5	22.1
Utilities	13.4	10.9	12.2	13.8
Energy	8.4	5.8	8.1	4.0
Technology	7.6	3.2	5.1	4.5
Property	4.4	3.1	-	4.5
Financial Services	4.2	1.5	3.0	4.6
Telecommunications and Media	-	8.4	8.7	14.3
Transportation & Logistics	-	-	-	4.2
Health Care	-	-	-	4.9
Short term Islamic deposits				
and cash	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.5

Source: Bursa Malaysia, MSCI

3.1 Details of portfolio composition of the Fund as at 30 June 2024 against the last three financial years as at 31 December are as follows: (contd.)

MSCI performed quarterly review and rebalanced the composition of the Benchmark Index in accordance with its index methodology. The quarterly review had resulted in changes to the component stocks as well as the weightings of the stocks in the Benchmark Index. The Manager had undertaken rebalancing exercise in accordance to the changes by MSCI to ensure that the Fund's investment would be reflective of the changes in the Benchmark Index. The stock inclusions and exclusions during the respective quarterly review are summarised in Table 1

In terms of sectoral weightings, notable changes to the Fund's sector composition, as compared to end-December 2023, include a decrease in Telecommunications and Media from 8.4% to 0%. On the other hand, Industrial Products and Services increased from 17.1% to 24.4%. Meanwhile, the weightings of other sectors have changed during the financial period under review.

Table 1: List of Inclusions and Exclusions

	Stock Inclusions	Stock Exclusions
1Q24	-	UMW Holdings Berhad Fraser & Neave Holdings Berhad
2Q24	Farm Fresh Berhad	PPB Group Berhad TSH Resources Berhad Maxis Berhad

Details of the key changes for the financial period under review and the Fund's latest top holdings are as follows:

Table 2: Top Ten Holdings of the Fund as at 30 June 2024

	Stocks	% of NAV
1.	Press Metal Aluminium Holdings Berhad	9.9
2.	Petronas Gas Berhad	8.9
3.	Sime Darby Berhad	8.5
4.	Petronas Chemicals Group Berhad	8.2
5.	CTOS Digital Berhad	5.0
6.	QL Resources Berhad	4.6
7.	Scientex Berhad	4.5
8.	Ta Ann Holdings Berhad	4.5
9.	Eco World Development Group Berhad	4.4
10.	Dialog Group Berhad	4.4
	Total	63.1

3.1 Details of portfolio composition of the Fund as at 30 June 2024 against the last three financial years as at 31 December are as follows: (contd.)

Table 3: Fund's Sector Allocation

	As at 30-Jun-24 (%)	As at 31-Dec-23 (%)	Change (%)
Consumer Products and Services	19.3	23.9	-4.6
Energy	8.4	5.8	2.6
Financial Services	4.2	1.5	2.7
Industrial Products and Services	24.4	17.1	7.3
Plantation	17.7	25.7	-8.1
Technology	7.6	3.2	4.3
Telecommunications and Media	-	8.4	-8.4
Utilities	13.4	10.9	2.5
Property	4.4	3.1	1.3
Short term Islamic deposits and cash	0.6	0.3	0.3

Sources: Bursa Malaysia, Eq8 Capital

Details of the Fund's quoted investments as at 30 June 2024 are disclosed under Note 4 of the financial statements.

Performance details of the Fund for the financial period ended 30 June 2024 against the last five financial years ended 31 December are as follows: 3.2

	Period from 1.1.2024 to					
	30.6.2024	FY2023	FY2022	FY2021	FY2020	FY2019
Net asset value ("NAV") (RM)	25,012,425	23,284,871	23,338,841	33,621,662	41,470,998	43,748,713
Market Capitalisation (RM)	25,770,500	23,979,500	23,183,500	33,864,000	44,460,000	45,080,000
Units in circulation	19,900,000	19,900,000	19,900,000	27,200,000	31,200,000	39,200,000
NAV per unit (RM)	1.2569	1.1701	1.1728	1.2361	1.3292	1.1160
NAV per unit (RM) (before distribution)	•	1.1696	1.1588	1.2798	1.0873	1.1357
NAV per unit (RM) (after distribution)	1	1.1486	1.1368	1.2545	1.0577	1.1081
Highest NAV per unit (RM)	1.3113	1.2149	1.2714	1.3436	1.3926	1.1793
Lowest NAV per unit (RM)	1.1705	1.1273	1.0916	1.1723	0.9057	1.0796
Price per unit (RM)	1.2950	1.2050	1.1650	1.2450	1.4250	1.1500
Highest price per unit (RM)	1.3200	1.5000	1.2850	1.6000	1.6000	1.1600
Lowest price per unit (RM)	1.1700	1.1300	1.1200	1.2000	0.8500	1.0400
Income distribution per unit (sen)	•	2.10	2.20	2.53	2.9600	2.9600
Income distribution yield (%)	•	1.80	1.90	1.98	2.7200	2.5700
MIMYDY40 Index	2,704.42	2,548.09	2,545.41	2,650.47	2,862.90	2,489.15
MIMYDY40 Total Return Index	5,460.62	5,053.26	4,885.85	4,914.04	5,091.82	4,286.89
Tracking Error vs. Price Return						
MIMYDY40 Index (%)*	0.04	0.11	0.16	0.17	0.16	0.02
Tracking Error vs. Total Return						
MIMYDY40 Index (%)*	0.02	0.11	0.16	0.19	0.16	0.07
Total expense ratio ("TER")	0.51	1.13	1.30	0.79	0.73	0.63

^{*} The tracking error were calculated on daily basis between the NAV per unit of the Fund and the Price Return and Gross Return Benchmark Index.

3.2 Performance details of the Fund for the financial period ended 30 June 2024 against the last five financial years ended 31 December are as follows: (contd.)

The Fund's Total Expenses Ratio (TER) decreased to 0.51 from the previous financial year's 1.13 primarily attributed to lower operational and transaction costs.

The price of the Fund's units listed on Bursa Malaysia increased from RM1.2050 to RM1.2950 in June 2024 represent a 7.5% increase in line with the positive performance of Malaysian equity market.

3.3 Average total return for the Fund

		Average	Returns	
	YTD (%)	1-Year (%)	3-Years (%)	5-Years (%)
EQ8MID* - NAV Price Return	15.52	11.31	1.39	2.13
MIMYDY40- Price Return Index	12.38	11.20	1.37	1.00
EQ8MID* - NAV Total Return	15.52	13.31	2.64	3.85
MIMYDY40- Total Return Index	16.26	14.77	5.12	5.03

Sources: Bloomberg, Eq8 Capital

Annual total return of the Fund 3.4

	Period under review			1 Year		
	31 Dec 23 - 30 Jun 24 (%)	2023 (%)	2022 (%)	2021 (%)	2020 (%)	2019 (%)
EQ8MID* - NAV Price Return	15.52	-0.23	-5.12	-7.02	19.10	-2.59
MIMYDY40- Price Return Index	12.38	0.11	-3.96	-7.44	15.02	-3.13
EQ8MID* - NAV Total Return	15.52	1.56	-3.32	-5.14	22.49	-0.17
MIMYDY40- Total Return Index	16.26	3.43	-0.57	-3.50	18.78	-0.06

Sources: Bloomberg, Eq8 Capital

Investors are reminded that past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. Unit prices and investment returns may fluctuate.

⁽a) Independently sourced from Novagni Analytics and Advisory.

⁽b) Average returns for both MIMYDY40- Price Return Index and MIMYDY40- Total Return Index are annualised figures computed based on the price and total returns for the respective period.

^{*} MvETF MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend has been rebranded to Eq. MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend ETF with effect from 26 March 2024.

⁽a) Independently sourced from Novagni Analytics and Advisory.

MyETF MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend has been rebranded to Eq8 MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend ETF with effect from 26 March 2024.

EQ8 MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND ETF (FORMERLY KNOWN AS MYETF MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND)

Unaudited Semi-Annual Financial Statements Together with Trustee's Report, Shariah Adviser's Report and Statement by the Manager

30 June 2024

EQ8 MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND ETF (FORMERLY KNOWN AS MYETF MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND)

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TRUSTEE'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF EQ8 MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND ETF (FORMERLY KNOWN AS MYETF MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND) ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial period ended 30 June 2024 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Eq8 Capital Sdn Bhd (formerly known as i-VCAP Management Sdn Bhd) has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Exchange-traded Funds;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Soon Lai Ching Senior Manager, Trustee Operations Sylvia Beh Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 28 August 2024

SHARIAH ADVISER'S REPORT FOR ISLAMIC EXCHANGE TRADED FUND TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF EQ8 MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND ETF (FORMERLY KNOWN AS MYETF MSCI MALAYSIA ISLAMIC DIVIDEND) ("Fund"),

We hereby confirm the following:

- 1. To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Eq8 Capital Sdn Bhd (formerly known as i-VCAP Management Sdn Bhd) has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia ("SC") pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- The assets of the Fund comprises of instruments that have been classified as Shariahcompliant.

Thank you.

For Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd

Tan Sri Dr Mohd Daud Bakar Executive Chairman

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

28 August 2024

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I. Sved Umar Bin Abdul Rahman Alhadad, being a director of Eq8 Capital Sdn Bhd (formerly known as i-VCAP Management Sdn Bhd), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024 and the related statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net asset value and statement of cash flows for the financial period from 1 January 2024 to 30 June 2024 together with notes thereto, are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of Eq8 MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend ETF (formerly known as MYETF MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend) as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial period from 1 January 2024 to 30 June 2024 then ended and comply with the requirements of the Deed

For and on behalf of the Manager EQ8 CAPITAL SDN BHD (formerly known as i-VCAP Management Sdn Bhd)

SYED UMAR BIN ABDUL RAHMAN ALHADAD Executive Director/Acting Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

28 August 2024

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2024 TO 30 JUNE 2024 (unaudited)

	Note	1.1.2024 to 30.6.2024 RM	1.1.2023 to 30.6.2023 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Dividend income Profit income Net gain/(loss) from Shariah-compliant investments:		444,045 5,007	443,326 2,681
 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") Other income 	4	1,386,656 24	(1,152,975)
	_	1,835,732	(706,968)
EXPENSES			
Manager's fee Trustee's fee Index license fee Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other expenses Brokerage and other transaction costs	5 6 7	49,267 5,968 7,390 - - 8,486 37,067 108,178	46,613 5,984 30,611 8,177 4,887 50,727 16,290
NET INCOME/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX		1,727,554	(870,257)
Income tax	8 _		
NET INCOME/(LOSS) AFTER TAX, REPRESENTING TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	-	1,727,554	(870,257)
Net income/(loss) after tax is made up as follows: Realised loss Unrealised gain/(loss)	4 _	(104,973) 1,832,527 1,727,554	(21,974) (848,283) (870,257)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2024 (unaudited)

	Note	30.6.2024 RM	30.6.2023 RM
ASSETS			
INVESTMENTS			
Financial assets at FVTPL Short term Islamic deposits	4 10	24,855,842 200,000 25,055,842	22,749,391 163,000 22,912,391
OTHER ASSETS			
Other receivables Cash at bank	11	55,459 49,087 104,546	34,163 54,818 88,981
TOTAL ASSETS	-	25,160,388	23,001,372
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee Amount due to Index Provider Other payables TOTAL LIABILITIES	12 _	16,535 918 6,724 123,786 147,963	7,490 986 6,841 176,611 191,928
EQUITY			
Unit holders' contribution Retained earnings NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS	- 13	14,273,260 10,739,165 25,012,425	14,629,300 8,180,144 22,809,444
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	_	25,160,388	23,001,372
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	13(a)	19,900,000	20,200,000
NAV PER UNIT (RM)	-	1.2569	1.1292

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSET VALUE FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2024 TO 30 JUNE 2024 (unaudited)

	Note	Unit holders' contribution RM	Retained earnings RM	Total NAV RM
1.1.2024 to 30.6.2024 At beginning of the financial period Total comprehensive income At end of the financial period		14,273,260	9,011,611 1,727,554 10,739,165	23,284,871 1,727,554 25,012,425
1.1.2023 to 30.6.2023 At beginning of the financial period Total comprehensive loss Creation of units At end of the financial period		14,288,440 - 340,860 14,629,300	9,050,401 (870,257) - - - - - - - - - - - -	23,338,841 (870,257) 340,860 22,809,444

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2024 TO 30 JUNE 2024 (unaudited)

	1.1.2024 to 30.6.2024 RM	1.1.2023 to 30.6.2023 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sales of financial assets at FVTPL Dividends received Profit from short term Islamic deposits received Other income	7,311,050 391,303 5,000 24	2,888,909 478,671 2,724
Tax agent's fee paid Trustee's fee paid Licencing fee paid Auditors' remuneration paid	(2,701) (6,004) (7,393) (15,000)	(5,984) - -
Manager's fee paid Payment for other fees and expenses Purchase of financial assets at FVTPL Net cash used in operating and investing activities	(44,074) (78,939) (7,590,742) (37,476)	(46,683) (15,973) (3,603,518) (301,854)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from units created Net cash generated from financing activities	<u> </u>	340,860 340,860
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT	(37,476)	39,006
BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	286,563 249,087	<u>178,812</u> <u>217,818</u>
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash at bank Short term Islamic deposits	49,087 200,000 249,087	54,818 163,000 217,818

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2024 TO 30 JUNE 2024 (unaudited)

1. THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Eq8 MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend (formerly known as MYETF MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend) (the "Fund") was constituted pursuant to the executed Deed dated dated 23 December 2013 (collectively, together with deeds supplemental thereto, referred to as the "Deed") between the Manager, Eq8 Capital Sdn Bhd (formerly known as i-VCAP Management Sdn Bhd) and Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad (the "Trustee"), Pursuant to the executed Second Supplemental Deed dated 26 March 2024 between Eq8 Capital Sdn Bhd (formerly known as i-VCAP Management Sdn Bhd) and Deutsche Trustee Malaysia Berhad, the name of the Fund was changed from MyETF MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend to Eq8 MSCI Malaysia Islamic Dividend ETF. The Fund commenced operations on 27 February 2014 and will continue to be in operation until terminated by the Trustee as provided under Part 26 of the Deed.

The Fund is an exchange-traded fund that is designed to provide investment results that closely correspond to the performance of the MSCI Malaysia IMI Islamic High Dividend Yield 10/40 Index ("Benchmark Index"), regardless of its performance. The Benchmark Index is a free-float adjusted, market capitalisation weighted, price return index representing securities of 16 to 30 leading Shariah-compliant Malaysian companies listed on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad as determined by MSCI Inc.

The immediate and ultimate holding companies of the Manager, Eq8 Capital Sdn Bhd (formerly known as i-VCAP Management Sdn Bhd) are Kenanga Investors Berhad and Kenanga Investment Bank Berhad respectively, both of which are incorporated in Malaysia. The ultimate holding company is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The principal place of business of the Manager is Level 14, Kenanga Tower, 237, Jalan Tun Razak, 50400 Kuala Lumpur.

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks including market risk (which includes interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and Shariah status reclassification risk. Whilst these are the most important types of financial risks inherent in each type of financial instruments, the Manager and the Trustee would like to highlight that this list does not purport to constitute an exhaustive list of all the risks inherent in a Shariah-compliant investment in the Fund

The Fund has an approved set of investment guidelines and policies as well as internal controls which sets out its overall business strategies to manage these risks to optimise returns and preserve capital for the unit holders, consistent with the long-term objectives of the Fund

a. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk includes interest rate risk and price risk.

a. Market risk (contd.)

Market risk arises when the value of the Shariah-compliant investments fluctuates in response to the activities of individual companies, general market or economic conditions. It stems from the fact that there are economy-wide perils, which threaten all businesses. Hence, investors are exposed to market uncertainties. Fluctuation in the Shariah-compliant investment's price caused by uncertainties in the economic. political and social environment will affect the NAV of the Fund.

The Manager manages the risk of unfavourable changes in prices by cautious review of the Shariah-compliant investments and continuous monitoring of their performance and risk profiles.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to how the changes in the interest rate environment would affect the valuation of Shariah-compliant instruments. In the event of a rising interest rate environment, the valuation of Shariah-compliant instruments may decrease, and vice versa. Interest rate, such as the Overnight Policy Rate set by Bank Negara Malaysia, will have an impact on the investment decisions of the Fund regardless of whether it is an Islamic fund or otherwise. It does not in any way suggest that the Fund will invest in conventional financial instruments.

The Fund is not exposed to significant interest rate risk as its Islamic deposits are short term in nature and have fixed profit rates.

Interest rate risk exposure

The following table analyses the Fund's interest rate risk exposure. The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed at fair value and categorised by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

	Up to 1 year RM	Non-interest sensitive RM	Total RM	average effective rate of return*
30.6.2024 Assets Financial assets at		04.055.040	04.055.040	
FVTPL Short term Islamic	-	24,855,842	24,855,842	
deposits Other financial assets	200,000	104,546	200,000 104,546	3.0
Other illiancial assets	200,000	24,960,388	25,160,388	- =

^{*} Calculated based on Shariah-compliant assets with exposure to interest rate movement only.

Mainbaal

a. Market risk (contd.)

Interest rate risk (contd.)

Interest rate risk exposure (contd.)

	Up to 1 year RM	Non-interest sensitive RM	Total RM	Weighted average effective rate of return*
30.6.2024 (contd.) Liabilities Other financial				
liabilities		24,177	24,177	_
Total interest rate sensitivity gap	200,000	24,936,211	25,136,211	-
30.6.2023 Assets Financial assets at				
FVTPL Short term Islamic	-	22,749,391	22,749,391	
deposits	163,000	-	163,000	2.9
Other financial assets		88,981	88,981	_
	163,000	22,838,372	23,001,372	_
Liabilities Other financial				
liabilities	-	15,317	15,317	
Total interest rate sensitivity gap	163,000	22,823,055	22,986,055	-
3 3 1				-

^{*} Calculated based on Shariah-compliant assets with exposure to interest rate movement only.

ii. Price risk

Price risk is the risk of unfavourable changes in the fair values of listed Shariahcompliant equity securities. The Fund invests in listed Shariah-compliant equity securities which are exposed to price fluctuations. This may then affect the NAV per unit of the Fund.

a. Market risk (contd.)

ii. Price risk (contd.)

Price risk sensitivity

The Manager's best estimate of the effect on the income/(loss) for the financial period due to a reasonably possible change in investments in listed Shariahcompliant equity securities with all other variables held constant is indicated in the table below:

	Changes in price Increase/(Decrease) Basis points	Effects on income/(loss) for the financial period Gain/(Loss) RM
30.6.2024 Financial assets at FVTPL	5/(5)	12,428/(12,428)
30.6.2023 Financial assets at FVTPL	5/(5)	11,375/(11,375)

In practice, the actual trading results may differ from the sensitivity analysis above and the difference could be material.

Price risk concentration

The following table sets out the Fund's exposure and concentration to price risk based on its portfolio of Shariah-compliant financial instruments as at the reporting date.

	Fair v	alue	Percentag	e of NAV
	30.6.2024 30.6.2023		30.6.2024	30.6.2023
	RM	RM	%	%
Financial assets				
at FVTPL	24,855,842	22,749,391	99.4	99.7

a. Market risk (contd.)

ii. Price risk (contd.)

Price risk concentration

The Fund's concentration of Shariah-compliant investment security price risk from the Fund's listed Shariah-compliant equity securities analysed by sector is as follows:

	Fair v	ralue 💮	Percentage of NAV		
	30.6.2024	30.6.2023	30.6.2024	30.6.2023	
	RM	RM	%	%	
Industrial Products					
and Services	6,111,266	3,759,485	24.4	16.5	
Consumer Products					
and Services	4,831,644	5,323,758	19.3	23.3	
Plantation	4,419,309	6,229,381	17.7	27.3	
Utilities	3,347,868	2,555,220	13.4	11.2	
Energy	2,100,295	1,379,001	8.4	6.0	
Technology	1,889,556	1,016,818	7.6	4.5	
Property	1,112,250	-	4.4	-	
Financial Services	1,043,654	461,148	4.2	2.0	
Telecommunications					
and Media		2,024,580		8.9	
	24,855,842	22,749,391	99.4	99.7	

b. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. The Manager manages the credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

i. Credit risk exposure

As at the reporting date, the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial asset recognised in the statement of financial position.

ii. Financial assets that are either past due or impaired

As at the reporting date, there are no financial assets that are either past due or impaired.

iii. Credit quality of financial assets

The Fund invests in short term Islamic deposits with financial institutions licensed under the Islamic Financial Services Act 2013. The following table analyses the licensed financial institutions by rating category:

b. Credit risk (contd.)

iii. Credit quality of financial assets (contd.)

Short term Islamic deposits

	Percentage short term Islar		Percentage	of NAV
	30.6.2024 %	30.6.2023 %	30.6.2024 %	30.6.2023 %
Rating P1/MARC-1	100.0	100.0	0.8	0.7

c. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are to be settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or cancel its units earlier than expected. The Fund is exposed to cancellation of its units on a regular basis. Units sold to unit holders by the Manager are cancellable at the unit holders' option based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of cancellation calculated in accordance with the Deed

The Islamic liquid assets comprise cash at banks, short term Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions and other Shariah-compliant instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The following table analyses the maturity profile of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities in order to provide a complete view of the Fund's contractual commitments and liquidity.

	Note	No maturity RM	Up to 1 year RM	Total RM
30.06.2024				
Assets Financial asset at FVTPL		_	24,855,842	24,855,842
Short term deposit		-	200,000	200,000
Other financial asset		-	55,459	55,459
Cash at bank		49,087	-	49,087
	i.	49,087	25,111,301	25,160,388
Liabilities Other financial liabilities	ii	-	24,177	24,177
Equity	iii	-	25,012,425	25,012,425
Liquidity gap	_	49,087	74,699	123,786

c. Liquidity risk (contd.)

	Note	No maturity RM	Up to 1 year RM	Total RM
30.06.2023				
Assets Financial asset at FVTPL	•	-	22,749,391	22,749,391
Short term deposit Other financial asset		-	163,000 34,163	163,000 34,163
Cash at bank		54,818	34,103	54,818
040.1.41.24	i	54,818	22,946,554	23,001,372
Liabilities				
Other financial liabilities	ii	-	15,317	15,317
Equity	iii	-	22,809,444	22,809,444
Liquidity gap	_	54,818	121,793	176,611

i. Financial assets

Analysis of financial assets at FVTPL into maturity groupings is based on the expected date on which these assets will be realised. The Fund's investments in listed Shariah-compliant equity securities have been included in the "up to 1 year" category on the assumption that these are highly liquid Shariah-compliant and Shariah non-compliant investments which can be realised should all of the Fund's unit holders' equity be required to be redeemed. For other financial assets, the analysis into maturity groupings is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or if earlier, the expected date on which the assets will be realised.

ii. Financial liabilities

The maturity grouping is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or if earlier, the date on which liabilities will be settled. When the counterparty has a choice of when the amount is paid, the liability is allocated to the earliest period in which the Fund can be required to pay.

iii. Equity

As the unit holders can request for redemption of their units, they have been categorised as having a maturity of "up to 1 year".

d. Shariah status reclassification risk

Shariah status reclassification risk is the risk that the currently held Shariah-compliant equity securities in the portfolio of the Fund may be reclassified as Shariah noncompliant in the periodic review of the securities by the Shariah Advisory Council of the Securities Commission Malaysia ("SACS") or the Shariah Adviser. If this occurs. the Manager will take the necessary steps to dispose of such securities.

Opportunity loss could occur due to the restriction on the Fund to retain the excess capital gains derived from the disposal of the reclassified Shariah non-compliant securities. In such an event, the Fund is required:

- to dispose of such securities with immediate effect or within one calendar month if the value of the securities exceeds or is equal to the investment cost on the effective date of reclassification of the list of Shariah-compliant securities ("Reclassification") by the SACSC or date of review ("Review") by the Shariah Adviser. The Fund is allowed to keep dividends received and capital gains from the disposal of the securities up to the effective date of Reclassification or Review. However, any dividends received and excess capital gains from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant securities after the effective date of Reclassification or Review should be channelled to baitulmal and/or charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser:
- ii. to hold such securities if the value of the said securities is below the investment cost on the effective date of Reclassification or Review until the total subsequent dividends received (if any) and the market price of the securities is equal to the cost of investment at which time disposal has to take place within one calendar month, excess capital gains (if any) from the disposal of the securities should be channelled to baitulmal and/or charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser: or
- iii. to dispose of such securities at a price lower than the investment cost which will result in a decrease in the Fund's value.

e. Regulatory reportings

It is the Manager's responsibility to ensure full compliance of all requirements under the Guidelines on Exchange-traded Funds issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia. Any breach of any such requirement has been reported in the mandatory reporting to the Securities Commission Malaysia on a quarterly basis.

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

a. Basis of accounting

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTD.)

a. Basis of accounting (contd.)

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the adoption of the amended MFRS, which became effective for the Fund on 1 January 2024.

Effective for

Description	financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 16: Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101: Classification of Liabilities as	i January 2024
Current or Non-current	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101: Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 107 and MFRS 7: Supplier Finance Arrangements	1 January 2024

The adoption of the amended MFRS did not have any material impact on the financial position or performance of the Fund.

b. Amendments to standards issued but not yet effective

As at the reporting date, the following amendments to standards that have been issued by MASB will be effective for the Fund in future financial periods. The Fund intends to adopt the relevant amendments to standards when they become effective.

	Effective for
	financial periods
	beginning on
Description	or after

Amendments to MFRS 121: Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution	
of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint	To be announced by
Venture	MASB

These pronouncements are not expected to have any material impact to the financial statements of the Fund upon their initial application.

c. Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments

Initial recognition

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their contractual terms and the business model for managing the instruments, as described in Notes 3(c)(ii) and (iii).

ii. Measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

The Fund classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

- Amortised cost:
- Fair value through other comprehensive income: and
- Fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund may designate financial instruments at FVTPL, if so doing eliminates or significantly reduces measurement or recognition inconsistencies.

Financial assets are initially measured at their fair values plus, except in the case of financial assets recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs.

The Fund's other financial assets include cash at banks, short term Islamic deposits, trade receivables and other receivables.

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at FVTPL or other financial liabilities

The Fund's other financial liabilities include trade payables and other payables.

Other financial liabilities are recognised and initially measured at fair values, net of directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective yield rate ("EYR"). Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

c. Financial instruments (contd.)

iii. Due from banks, short term Islamic deposits, trade receivables and other receivables at amortised cost

The Fund only measures the cash at banks, short term Islamic deposits, trade receivables and other receivables at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows: and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit ("SPPP") on the principal amount outstanding.

The details of these conditions are outlined below

Business model assessment

The Fund determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective.

The Fund's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

- How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the entity's key management personnel;
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way those risks are managed;
- How managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected); and
- The expected frequency, value and timing of sales are also important aspects of the Fund's assessment.

The business model assessment is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account. If cash flows after initial recognition are realised in a way that is different from the Fund's original expectations, the Fund does not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model but incorporates such information when assessing newly originated or newly purchased financial assets going forward, unless it has been determined that there has been a change in the original business model.

c. Financial instruments (contd.)

iii. Due from banks, short term Islamic deposits, trade receivables and other receivables at amortised cost (contd.)

The SPPP test

As a second step of its classification process, the Fund assesses the contractual terms of financial assets to identify whether they meet the SPPP test.

'Principal' for the purpose of this test is defined as the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition and may change over the life of the financial asset (for example, if there are repayments of principal or amortisation/accretion of the premium/discount).

The most significant elements of profit within a financing arrangement are typically the consideration for the time value of money and credit risk. To make the SPPP assessment, the Fund applies judgment and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated, and the period for which the profit rate is set.

In contrast, contractual terms that introduce a more than de minimis exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that are unrelated to a basic financing arrangement do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the amount outstanding. In such cases, the financial asset is required to be measured at FVTPL.

iv. Financial investments

Financial assets in this category are those that are managed in a fair value business model, or that have been designated by management upon initial recognition, or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under MFRS 9. This category includes debt instruments whose cash flow characteristics fail the SPPP criterion or are not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell

d. Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired. The Fund also derecognises the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

The Fund has transferred the financial asset if, and only if, either:

- The Fund has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset: or
- It retains the rights to the cash flows but has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'passthrough' arrangement.

d. Derecognition of financial assets (contd.)

Pass-through arrangements are transactions whereby the Fund retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of a financial asset (the 'original asset'). but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities (the 'eventual recipients'), when all of the following three conditions are met:

- The Fund has no obligation to pay amounts to the eventual recipients unless it has collected equivalent amounts from the original asset, excluding short-term advances with the right to full recovery of the amount financed plus accrued profit at market rates:
- The Fund cannot sell or pledge the original asset other than as security to the eventual recipients: and
- The Fund has to remit any cash flows it collects on behalf of the eventual recipients without material delay. In addition, the Fund is not entitled to reinvest such cash flows, except for investments in cash or cash equivalents including profit earned, during the period between the collection date and the date of required remittance to the eventual recipients.

A transfer only qualifies for derecognition if either:

- The Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset

The Fund considers control to be transferred if, and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer

When the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards and has retained control of the asset, the asset continues to be recognised only to the extent of the Fund's continuing involvement, in which case, the Fund also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Fund has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration the Fund could be required to pay.

If continuing involvement takes the form of a written or purchased option (or both) on the transferred asset, the continuing involvement is measured at the value the Fund would be required to pay upon repurchase. In the case of a written put option on an asset that is measured at fair value, the extent of the entity's continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

e. Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis and to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Impairment of financial assets

Overview of the expected credit loss ("ECL") principles

The Fund measures its receivables impairment using the forward-looking ECL approach in accordance with the requirements of MFRS 9.

ii. Write-offs

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Fund has stopped pursuing the recovery. If the amount to be written off is greater than the accumulated loss allowance, the difference is first treated as an addition to the allowance that is then applied against the gross carrying amount. Any subsequent recoveries are credited to credit loss expense.

a. Income

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Profit income is recognised using the effective yield method.

Dividend income is recognised on declared basis, when the right to receive the dividend is established

The realised gain or loss on sale of Shariah-compliant investments is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the Shariah-compliant investments.

h. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash at banks and short term Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions with maturities of three months or less, which have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

i. Income tax

Income tax on the profit or loss for the financial period comprises current tax. Current tax is the expected amount of income taxes payable in respect of the taxable profit for the financial period.

As no temporary differences have been identified, no deferred tax has been recognised.

i. Unrealised reserves

Unrealised reserves represent the net gain or loss arising from carrying Shariahcompliant investments at their fair values at reporting date. This reserve is not distributable

k. Unit holders' contribution - NAV attributable to unit holders.

The unit holders' contribution to the Fund is classified as equity instruments.

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is also the Fund's functional currency.

m. Distributions

Distributions are at the discretion of the Manager. A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from retained earnings.

n. Significant accounting judgement and estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain accounting estimates and exercise of judgment. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on past experience, reasonable expectations of future events and other factors.

Critical judgments made in applying accounting policies

There are no major judgments made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies.

ii. Key sources of estimation uncertainty

There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period.

4. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

	30.6.2024 RM	30.6.2023 RM
Financial assets held for trading, at FVTPL: Listed Shariah-compliant equity securities	24,855,842	22,749,391
	1.1.2024 to 30.6.2024 RM	1.1.2023 to 30.6.2023 RM
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at FVTPL comprised:		
Realised loss on disposals	(445,871)	(304,692)
Unrealised changes in fair values	1,832,527	(848,283)
	1,386,656	(1,152,975)

Details of financial assets at FVTPL as at 30 June 2024:

	Quantity	Aggregate cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of NAV
Listed Shariah- compliant equity securities				,
Industrial Products and Services				
Nationgate Holdings Berhad Petronas Chemicals	244,400	372,930	447,252	1.8
Group Berhad Press Metal Aluminium	326,900	2,211,210	2,062,739	8.2
Holdings Berhad	429,700	2,254,845	2,475,072	9.9
Scientex Berhad	261,300	963,286	1,126,203	4.5
		5,802,271	6,111,266	24.4
Consumer Products and Services				
Farm Fresh Berhad	298,200	441,813	453,264	1.8
Nestle (Malaysia) Berhad	8,900	1,182,159	1,081,350	4.3
QL Resources Berhad	178,300	835,964	1,162,516	4.6
Sime Darby Berhad	814,700	2,003,309	2,134,514	8.5
		4,463,245	4,831,644	19.3
Plantation				
IOI Corporation Berhad Kuala Lumpur Kepong	293,000	1,175,733	1,084,100	4.3
Berhad	53,500	1,249,237	1,104,240	4.4
Ta Ann Holdings Berhad	294,900	1,118,954	1,123,569	4.5
United Plantations Berhad	45,200	629,851	1,107,400	4.4
		4,173,775	4,419,309	17.7

4. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONTD.)

Details of financial assets at FVTPL as at 30 June 2024 (contd.):

	Quantity	Aggregate cost RM	Fair value RM	Percentage of NAV %
Listed Shariah- compliant equity securities (contd.)				
Utilities Mega First Corporation Berhad Petronas Gas Berhad	235,600 125,600	944,865 2,190,293	1,109,676 2,238,192	4.4 8.9
retionas Gas Bernau	125,000	3.135.158	3.347.868	13.4
		0,100,100	0,041,000	10.4
Energy Dialog Group Berhad Hibiscus Petroleum	465,000	1,222,373	1,111,350	4.4
Berhad	424,440	1,087,664	988,945	4.0
		2,310,037	2,100,295	8.4
Technology CTOS Digital Berhad D & O Green	840,000	1,190,829	1,243,200	5.0
Technologies Berhad	176,600	707,739	646,356	2.6
		1,898,568	1,889,556	7.6
Property Eco World Development Group Berhad	741,500	800,200	1,112,250	4.4
Financial Service Syarikat Takaful Malaysia Keluarga Berhad	279,800	1,109,208	1,043,654	4.2
Total listed Shariah- compliant equity securities, representing total financial assets at FVTPL		23,692,462	24,855,842	99.4
Unrealised gain on financial assets at FVTPL			1,163,380	

5. MANAGER'S FEE

The Manager's fee is calculated on a daily basis at a rate not exceeding 3.00% per annum on the NAV of the Fund as provided under Clause 15.1(b) of the Deed.

The Manager is currently charging Manager's fee of 0.40% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (financial period from 1 January 2023 to 30 June 2023: 0.40% per annum).

6. TRUSTEE'S FEE

The Trustee's fee is calculated on a daily basis at a rate not exceeding 0.20% per annum on the NAV of the Fund and subject to a minimum fee of RM12,000 per annum as provided under Clause 15.2(b) of the Deed.

The Trustee's fee is currently calculated at 0.045% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (financial period from 1 January 2023 to 30 June 2023: 0.045% per annum).

7. INDEX LICENSE FEE

Index license fee is payable to MSCI Inc., the benchmark Index Provider.

The index license fee is currently calculated at 0.06% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (financial period from 1 January 2023 to 30 June 2023: 0.06% per annum).

8. INCOME TAX

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% of the estimated assessable income for the current and previous financial periods.

Income tax is calculated on investment income less partial deduction for permitted expenses as provided for under Section 63B of the Income Tax Act. 1967.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net income/(loss) before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	1.1.2024 to 30.6.2024 RM	1.1.2023 to 30.6.2023 RM
Net income/(loss) before tax	1,727,554	(870,257)
Tax at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (financial period from 1 January 2023 to 30 June 2023: 24%) Tax effect of:	414,613	(208,862)
Income not subject to tax	(547,585)	(107,042)
Losses not deductible for tax purposes	107,009	276,714
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	13,758	25,988
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for exchange-traded funds	12,205	13,202
Income tax for the financial period		

9. SHORT TERM ISLAMIC DEPOSITS

Short term Islamic deposits are held with licensed financial institutions in Malaysia at the prevailing profit rates.

10. OTHER RECEIVABLES

	30.6.2024 RM	30.6.2023 RM
Dividend receivable Profit receivable from short term Islamic deposits	55,411 48	34,112 51
·	55,459	34,163

11. OTHER PAYABLES

	30.6.2024 RM	30.6.2023 RM
Accrual for auditors' remuneration	10,659	24,482
Accrual for tax agent's fees	23,078	22,991
Sundry payables	90,049	129,138
	123,786	176,611

12. NET ASSET VALUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS

NAV attributable to unit holders is represented by:

	Note	30.6.2024 RM	30.6.2023 RM
Unit holders' contribution	(a) _	14,273,260	14,629,300
Retained earnings: Realised reserves Unrealised reserves/(deficits)	- -	9,575,785 1,163,380 10,739,165 25,012,425	10,307,533 (2,127,389) 8,180,144 22,809,444

12. NET ASSET VALUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS (CONTD.)

(a) Unit holders' contribution

	1.1.2024 to 30.6.2024 No. of units RM		1.1.2023 to No. of units	30.6.2023 RM
At beginning of the financial period Add: Creation of	19,900,000	14,273,260	19,900,000	14,288,440
units			300,000	340,860
At end of the financial period	19,900,000	14,273,260	20,200,000	14,629,300

The Manager, Eq8 Capital Sdn Bhd (formerly known as i-VCAP Management Sdn Bhd), and other parties related to the Manager did not hold any units in the Fund, either legally or beneficially, as at 30 June 2024 (30 June 2023; nil).

13. SHARIAH INFORMATION OF THE FUND

The Shariah Adviser confirmed that the investment portfolio of the Fund is Shariahcompliant, which comprises the following:

- a. Investment in equity securities listed on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad which have been classified as Shariah-compliant by the SACSC for the financial year under review: and
- b. Liquid assets in the local market, which have been placed in Shariah-compliant investments and/or instruments

14. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

PTR for the the financial period from 1 January 2024 to 30 June 2024 is 0.30 times (financial period from 1 January 2023 to 30 June 2023: 0.03 times).

PTR is the ratio of average sum of acquisitions and disposals of Shariah-compliant investments of the Fund for the financial period to the average NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

15. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

TER for the financial period from 1 January 2024 to 30 June 2024 is 0.51% per annum (financial period from 1 January 2023 to 30 June 2023: 0.27% per annum).

TER is the ratio of total fees and recovered expenses of the Fund expressed as a percentage of the Fund's average NAV, calculated on a daily basis.

16. TRANSACTIONS WITH LICENSED FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	Transaction value RM	Percentage of total %	Brokerage, stamp duty and clearing fee RM	Percentage of total %
Maybank Investment Bank				
Berhad	5,887,012	39.5	14,615	39.4
RHB Investment Bank				
Berhad	5,548,138	37.2	13,759	37.1
CGS-CIMB Securities Sdn				
Bhd	1,895,872	12.7	4,765	12.9
Affin Investment Berhad	943,350	6.3	2,359	6.4
CLSA Securities Malaysia				
Sdn Bhd	626,810	4.2	1,569	4.2
	14,901,182	100.0	37,067	100.0

The above transactions values are in respect of listed Shariah-compliant equity securities.

17. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

a. Business segments

In accordance with the objective of the Fund, the Fund can invest at least 90% of its NAV in listed Shariah-compliant investment securities which correspond to Benchmark Index and not more than 10% of its NAV in Islamic liquid assets. The following table provides an analysis of the Fund's revenue, results, assets and liabilities by business segments:

	Listed Shariah- compliant investment securities RM	Other Shariah- compliant investments RM	Total RM
1.1.2024 to 30.6.2024			
Revenue	4 000 704	5.004	
Segment income	1,830,701	5,031	
Segment expenses	(37,067)		
Net segment income representing			
segment results	1,793,634	5,031	1,798,665
Unallocated expenditure			(71,111)
Income before tax			1,727,554
Income tax			-
Net income after tax			1,727,554

17. SEGMENTAL REPORTING (CONTD.)

a. Business segments (contd.)

	Listed Shariah- compliant investment securities RM	Other Shariah- compliant investments RM	Total RM
30.6.2024 Assets Financial assets at FVTPL Short term Islamic deposits Other segment assets Total segment assets Unallocated assets	24,855,842 - 55,411 - 24,911,253	200,000 48 200,048	25,111,301 49,087 25,160,388
Liabilities Unallocated liabilities			147,963
1.1.2023 to 30.6.2023 Revenue Segment (loss)/income Segment expenses Net segment (loss)/income representing segment results Unallocated expenditure Loss before tax Income tax Net loss after tax	(709,649) (16,290) (725,939)	2,681 	(723,259) (146,999) (870,257) (870,257)
30.6.2023 Assets Financial assets at FVTPL Short term Islamic deposits Other segment assets Total segment assets Unallocated assets	22,749,391 - 34,112 - 22,783,503	163,000 51 163,051	22,946,554 54,818 23,001,372
Liabilities Unallocated liabilities			191,928

b. Geographical segments

As all of the Fund's investments are located in Malaysia, disclosure by geographical segments is not relevant.

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Classification of financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on their respective classification. The significant accounting policies in Note 3 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised.

The following table analyses the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Fund in the statement of financial position by the class of financial instruments to which they are assigned and therefore by the measurement basis.

	Financial assets at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Other financial liabilities RM	Total RM
30.6.2024				
Assets				
Listed Shariah-				
compliant equity securities	24,855,842	_	_	24,855,842
Short term Islamic	,,-			,,-
deposits	-	200,000	-	200,000
Other receivables	-	55,459	-	55,459
Cash at bank		49,087		49,087
	24,855,842	304,546		25,160,388
Liabilities				
Amount due to				
Manager	-	_	16,535	16,535
Amount due to				
Trustee	-	-	918	918
Amount due to Index				
Provider			6,724	6,724
			24,177	24,177

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTD.)

a. Classification of financial instruments (contd.)

	Financial assets at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Other financial liabilities RM	Total RM
30.6.2023 Assets Listed Shariah- compliant equity				
securities	22,749,391	-	-	22,749,391
Short term Islamic deposits	-	163,000	-	163,000
Other receivables	-	34,163	-	34,163
Cash at bank		54,818		54,818
	22,749,391	251,981		23,001,372
Liabilities Amount due to				
Manager	-	-	7,490	7,490
Amount due to Trustee Amount due to Index	-	-	986	986
Provider Provider	<u> </u>		6,841	6,841
			15,317	15,317

b. Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets at FVTPL are carried at fair value.

The following table shows the fair value measurements by level of the fair value measurement hierarchy:

	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
Investments: 30.6.2024 Listed Shariah- compliant equity	04.055.040			04.055.040
securities	24,855,842			24,855,842
30.6.2023 Listed Shariah- compliant equity securities	22,749,391			22,749,391

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTD.)

b. Financial instruments that are carried at fair value (contd.)

- Level 1: Listed prices in active market
- Level 2: Model with all significant inputs which are observable market data
- Level 3: Model with inputs not based on observable market data

The fair values of listed Shariah-compliant equity securities are determined by reference to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's last traded prices at reporting date.

c. Financial instruments not carried at fair value and for which their carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair value

The carrying amounts of the Fund's other financial assets and financial liabilities are not carried at fair value but approximate fair values due to the relatively short term maturity of these financial instruments.

19. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for creation and cancellation of units to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

- a. To invest in Shariah-compliant investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in its prospectus;
- b. To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet cancellation requests as they arise; and
- c. To maintain sufficient fund size to make the operations of the Fund cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes during the current and previous financial periods.

SHARIAH ADVISER'S PROFILE

Shariah Adviser

Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd ("Amanie")

Incorporated in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia in 2005 (Co. No. 200501007003 (684050-H)) under the Companies Act. 1965

Corporate Information

Principal Activities

Amanie is a Shariah advisory, consultancy, training and research and development boutique for institutional and corporate clientele focusing on Islamic financial services. Amanie is a registered Shariah adviser with the SC.

Amanie also focuses on organizational aspect of the development of human capital in Islamic finance worldwide through providing updated quality learning embracing both local and global issues on Islamic financial products and services.

Shareholding

The authorised & paid-up capital is RM500,000 divided into 500,000 shares of RM1.00 each.

The shareholders of Amanie are Tan Sri Dr Mohd Daud Bakar and En Abdul Aziz Bin Abd Jalal.

Experience as Adviser

The company is led by Tan Sri Dr. Mohd Daud Bakar and teamed by an active and established panel of consultants covering every aspect related to the Islamic banking and finance industry, both in Malaysia and the global market. Currently, the team comprises of nine (9) full-time consultants who represent dynamic and experienced professionals with a mixture of corporate finance, accounting, product development, Shariah law and education. As at 30 January 2024, Amanie has acquired over nineteen (19) years of experience in the advisory role in capital market including unit trust funds and funds management with more than 100 funds which Amanie acts as Shariah adviser.

Designated Person

: The designated person responsible for Shariah advisory matters of the Fund is Tan Sri Dr. Mohd Daud Bakar as the Chairman. Another consultant are:

(1) Puan Suhaida Mahpot

Conflict of interest with the Fund

The Shariah Adviser does not have any conflict of interest with the Fund

List of convictions for None offences within the past 5 years, other than traffic offences and any public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies durina the financial year

Amanie is backed by its own respective Shariah Team comprises of the following members:

Tan Sri Dr. Mohd Daud Bakar

Shariah Adviser / Executive Chairman

Tan Sri Dr. Mohd Daud Bakar is the Founder and Executive Chairman of Amanie Group. One of its flagship companies namely Amanie Advisors, is operating in few cities globally. He serves as the Chairman of the Shariah Advisory Council (SAC) at the Central Bank of Malaysia, the Securities Commission of Malaysia, the Labuan Financial Services Authority, the Astana International Financial Centre (AIFC), Kazakhstan, the First Abu Dhabi Bank, and Permodalan Nasional Berhad (PNB).

Tan Sri Dr Daud is also a Shariah board member of various global financial institutions, including the National Bank of Oman (Oman), Amundi Asset Management (France), Bank of London and Middle East (London), BNP Paribas Naima (Bahrain), Natixis Bank (Dubai), Morgan Stanley (Dubai), Sedco Capital (Saudi and Luxembourg), and Dow Jones Islamic Market Index (New York) amongst many others.

Currently. Tan Sri serves as the Chairman of Federal Territory Islamic Religious Department [Mailis Agama Islam Persekutuan (MAIWP)]. In the corporate world, he is currently a member of the PNB Investment Committee. Previously, he served as a Board Director at Sime Darby Property Berhad and Chairman to Malaysia Islamic Economic Development Foundation (YaPEIM). In addition, he is the co-founder of Experts Analytics Centre Sdn Bhd and MyFinB Sdn. Bhd. He also serve as the Chairman of Berry Pay Sdn. Bhd., Data Sukan Consulting Sdn. Bhd., Bio Fluid Sdn. Bhd., KAB Gold Dynamics Sdn. Bhd., Bio-Angle Vacs Sdn. Bhd., Tulus Digital Sdn. Bhd., and Amanie-Afra Halal Capital Co (Bangkok). He is currently the 8th President of the International Islamic University of Malaysia (IIUM).

In 2014, he received the "Most Outstanding Individual" award by His Majesty, the King of Malaysia. in conjunction with the national-level Prophet Muhammad's birthday. Under his leadership, Amanie Advisors received the "Islamic Economy Knowledge Infrastructure Award" at the Global Islamic Economy Summit, Dubai 2015, by His Highness Sheikh Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum, Vice President and Prime Minister of the UAE and Ruler of Dubai, Oct 2015. On 13 November 2021, he was conferred the Darjah Kebesaran Panglima Setia Mahkota (P.S.M.) which carries the title of "Tan Sri"

He received his first degree in Shariah from University of Kuwait in 1988 and obtained his PhD from University of St. Andrews. United Kingdom in 1993. In 2002, he completed his external Bachelor of Jurisprudence at University of Malaya.

Tan Sri's first book entitled "Shariah Minds in Islamic Finance: An Inside Story of A Shariah Scholar" has won the "Islamic Finance Book of the Year 2016" by the Global Islamic Finance Award (GIFA) 2016. Then, his book on sukuk entitled "An Insightful Journey to Emirates Airline Sukuk: Pushing The Boundaries of Islamic Finance" has also won the "Best Islamic Finance Case 2017" by the GIFA 2017 in Kazakhstan. To date. Tan Sri has been authoring 28 books with different genre.

His latest books include Insyirah: Kelapangan Hati dan Minda (Feb 2021) novel, Kembara Ilmu Dari Sq Korok ke St Andrews (Jan 2021), Covid 25: Kapsul Kehidupan dan Makhluk Mistik (2020) novel, Dhuha: Cahaya Paqi Yang Terang (2020) novel, Mindset Is Everything (2019), The Hard Truth Of Islamic Finance (2019), Ratiocination In Islamic Legal Theory (2019), and Corporate Matrimony (2019), Dukun Kegagalan (2019), Engsel Kehidupan (2019) and Sosialisasi Fekah Dalam Struktur Masyarakat (2019).

His other books include I Have 25 Hours A Day: The Smart Way to Create More Time (2016), Mainstreaming Islamic Finance: Unveiling The Critical Success and Failure Factors An Insider And Global Perspective (2018), Saya Ada 25 Jam Sehari (2016), Be The Eagle Amongst The Birds (2018), Shariah is Life (2018), PULUN (2018), Anak Desa ke Persada Antarabangsa (2018), and Membumikan Syariah: Menjelajahi Dimensi Syariah Secara 360 Darjah (2018).

Suhaida Mahpot

Chief Executive Officer

Suhaida Mahpot is the Chief Executive Officer for Amanie Advisors in Kuala Lumpur office. She joined Amanie in 2008 and was amongst the pioneers in the company. She is a specialist in sukuk advisory and has been partnering with Tan Sri Dr Mohd Daud Bakar for the last 10 years to advise numerous sukuk locally and internationally.

One of the sukuk advised by her has been awarded as Best Securitisation Sukuk at The Asset Triple A Islamic Finance Award (2017). Apart from sukuk advisory, her primarily focus is on Shariah governance, structuring, enhancement and conversion exercises, establishment of Islamic financial entities as well as development of Islamic products. She holds a Bachelor of Economics (Islamic Economic & Finance) from International Islamic University Malaysia, and currently pursuing MSc in Islamic Finance with INCEIF. Her career in banking & financial industry started as a trainee under Capital Market Graduated Trainee Scheme organized by the SC.

Prior to joining Amanie, she worked with Affin Investment Bank Bhd since 2006 as an executive for debt & capital markets department. She completed various project financing deals using private debt securities instruments ranging from infrastructure & utilities, real estate, plantation and many others.

TRUSTEE'S DELEGATE

The trustee has appointed Deutsche Bank (Malaysia) Berhad ("DBMB") as the custodian of the Fund assets. DBMB is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Deutsche Bank AG. DBMB offers its clients access to a growing domestic custody network that covers over 30 markets globally and a unique combination of local expertise backed by the resources of a global bank. In its capacity as the appointed custodian. DBMB's roles encompass safekeeping of the Fund assets, trade settlement management, corporate actions notification and processing, securities holding and cash flow reporting, and income collection and processing. All investments of the Fund are registered in the name of the Trustee for the Fund, or where the custodial function is delegated, in the name of the custodian to the order of the Trustee for the Fund. As custodian, DBMB shall act only in accordance with instructions from the Trustee





Investor Services Center

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